

KENYA INSTITUTE OF CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT



PRE PRIMARY PP1

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FOREWARD

The Basic Education Curriculum Framework (BECF) outlines the vision and mission for the curriculum reforms. The Vision of the curriculum reforms is to develop "an engaged, an empowered and ethical citizen "while the mission is to "to nurture the potential of every learner".

The framework adopts a Competency Based Curriculum and has identified seven core competences, namely; communication and collaboration, critical thinking and problem solving, creativity and imagination, citizenship, digital literacy, learning to learn, and self-efficacy. It provides a variety of opportunities for identification and nurturing of learner's potentials and talents in preparation for life and the world of work. It is geared towards making learning enjoyable.

The curriculum designs are developed to enable implementation of the Basic Education Curriculum Framework. The design contains the National Goals of Education, outlines the Early Years Education (EYE), subject general and specific learning outcomes. It also suggests a variety of learning experiences, assessment, resources and links the topics to values, Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCI) and to other subjects.

It is my hope that all educators in Early Years Education level will anchor their delivery of Basic and Teacher education on these Curriculum Designs.

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NATIONAL GOALS OF EDUCATION

1. Foster nationalism, patriotism, and promote national unity

Kenya's people belong to different communities, races and religions and should be able to live and interact as one people. Education should enable the learner acquire a sense of nationhood and patriotism. It should also promote peace and harmonious co-existence.

2. Promote social, economic, technological and industrial needs for national development

Education should prepare the learner to play an effective and productive role in the nation.

a) Social Needs

Education should instil social and adaptive skills in the learner for effective participation in the family, community, national, regional and international development.

b) Economic Needs

Education should prepare the learner with requisite competences that support a modern and independent growing economy. This should translate into high standards of living for every individual.

c) Technological and Industrial Needs

Education should develop in the learner necessary competences for technological and industrial development for the nation in tandem with global trends.

3. Promote individual development and self-fulfillment

Education should provide opportunities for the learner to develop to the fullest potential. This includes development of one's interests, talents and character for positive contribution to the society.

4 Promote sound moral and religious values

Education should promote acquisition of national values as enshrined in the Kenya Constitution. It should be geared towards developing a self-disciplined and ethical citizen with sound moral and religious values.

5. Promote social equity and responsibility

Education should promote social equity and responsibility. It should provide inclusive and equitable access to quality and differentiated education; including learners with special educational needs and disabilities. Education should also provide the learner with opportunities for shared responsibility and accountability through community service learning.

6. Promote respect for and development of Kenya's rich and varied cultures

Education should instil in the learner appreciation of Kenya's rich and diverse cultural heritage. The learner should value own and respect other people's culture as well as embrace positive cultural practices in a dynamic society.

7. Promote international consciousness and foster positive attitudes towards other nations

Kenya is part of the interdependent network of diverse peoples and nations. Education should empower the learner to respect, appreciate and participate in the opportunities within the international community. Education should also enable the learner to operate within the international community with full knowledge of the obligations, responsibilities, rights and benefits that this membership entails.

8. Promote positive attitudes towards good health and environmental protection

Education should inculcate in the learner the value of physical and psychological well-being for self and others. It should promote environmental preservation and conservation, including animal welfare, for sustainable development.

GENERAL LEARNING OUTCOMES FOR EARLY YEARS EDUCATION

By end of Early Years Education, the learner should be able to:

- 1. Communicate appropriately using verbal and/or non-verbal modes in a variety of contexts
- 2. Demonstrate basic literacy and numeracy skills for learning
- 3. Apply digital literacy skills for learning and enjoyment
- 4. Apply creative and critical thinking skills in problem solving
- 5. Practice hygiene, nutrition, sanitation, safety and nutrition to promote health and well being
- 6. Practice appropriate etiquette for interpersonal relationships
- 7. Explore the immediate environment for learning and enjoyment
- 8. Demonstrate acquisition of emotional, physical, spiritual, aesthetic and moral development
- 9. Demonstrate appreciation of the country and its rich, diverse cultural heritage for harmonious living for balanced living

INTRODUCTION

The Pre-primary curriculum design has been developed to embrace the competence based learning approach as stipulated in the basic education curriculum frame-work (BECF). The curriculum design is available in two volumes which cater for children at the pre-primary level in the country. It has been divided into two levels: Level I (*pre-primary 1*) for children aged four years and Level II (*pre-primary 2*) for children aged five years. The curriculum covers the following learning areas: Language, Mathematical, Environmental, Psychomotor and Creative and Religious Education activity areas.

Each learning activity area has both the general and specific learning outcomes clearly stipulated. The learning experiences and the key inquiry questions have also been provided specifically to give guidance to the users during the curriculum delivery process.

The curriculum has clearly identified core competences to be acquired by learners as they engage in activities in different learning areas. These core competences include: communication and collaboration, critical thinking and problem solving, imagination and creativity, citizenship, digital literacy, learning to learn and self-efficacy.

Pertinent and contemporary issues (PCIs) have been integrated into the curriculum design to prepare learners for the ever changing society specifically in order to address the changing needs of the society and ensure the learner's safety. These include life skills development through storytelling, living values, moral values and social responsibility.

This curriculum emphasizes hands-on experiences as learners manipulate real objects and models. Interaction with nature is also emphasized whereby learners are encouraged to observe living and non-living things in their immediate surroundings as well as during nature walk, field trips or visits to places of interest.

The curriculum emphasizes holistic development of the learner. This can be achieved by embracing the thematic integrated learning approach which is ideal for teaching learners in their formative stage of development. The themes are derived from things and situations that learners are likely to interact with in everyday life. Each theme is expected to cuts across all the activity areas. Learning at the pre- primary level is expected to be flexible hence a theme may be interrupted to enable learners use an emerging situation as the learning theme for the period.

1. MYSELF

- Parts of the body
- My clothes
- My friends

2. FAMILY

- Family members
- Clothes worn by family members
- Foods eaten

3. OUR HOME

- Our house
- Buildings
- Utensils
- Animals
- Furniture
- Work done
- Plants found at home

5. OUR SHOOL

- Our class
- Buildings and structures at school
- People found at school
- Things found at school
- Animals
- Work done
- Plants found at school

SUGGESTED TIME ALLOCATION FOR ACTIVITY AREAS PER WEEK

#	ACTIVITY AREA	LESSONS
1.	Language Activities	5
2.	Mathematical Activities	5
3.	Environmental Activities	5
4.	Psychomotor and Creative Activities	8
5.	Religious Education Activities	1
6.	Pastoral Programmes of Instruction (PPI)	1
	Total	25

Note:

- 1. The time allocated for each activity area is 30 minutes.
- 2. There should 5 lessons for psychomotor activities (Outdoor) at least each day. The other three lessons under psychomotor and creative activities are shared among Music, Art and Crafts

LANGUAGE ACTIVITIES

Essence Statement

Language is a medium of communication. At the pre-primary level, children will be involved in activities that enhance the ability to become active listeners and speakers in diverse situations as well as express their feelings, ideas and opinions clearly and with confidence. In addition, learners will be involved in reading readiness and writing readiness activities in order to lay a good foundation for formal reading and writing instruction in grade one.

Subject General Learning Outcomes

By the end of Early Years Education, the learner should be able to:

- a) Develop appropriate listening skills from varied experiences to enrich their ability to communicate.
- b) Express own opinions, ideas and feelings creatively freely and confidently in varied situations as they appreciate others.
- c) Participate in conversation using appropriate verbal and non-verbal language in their everyday experiences.
- d) Articulate letter sounds correctly in preparation for reading.
- e) Develop appropriate reading readiness skills in varied learning experiences.
- f) Apply appropriate writing readiness skills in varied learning experiences.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific learning ou	tcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question
1.0 LISTENING	1.1 Common greetings and farewell. (2HRS)	 By the end of the sublearner should be ablearner should be ablearner should be ablearner should be ablearner should appropring related greetings at home appropring the school. c) Respond appropriation and at school. d) Respond approprime with reference to and at school. e) Enjoy responding greetings and farmand at school. 	e to: iately to general e and at school. iately to time at home and at iately to farewell chool. iately to farewell time at home g appropriately to	 Learners could observe and imitate greetings and farewell. In pairs learners could be asked to practise greeting and bidding farewell. Learners could listen to songs, poems and rhymes on general and time related greetings and farewell. Learners could be encouraged to respond to greetings every morning and respond to farewell whenever need arises. Learners could be encouraged to respond to each other's greetings and farewell and respond to visitors' 'greetings and farewell whenever an opportunity arises'. Learners could observe pictures and charts of people greeting that are displayed on walls. Learners could listen to and watch clips of people greeting and bidding farewell. Learners could be encouraged to pay attention to other greeting and farewell opportunities that arise at home and at school. 	 Who do you meet every day? What time is it likely to happen? How do you greet them at that time?
Core-competence	developed: Communi	cation and collaboratio	on, d igital literacy		
Link to PCI: Citizenship: social cohesion Life skills: Interpersonal relationships, effective		Link to Values:	Respect, unity, love		
communication		ffective			
Citizenship: Peace Link to other Acti	vity Areas: Environm	ental and Social	Suggested Comr	nunity Service Learning	

Activities, Psychomotor and Creative Activities.	Arrange for the learners to listen and respond to parents greetings during the school open day. The learners will also greet and respond to parents greetings and bid parents farewell after the function
Non- Formal Activity to support learning through application In groups learners role play greeting and bidding farewell. Learners should be encouraged to pay attention to each other and respond appropriately.	Suggested Assessment Oral questions, observations, portfolio
č 1 i	vices

Exceeds expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaching expectation	Below Expectation
The learner always listens efficiently	The learner consistently listens	Appears to listen carefully but	The learner consistently has
and consistently responds to	carefully and is able to respond to	is not able to respond	difficulty listening and responding
greetings and farewell using a	greetings and farewell appropriately	appropriately to greetings and	to greetings and bidding farewell
variety of relevant responses e.g.	both verbally and non-verbally. E.g.	farewell.	both verbally and non-verbally.
Hello Teacher, Good Morning	Hello, Good Morning, Good bye.		
teacher, Good bye Teacher.			

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question
1.0 LISTENING	1.2 Listening for enjoyment (2HRS)	 By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) Respond appropriately to a variety of listening experiences in and out of class. b) Demonstrate enjoyment in a variety of listening experiences. 	 Learners could be involved in listening to recorded songs, poems and rhymes and be guided to imitate. Learners could be asked to record clips of their own activities and view them in class. The activities may include learners singing, telling stories, reciting poems and rhymes. Learners could listen to short and 	 What do children enjoy listening to? What makes listening interesting/enjoy able?

Core-competence developed: Digital literacy, communication and collaboration	 interesting stories while mimicking some characters in the story. Learners could be encouraged to sing or dance in response to instrumental music. Learners could be encouraged to enjoy the listening experiences by using tone variation, puppets, pictures, costumes, animated stories, musical instruments among others. Learners could be asked to listen to short stories from a selected resource person, about things in the immediate environment e.g trees, animals and people and be encouraged to ask, answer questions or retell parts of the story.
Link to PCI: Citizenship: Social cohesion	Link to values: Respect, love, unity, patriotism
Life skills: Effective communication, self esteem	
Link to other Activity Areas: Environmental and Social Activities, Psychomotor and Creative Activities	Suggested Community Service Learning Organise for a school music day where parents are invited. Learners could dance and listen to a variety of songs and instrumental music. They could also listen to stories told by parents for enjoyment.
Suggested Non- Formal Activity to support learning through application	Suggested assessment: Oral questions, observations,
Organise for a class fun-day for learners to dance as they listen to recorded songs and instrumental music for fun. Learners could dress in singing costumes and play simple musical instruments.	portfolio
Teaching/Learning Resources: ICT devices, costumes, pictures, musical instruments, programmes	ouppets, animated stories, realia, resource person, radio

Exceeds expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches expectation	Below Expectation
Consistently pays attention, responds	Responds by dancing to rhythm, and	Responds to dance and rhythm	Appears to listen but makes
with a variety of actions, dances to	sustains attention when listening to	but does not sustain attention.	inaccurate responses.
rhythm and asks questions about the	the stories.		
story.			

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning experiences	Inquiry Questions
1.0 LISTENING	1.3 Active Listening (2HRS)	 By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) Respond to simple instructions in and out of class. b) Take turns during conversations in and out of school. c) Take pleasure in responding to simple instructions in and out of class. d) Enjoy taking turns in a conversation in and out of school. 	 In pairs or small groups, learners could tell news in turns while others are listening. Learners could view recorded content using ICT devices and be guided to mimic/imitate. Learners could be given simple instructions and encouraged to respond. In pairs or small groups, learners could be guided to take turns in conversations. Learners should be encouraged to answer simple questions during conversations. Learners could be guided to ask questions during conversations. Learners could record clips of their own conversations and be encouraged to view them while receiving positive feedback. Learners could be asked to retell what others have said in a conversation. Learners could be guided to appreciate the contribution of others during conversations. 	 How do you show interest in a conversation? When should you speak during a conversation? How do you seek clarification in a conversation? How can learners be guided to take turns in a conversation? What activities are fun for learners to listen to?

	Teaching/Learning Resources: Recorded audio and video clips, ICT devices, realia, musical instruments, costumes			
wear appropriate attire /costumes for the story being narrated.				
encouraged to participate as the story is narrated. Selected learners could al	*			
Organise for a story telling session by a resource person. Learners could be	portfolio			
Suggested Non- Formal Activity to support learning through application	n Suggested Assessment: Oral questions, observation,			
	out interesting episodes.			
	story involves the learners in mimicking, singing and acting			
	them a story with repeated scenes. The person telling the			
Activities, Religious Activities	Learners to have their parents or other family members tell			
Link to other Activity Areas: Environmental and Social Activities, Creativ	/e Suggested Community Service Learning/			
Life skills: Effective communication				
Link to PCI: Citizenship: Social cohesion	Link to values: respect, peace, love, unity			
Core-competence developed: Communication and collaboration, digital lite	eracy, learning to learn			
	take turns during conversations.			
	• Learners could be guided on how to			
	taking in conversations.			
	and imitate demonstrations of turn			
	• Learners could be asked to observe			
	taking.			
	poems and rhymes that involve turn			
	involved in verbal games, songs,			
	• In small groups, learners could be			

Exceeds expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaching expectation	Below Expectation
Responds to simple instructions	Responds to most simple instructions	Responds to some simple	With guidance responds to a few
and consistently takes turns in a	and most of the times takes turns in a	instructions and takes turns in a	simple instructions but does not
conversation with variations.	conversation.	conversation sometimes.	take turns in conversations.

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning experiences	Inquiry Questions				
1.0 LISTENING	1.4 Passing information (1HR) nce developed	 By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) Convey verbal messages effectively in and out of class b) Listen to information attentively for effective communication in and out o class. c) Experience pleasure in passing verbal messages in and out of class. 	 Learners could participate in activities that involve conveying messages to other learners or to teachers e.g. telephone games. In pairs and small groups, 	 Inquiry Questions What opportunities arise for children to pass verbal information? How can children be involved in passing verbal messages? What activities prepare learners to listen attentively? 				
		learning to learn, digital literacy	Link to Walness Despect geographility in	to original				
	Citizen: Social integ ective communicati		Link to Values: Respect, responsibility, in	negrity				
Link to other Activity Areas Environmental and Social Activities		Suggested Community Service Learning Organise for a message delivery activity w take a verbal message home with instruction bring feedback.	here the teacher sends a learner to					
application Learners invite school for a sto	bry telling session of	other classes within the ganized for their class	Suggested assessment: Oral questions, ob	•				
i eaching/Leai	rning Kesources: V	vnisper games, ICT devices, local	Feaching/Learning Resources: Whisper games, ICT devices, locally made telephone, masks, puppets, costumes, realia					

Exceeds expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaching expectation	Below Expectation
Listens effectively and	Listens attentively most of the time	Listens attentively sometimes but	Listens with guidance, but fails to
consistently delivers a	and delivers slightly related but not	delivers a distorted message.	deliver message.
precise message.	fully accurate messages.		

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning experiences Inquiry Questions
1.0 LISTENING	1.5 Auditory discrimination (1HR)	 By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) Recognize sounds in the environment. b) Respond appropriately to sounds in the environment. c) Enjoy listening to sounds in the environment. 	 Learners could be engaged in activities involving responding to school bells, alarms, sirens, whistles, phone ringing, hooting among others. Learners could be guided to go I. What are the common sounds in the environment? What sounds do different animals produce? Which sounds in the school environment call for
Core-competence dev Link to PCI: Citizens	- V	learn, digital literacy	Link to Values: Respect, Responsibility(e.g. responding to
ESD: Environmental awareness			bells, alarms)
Link to other subject	ts:		Suggested Community Service Learning
Environmental and So	cial Activities.		Arrange for learners to present a singing game incorporating auditory
Psychomotor and Crea	ative Activities.		liscrimination in a community function.

Suggested Non- Formal Activity to support learning through application Learners take a nature walk within the school environment. They identify and imitate various sounds in the environment.	Suggested assessment: Oral questions, portfolio, observation
Teaching/Learning Resources: ICT devices, bells, whistle, letter sound g	games, realia.

Exceeds expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaching expectation	Below Expectation
Consistently identifies, imitates and	Recognizes, imitates and	Identifies, imitates and responds	With guidance, identifies some
responds appropriately to sounds in	responds appropriately to	appropriately sometimes.	sounds and responds to a few sounds
the environment.	sounds the environment.		in the environment.

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific learning Outcomes	Su	ggested Learning experiences	In	quiry Questions
1.0 LISTENING	1.6 Auditory Memory (5HRS)	 By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) Recall a variety of sounds in the environment. b) Recall letter sounds in class. c) Take pleasure in listening to sounds in the environment. 	• • • •	Learners could be exposed to a variety of sounds in the environment and be encouraged to recall the sounds they heard. Learners could listen to letter sound, audio clips and articulate the letter sounds. In pairs and small groups, learners could be engaged in language games e.g. letter sounds, letter names and fishing games. Learners could participate in conversations by exploring their prior experience. Learners could be guided to say what they heard at home or on the way to school.	1. 2. 3.	
Core-compete	nce developed:	Communication and collaboration, lea	rnin	g to learn, digital literacy.		
	Citizen: Social i	e		Link to Values: Unity, responsibility		
Life skills: Eff	ective commun	ication, critical thinking.				
Links to other Environmental	Activity Areas and Social Act			Suggested Community Service Learning Arrange for children to present a singing gar memory in a community function.	me i	ncorporating auditory
00		vity to support learning through animal orphanage where the teacher		Suggested assessment: oral questions, obse	rvat	ions, portfolio

encourages them to listen to sounds made by different animals. They are	
then guided to recall the sounds made by various animals.	
Teaching/Learning Resources: Electronic devices, flash cards, audio clips,	, realia

Exceeds expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaching expectation	Below Expectation
Recalls all sounds in the environment, letters of the alphabet and letter sounds.	Recalls most sounds in the environment, letters of the alphabet and letter sounds.	Recalls some sounds in the environment, letters of the alphabet and letter sounds.	With guidance, can recall a few sounds in the environment but is not able to recall letters of the alphabet and letter sounds.

Strand	Sub-strand	Suggested learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key Inquiry questions
2.0 SPEAKING	2.1 Common general and time-related greetings and farewell (2HRS)	 By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) Use a range of words for general greetings in school and at home. b) Greet people verbally with reference to time at home and at school. c) Bid people farewell using appropriate words at home and at school. d) Take pleasure in greeting and bidding farewell at home and at school. 	 Learners could listen to a radio program on general and time related greetings and farewell and be guided to imitate. In pairs or small groups, learners could practice using general and time related greetings and farewell. Learners could observe pictures or charts on greetings and farewell and practice greeting and bidding farewell. Learners could be encouraged to respond to greetings and farewell using verbal and non-verbal language at relevant times. Learners could be guided to greet and bid farewell to visitors who come to class. Learners could be asked to greet and bid farewell to visitors and family 	 What opportunities arise for greetings and bidding farewell at home and at school? Who do you greet at home and at school? How do you greet people at different times of the day? How do you bid people farewell?

Core-competence developed: Digital literacy, communication and col Link to PCI: Citizenship: Social integration Life skills: Effective communication	members at home using appropriate words. • Learners could be encouraged to listen to and imitate general and time related greetings and farewell presented on video clips. • Learners could practise general and time related greetings and farewell presented on video clips. • Learners could practise general and time related greetings and farewell through role playing communication with locally made phones. laboration, learning to learn Link to Values: Peace, unity, respect
Link to other activity areas: Environmental and Social Activities,	Suggested community service learningOrganise for a school music day where parents are invited.Learners welcome visitors by greeting them as they arrive forthe day and bid them farewell after the event.
Suggested Non-formal activity to support learning through applica Arrange for a visit to another class and practice appropriate ways of gree bidding farewell.	beting and
Teaching/Learning Resources: Recorded clips, phones, pictures, reali	a, charts, radio programs

Exceeds expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaching expectation	Below Expectation
Consistently greets and bids farewell appropriately using a variety of general as well as time related	Appropriately greets and bids farewell using a range of words for greeting and bidding farewell at	Greets and bids farewell but with a limited range of words.	Attempts to greet and bid farewell with guidance
greetings and farewell.	different times of the day.		

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry questions
SPEAKING	2.2 Self-expression (2HRS)	 By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) Express own needs at home and at school. b) Express emotions and feelings appropriately at home and at school. c) Use appropriate vocabulary to express feelings and emotions in school and at home. d) Use appropriate vocabulary to express own needs in school and at home. e) Enjoy expressing themselves verbally at home and in school. 	 Learners could be involved in activities for recognizing emotions. Learners could name various emotions after observing a demonstration of variety of emotions. Learners could be encouraged to talk about how they feel and be appreciated for expressing their feelings and emotions appropriately. Learners could be guided to sing and act out different emotions. Learners could be asked to look at pictures depicting different feelings and emotions and identify them. Learners could sing songs and recite poems and rhymes on feelings and emotions In pairs and small groups, learners could practice expressing needs, feelings and emotions and rother. Learners could observe or listen to the teacher expressing himself or herself. Learners could be encouraged to express themselves in school and at home. Learners could view video clips depicting various emotions and feelings and talk about them. 	 How do we implore children to express themselves? What is the appropriate way of expressing feelings and emotions?

 Learners could view clips showing words that are used to express feelings and emotions e.g happy, sad, tired and lonely, enjoy, on wall charts. Learners could view video clips on inappropriate means of expressing emotions, feelings and needs such as grabbing, shouting, crying, fighting and be guided not to use such means. Core-competence developed: Digital literacy, communication and collaboration, learning to learn Link to PCI: Citizenship: Social integration Link to Values: Unity, peace, conflict resolution.
Core-competence developed: Digital literacy, communication and collaboration, learning to learn Link to PCI: Citizenship: Social integration
e.g happy, sad, tired and lonely, enjoy, on wall charts. • Learners could view video clips on inappropriate means of expressing emotions, feelings and needs such as grabbing, shouting, crying, fighting and be guided not to use such means. Core-competence developed: Digital literacy, communication and collaboration, learning to learn Link to PCI: Citizenship: Social integration Link to Values: Unity, peace, conflict resolution.
enjoy, on wall charts. enjoy, on wall charts. Learners could view video clips on inappropriate means of expressing emotions, feelings and needs such as grabbing, shouting, crying, fighting and be guided not to use such means. Core-competence developed: Digital literacy, communication and collaboration, learning to learn Link to PCI: Citizenship: Social integration
 Learners could view video clips on inappropriate means of expressing emotions, feelings and needs such as grabbing, shouting, crying, fighting and be guided not to use such means. Core-competence developed: Digital literacy, communication and collaboration, learning to learn Link to PCI: Citizenship: Social integration Link to Values: Unity, peace, conflict resolution.
Core-competence developed: Digital literacy, communication and collaboration, learning to learn Link to PCI: Citizenship: Social integration
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Core-competence developed: Digital literacy, communication and collaboration, learning to learn Link to PCI: Citizenship: Social integration Link to Values: Unity, peace, conflict resolution.
Link to PCI: Citizenship: Social integration Link to Values: Unity, peace, conflict resolution.
LIE SKIIS. ENCOUVE COMMUNICATION
Link to other activity areas: Suggested community service learning
Environmental and Social Activities, Religious Activities During a child's birthday, learners could be encouraged to join in the
celebrations and be asked to talk about how they feel and express
themselves using various activities.
Suggested Non-formal activity to support learning through Suggested assessment: Oral questions, observations, portfolio
application: Learners express themselves by presenting activities such as
songs, poems, rhymes or narratives at the school assembly.
Teaching/learning resources: Costumes, realia, masks, charts, pictures, video clips, ICT devices

Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaching expectation	Below expectation
Consistently expresses her /his needs,	Uses appropriate vocabulary	Expresses needs and	With guidance can express her/his needs
feelings and emotions using a variety	to express her/his needs,	emotions using appropriate	and emotions but has difficulty using
of appropriate vocabulary.	feelings and emotions most of	vocabulary sometimes.	appropriate vocabulary.
	the time.		

Strand	Sub-strands	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry questions
SPEAKING	2.3 Polite language (2HRS)	 By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) Use appropriate vocabulary when making requests at home and at school. b) Use appropriate vocabulary when appreciating others at home and at school. c) Experience pleasure in making requests at home and at school. d) Take pleasure in appreciating others when need arises. 	 Learners could imitate making verbal requests (<i>e.g. please, thank you</i>) <i>after</i> watching a demonstration. In pairs or small groups, learners could practice making requests and appreciating others. Learners could listen to stories that incorporate making requests and appreciating others. In pairs, learners could role play making requests and appreciating others. Learners could be guided to deliberately model the habit of making requests and appreciating others as need arises. Learners could be encouraged to make requests and appreciate others during relevant situations in school and at home. Learners could view video clips on request and appreciation. 	 What do we say when requesting for something? What do we say when we receive something from somebody? What situations arise in and out of class to make requests and appreciate others?
core competence deve	Topour Digital Includy, C			

collaboration,			
Link to PCI: Citizen: Social integration	Link to Values: Peace, unity, respect.		
Life skills: Effective communication, knowing and living with self			
Link to other activity areas:	Suggested community service learning		
Environmental and Social Activities, Religious Activities	A trip to the shops: Learners could be guided to practise making		
	requests and appreciation when buying at the shop.		
Suggested Non-formal activity to support learning through application	Suggested assessment: Oral questions, observations, portfolio		
Organise for an inter-class outdoor activity where they share various			
playing materials. Encourage learners to request for materials appropriately			
and to make appreciation as need arises.			
Teaching/Learning Resources: ICT devices, video clips, realia, pictures, charts			

Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaching expectation	Below expectation
Consistently makes request, uses	Makes request, uses courteous	Makes requests and	With guidance, uses some vocabulary for making requests and appreciates others.
courteous expressions and appreciates	expressions and appreciates others	appreciates others but	
others using a variety of vocabulary.	using a variety of vocabulary.	with limited vocabulary	

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry questions
2.0 SPEAKING	2.4 Audience Awareness	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to:	• Learners could record pieces of their own voices and be asked to listen and	1. How should I speak to someone who is
	(2HRS)	a) Demonstrate awareness of own voice in and out	identify own voice, be guided to project and vary their voices appropriately.	near?
		of class.b) Speak clearly when talking to others in and out of class.	• Learners could be encouraged to listen to recorded pieces of other children's voices and comment on how they vary their voice when singing songs, telling	2. What should I do to my voice when the person I am speaking to moves away from
		 c) Speak loudly enough for the audience to hear in school and at home d) Experience pleasure in varying own voice when 	 stories and reciting poems or rhymes. Learners could be encouraged to project their voice when reporting an offence e.g. when reporting an offence to the teacher. 	me?3. What should I do to my voice for him/her to hear if he/she

	•	In pairs, learners could practise speech activities whereby the distance between the speaker and the listener is varied. The speaker is encouraged to vary his or her own voice accordingly to meet the needs of the listener. Learners could listen to a radio or other recorded audio clips. The volume could be deliberately raised or lowered and the learners encouraged to say how this affects their hearing. Individually and in groups, learners could be involved in presenting songs, poems and rhymes in class and during parade.	continues to move further away?
Core competence developed: Digital literacy	•		
Link to PCI: Citizenship: Social integration Life skills: Effective communication, self-aw		Link to Values: Unity, Peace	
		Suggested community service learning	
Link to other activity areas: Psychomotor a Environmental and Social Activities.	and Creative Activities,	Take the Learners to a function (such as a	wedding or national
Environmental and Social Activities.		celebration). Involve them in presenting so	
		the gathering.	<i>0</i> , r
Suggested Non-formal activity to support l	learning through application	Suggested assessment: oral questions, ob	servation, portfolio
Learners make a variety of presentations such	h as songs, poems or rhymes or		
narratives at the school assembly.			
Teaching/Learning Resources: Recorded au	udio clips of children's voices, ra	adio, costumes, masks	

Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaching expectation	Below expectation
Consistently projects and varies own	Speaks with appropriate	Controls own voice and is able to	Attempts to control own voice but
voice efficiently.	projection and variation.	project and vary own voice most	does not know how to project or
		of the time.	vary own voice.

Strand Sub-strand	Specific learning outcom		Key inquiry questions
2.0 SPEAKING 2.5 Passing info (1HR)		 I. Learners could be encouraged to talk to each other or to the teacher about themselves. I. Learners could deliver verbal messages to other learners or to teachers in the school and be appreciated when they convey the messages effectively. In pairs or small groups, learners could tell and retell news and 	 What do learners talk about in class or in school? What do learners like to tell the teacher about? What opportunities arise for learners to talk to each other? What do learners enjoy talking about? What do learners like to talk to each other about?
Core competence developed: Digital	l literacy, communication and collabora	•	1
Link to PCI: Citizenship: Social integration Life skills: Effective communication,	gration	Link to Values: Unity.	
Link to other activity areas: Environmental and Social Activities.		Suggested community service learningTake the learners for a visit to a neighborin	g school. After the visit,

	engage the learners in talking about who they met, what they saw, and what they heard.		
Suggested Non-formal activity to support learning through application	Suggested assessment: Oral questions, observations, portfolio		
Learners practise passing information through singing games during			
interclass competition.			
Teaching/Learning : Video clips, realia, posters, cards, phones(real or locally made), pictures, charts			

Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaching expectation	Below expectation
Consistently passes information	Passes information accurately	Passes information accurately	With guidance, passes information
accurately and effectively.	and effectively most of the time.	and effectively sometimes.	but not accurately or effectively.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry questions
2.0 SPEAKING	2.6 Naming (4HRS)	 By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) Name objects, people, animals and colours in the immediate environment. b) Take pleasure in naming objects, people, animals and colours in the immediate environment. 	 Learners could be involved in naming objects, animals and people in class and within the school compound Learners could recite poems and rhymes about objects, people and colours. Learners could name colours with reference to objects in the environment. Learners could be engaged in identifying colours in the immediate environment. Learners could be taken for a nature walk and encouraged to identify colours. Learners could be engaged in vocabulary games and encouraged to use new words by integrating them their child play and daily experiences, and naturally weaving them in and out of 	 Which people are we likely to find at home, in school, at the market or in a hospital? What objects are we likely to find at home, in school, at the market or in a hospital?

	 conversations with learners. Learners could be involved in viewing video clips or animation to help them connect words with meaning. 	
Core competence developed: Digital literacy, learning to learn, commu	inication and collab	poration
Link to PCI: Citizenship: Social integration Life skills: Effective communication, Self-awareness		Link to Values: Unity
Link to other activity areas: Psychomotor and Creative Activities, Environmental and Social Activities		Suggested community service learning Learners could bring assorted items from home to be donated to a needy family. Encourage learners to name these items.
Suggested Non-formal activity to support learning through application Take learners for a walk around the school compound as they collect rubbish and put it in the dustbins. Guide them to name objects, people, animals and colours they come across.		Suggested assessment: Oral questions, observation portfolio
Teaching/Learning Resource: Objects, language games, pictures, char	ts, learning corners	·

Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaching expectation	Below expectation
Consistently names objects,	Uses appropriate vocabulary to	Names some objects, people	Names some objects, people and
people and colours with a	name objects, people and colours	and colours appropriately.	colours with guidance.
variety of vocabulary.	most of the time		

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Questions
		Outcomes		
2.0 SPEAKING	2.7 Articulation of	By the end of the sub-strand,	• Learners could observe charts with all	1. How do different
	Letter Sounds	the learner should be able to:	the letters of the alphabet on the wall.	letters sound?
	(4HRS)	a) Articulate vowels	• Learners could be guided to recite	2. What is the sound
		correctly in and out of	letters of the alphabet.	corresponding to each
		school.	• Learners could observe and imitate	upper case (capital)
		b) Articulate consonants	articulation of vowel sounds (a, e, i, o,	letter and its

Core competence developed: Learning to learn, digital literacy, communication and collaboration Link to PCI: Citizenship: Social integration Link to values: Unity	Care correctioned developed: Legening to lear digital ligency communic	 u) after watching a demonstration. Learners could be encouraged to articulate letter sounds after the teacher. Learners could be encouraged to practise articulating vowel sounds. Learners could be engaged in singing songs, reciting poems and rhymes relating to vowel sounds Learners could be engaged to practise articulating consonant sounds. Learners could be engaged in singing songs, reciting poems and rhymes relating to consonant sounds. In pairs or small groups, learners could be engaged in activities such as sound articulation games e.g. fishing games, skittle games, dice games among others to enhance sound articulate through use of flash cards, charts, child's play and daily experiences. Learners could be engaged in viewing recorded clips of letter sounds and illustrations to help them connect letters with their respective sounds. Learners could be guided to relate the upper case (capital) letters with corresponding sounds.
Life skills: Effective communication	Link to PCI: Citizenship: Social integration Life skills: Effective communication.	

Link to other activity areas:	Suggested community service learning			
Psychomotor and Creative Activities	With one or two other pre-primary schools, organise a joint fun learning			
	day with an emphasis on letter sound articulation activities including			
	songs, games, poems and rhymes.			
Suggested Non-formal activity to support learning through	Suggested assessment: Oral questions, observation, portfolio			
application				
Learners present an outdoor singing game for letter sound articulation				
during the school assembly.				
Teaching/Learning Resources: Charts, flash cards, letter cut-outs, letter charts, video clips, ICT devices, radio programs				

Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaching expectation	Below expectation
Fluently articulates vowels and	Articulates most vowels and	Articulates some vowels and	With guidance, articulates vowel
consonants, and corresponds letters to	consonants correctly and	consonants correctly and	and consonant sounds but has
sounds appropriately.	corresponds most letters to	corresponds some letters to	difficulty corresponding letters to
	sounds appropriately.	sounds appropriately	sounds.

Communication and collaboration, digital literacy, learning to learn.

Link to PCI: Citizenship: Social integration Life skills: Creative thinking, critical thinking	Link to Values: Responsibility	
Link to other Activity Areas Psychomotor and Creative Activities	Suggested Community Service Learning Learners could be taken to a library within the community where they practice dusting books and arranging them properly.	
Suggested Non- Formal Activity to support learning through application Organise an inter-group contest for book handling activities in class.	Suggested assessment: Oral questions, Observation	
Teaching/Learning Resources: Pictures, realia, recorded rhymes, books, video clips, bookshelves		

Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaching expectation	Below expectation
Consistently holds the book top side up and sustains orientation	Holds the book top side up and turns pages from right to left most of the	Holds the book top side up and is able to turn pages from right to left sometimes.	With guidance holds the book top side up but does
of turning pages from right to	time.	100	not turn pages from right to
left.			left.

Strand	Sub strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry questions	
3.0 READING	3.2 Reading readiness skills (2HRS)	 By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) Demonstrate left-right eye orientation when reading. b) Demonstrate top-down orientation skills when reading. c) Turn pages from right to left when opening a page. d) Enjoy participating in pre-reading activities in and out of school. 	 In pairs or in groups, learners could arrange pictures from left to right. Learners could view animated pictures that drag and drop from left to right in a digital clip. Learners could be engaged in a picture walk activity and guided to turn pages from right to left. Learners could record themselves as they practice turning of pages from right to left and view the video for self-assessment. Learners could sing rhymes related to left-right and top to bottom eye orientation and turning pages from right to left as they simulate. In pairs or small groups learners could practise looking at pictures from left to right, moving the eye from top-to-bottom of the page and turning pages from right to left. 	 How do you move your eyes when reading? How do you turn pages of a book when reading? 	
		, learning to learn, communication and			
	tizenship: Social i tive communication	ntegration on, self-awareness	Link to values Responsibility		
Link to other activity areas: Environmental and Social Activities			Suggested community learning activities: organise learners to show case their pre-reading skills to visiting parents during the school open day.		
Suggested non- formal activity to support learning: Organise for an inter-group language contest in class that incorporates pre-reading activities.			Suggested assessment Observation, oral questions		
Teaching / learn Video clips, pictu		cut-outs, charts, letter cards, objects.			

Exceeds Expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Consistently turns pages from right	Turns pages from right to left and	Turns pages from right to left most	Turns the pages from right
to left, and effectively sustains left	sustains left to right and top to bottom	of the time and sustains left to right	to left with guidance but
to right and top to bottom eye	eye orientation most of the time.	and top to bottom eye orientation	does not demonstrate left to
orientation.		sometimes.	right and top- bottom eye
			orientation.

Strand	Sub strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question
3.0 READING	3.3 Print awareness (1HR)	 By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) Talk about pictures in and out of school. b) Demonstrate awareness of print in and out of school. c) Show interest in reading in and out of school. d) Enjoy reading pictures in and out of school. 	 Learners could be provided with relevant pictures and encouraged to talk about them. Learners could answer questions about pictures. Learners could be engaged in 'read aloud' activities. Learners could view pictures depicting a story during a read aloud session. Learners could be guided to view and talk about recorded picture clips and answer questions about them. Learners could view picture cut outs depicting stories and be encouraged to answer questions on the story in pairs or in small groups. Learners could be provided with pictures that capture their attention and be guided to ask and answer questions about them. 	 What pictures do you enjoy looking at? What pictures interest learners?

Link to Value: Respect
Suggested Community Service Learning
Take learners or a walk to a nearby road and guide them to fix various road signs they have prepared in class.
Suggested assessment: Oral questions, observation, portfolio
-

Exceeds Expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Consistently demonstrates awareness, observes pictures with sustained attention and talks about them correctly and in detail.	Demonstrates print awareness, observes pictures with attention and talks about them correctly most of the time.	Recognizes print and observes and talks about pictures with attention sometimes.	Recognizes pictures with guidance but has difficulty talking about pictures correctly.

Strand	Sub strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question
READING	3.4 Visual discrimination (2 HRS)	 By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) Talk about similarities in objects and pictures in class. b) Talk about differences in objects and pictures in class. c) Enjoy participating in visual 	 Learners could be engaged in games that enhance visual discrimination e.g. fixing jigsaw puzzles. Learners could be engaged in identifying 'odd-one out' pictures, objects from a set of pictures or objects respectfully. Learners could match and pair objects and pictures. In pairs or small groups learners could play visual 	 What are the fun activities that develop visual discrimination in children? What kind of visual

discrimination activities in and out of class.	discrimination games, fix jigsaw puzzles among other visual discrimination activities.	discrimination activities do children enjoy?
Core-competence: Communication and collaboration, Learning to learn,	Critical and creative thinking	
Link to PCIs: Citizenship: Social integration	Link to Values: Unity	
Life Skills: Decision making, Critical thinking, Creative		
Thinking		
Link to other activity areas: Environmental and Social Activities	Suggested Community service learning Organise to take learners for a visit to a library in the neighbourhood and engage them in activities that incorporate visual discrimination.	
Suggested Non- Formal activity to support learning through application Organise an inter-class language contest that incorporates visual discrimination activities.	Suggested assessment: Oral questions, observations, portfolio	
Teaching/Learning Resources: Pictures, animations, realia, video clips, cards	audio clips of rhymes, radio programmes, jig-saw puzzl	es, charts, flash

Exceeds Expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Efficiently recognizes	Recognizes similarities and differences in	Identifies differences and	Observes without recognizing
similarities and differences in	objects and pictures most of the time.	similarities in objects and	differences or similarities in
objects and pictures.		pictures sometimes.	objects and pictures.

Strand	Sub strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question
3.0 READING	3.5 Visual memory	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to:	• In pairs or small groups, learners could be engaged in visual memory games.	1. What do you see around
	(5 HRS)	a) Recall objects, colours and pictures in class.	 In pairs, learners could be guided to play letter memory games. 	class? 2. What

Core-competence: Communication and	in books and charts. Talk about what they have seen in class. Enjoy participating in visual memory activities in and out of class.	 Learners could view items in a learning corner within the class and asked to recall they what they saw. Learners could be guided to view a video clip showing sets of three to five objects, pictures or letters and be guided to recall the objects, pictures or letters. Learners could look at pictures on a page for a while, then close the page and recall the pictures they have seen. In pairs and small groups, learners could be engaged in interactive digital visual memory games. Learners could be encouraged to recall what they saw e.g.at home or on the way to or from school. 	activities enhance visual discrimination in children?
problem solving.			
Link to PCI: Citizenship: Social Integ Life skills: Effective communication, I		Link to Values: Unity, Integrity, Responsibility	
Critical thinking.	i i obiem solving,		
Link to other activity areas:		Suggested Community Service Learning	
Psychomotor and Creative Activities, H	Environmental and Social	Organize for learners to visit a children's home and pla	y visual memory
Activities		games with the children.	
Suggested Non- Formal Activity to su	upport learning through	Suggested assessment: Oral questions, observation, po	ortfolio
application	nd the school compound and later		
Learners could be guided to walk aroun recall what they have seen.	nd the school compound and later		
	uage games nictures objects vid	eo clips, flashcards, radio programmes, ICT	
devices	guage games, pictures, objects, vid	co enps, masicalus, radio programmes, ie i	

Exceeds Expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Consistently recalls colours, pictures	Recalls colours, pictures and most	Recalls colours, pictures and	Is able to recall colours and
and all letters of the alphabet in class.	letters of the alphabet in class.	some letters of the alphabet in	pictures but not letters of the
		class.	alphabet in class.

Strand	Sub strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry questions
3.0 READING	3.6 Reading Posture (2 HRS)	 By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) Demonstrate appropriate reading posture when reading in and out of class. b) Identify correct reading postures in pictures or in class. c) Identify incorrect reading postures in pictures or in class. d) Enjoy participating in reading posture activities in class. 	 Learners could be encouraged to practise the correct reading posture after observing a demonstration on sitting properly when picture reading. Learners could be guided to sing songs and recite poems and rhymes related to appropriate reading posture. Learners could be exposed to models of correct reading posture. Learners could record themselves as they practise correct reading posture and receive positive feedback. 	 What is appropriate reading posture? What is inappropriate reading posture?
		Learning to learn, Digital literacy, Co		
Link to PCI: Hea Life skills Educa		Correct body posture less, Self esteem	Link to Values: Responsibility, Unity, Respect	
Link to other activity areas: Psychomotor and Creative Activities.			Suggested community service learning activities Organise for learners to visit a place of worship in religious institution to recite poems, rhymes on con	a neighbouring
Non- Formal Act	tivity to support	learning through application	Suggested Assessment	
During a reading	session in class. I the correct readir	Learners take turns to identify childrer ag posture. Afterwards they sing for		
Teaching /Learn	ing resources: V	ideo clips, picture books, audio clips	(for songs, poems, and rhymes), library, chair and table,	ICT devices

Exceeds Expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Consistently sits in appropriate	Sits and sustains appropriate	Sits in appropriate reading	With guidance, sits appropriately
reading posture.	reading posture.	posture sometimes.	but does not sustain reading
			posture.

Strand	Sub strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question
3.7 READING	3.7 Letter Recognition (3 HRS)	 By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) Recognize letters of the alphabet in upper case in and out of class. b) Recognize letters of the alphabet in lower case in and out of class. c) Match upper case letters with corresponding lower case letters in class. d) Enjoy participating in letter recognition activities in and out of class. 	 Learners could be guided to identify letters on print in the immediate environment Learners could be asked to match upper and lower case letters incorporated in children's play to enhance letter recognition. Learners could fix letter jigsaws. Learners could be guided to recognize letters on walls, charts, cards and labels to enhance letter recognition. Learners could sing songs or recite poems and rhymes related to letter recognition while displaying letters. Individually or in small groups, learners could be engaged in letter recognition games e,g letter fishing games, letter sorting trays, letter basket balls, letter hunting games among others. Learners could compete in letter recognition games and encouraged to show fairness in winning and acceptance in loosing. 	1. Which play experiences enhance letter recognition?
Core-competence: I	Learning to learn, digita	al literacy	G	
Link to PCI: Citizer	ship: Social integratio e communication, Self	n	Values: Unity, Peace	
Links to other activity areas: Psychomotor and Creative Activities		Suggested Community Service Learning With the help of parents, learners collect print disposed and take them to school for letter record		
	oup language contest in	ort learning through application a class, incorporating letter	Suggested assessment: Oral questions, observ	vations, portfolio

Teaching/Learning Resources: Letter stickers, letter jig-saw, charts, flash cards, talking walls, recorded (poems and rhymes), letter recognition games, letter hunting games, letter sorting trays, ICT devices

Exceeds Expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Consistently recognizes letters in upper	Recognizes letters in upper and lower	Recognizes letters in lower and	With guidance, recognizes and
and lower case and matches all letters	case and can match most of the	upper case and can match some of	matches some letters.
correctly.	letters correctly.	them correctly.	

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Questions
4.0 WRITING	4.1 Book handling skills (1 1/2HRS)	 By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) Demonstrate how to handle books properly b) Enjoy participating in book handling activities. c) Participate in storing books properly in and out of school. 	 Learners could observe as teacher demonstrates how to turn pages from right to left Learners could be encouraged to practise turning pages from left to right as demonstrated. Learners could be involved in a writing walk where they turn pages from right to left as they scribble on each page. In groups, learners could be guided to arrange books on shelves. Learners could observe a demonstration on how to cover books and imitate. Learners should practise how to hold a book appropriately whenever opportunities arise. In groups, learners could practise holding the book up-side-up, sing songs and recite poems and rhymes on how to hold books properly. Learners could be guided to arrange objects from top to bottom on a page. 	 How do we arrange books on shelves? In what ways do learners mishandle books? How do we take care of books?

Core Competence: Communication and collaboration, Learning to learn	
Link to PCI: Citizenship: Social integration	Link to Values:
Life-skills: (Stewardship) taking care of resources, Effective communication,	Unity, Responsibility
peaceful co-existence, Self-awareness	
Link to other activity areas:	Suggested community service learning
Environmental and Social Activities	Organise for a visit to a library in the neighbourhood where
	learners will help in dusting and arranging books.
Suggested Non-formal activity to support learning through application	Suggested assessment: Oral questions, observations
Organize an inter-group language contest in class that incorporates book handling	
experiences.	
Teaching/Learning Resources: Books, pictures, recorded songs and rhymes, video cli	ps, radio programmes

Exceeds Expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Consistently handles books	Handles books appropriately and	Handles books appropriately and	Handles books
appropriately and stores books	stores books properly most of the	stores books properly sometimes.	appropriately with
properly.	times.		guidance.

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Questions
4.0 WRITING	4.2Writing readiness skills. (2HRS)	 By the end the sub-strand, learners should be able to: a) Demonstrate the ability to hold a writing tool properly in and out of class. b) Scribble from left to right and top to bottom on a page. c) Turn pages from right to left as they scribble. d) Take pleasure in pre- writing activities in and 	 Learners could observe a demonstration on how to turn pages and practise turning pages from right to left. Learners could practise turning pages from right to left as they scribble on each page. In groups, learners could be guided to scribble from left to right on a page. Learners could be encouraged to observe a demonstration on how to hold a writing tool and imitate. Learners should sing songs and recite poems and rhymes on how to hold writing tools properly as 	 How do we hold a writing tool? How do we turn pages in a book? How do we scribble on a page?

out of school.they scribble from top to bottom on a page.• Learners could be engaged in activities where they write patterns freely from left to right across a line while filling each page from the top to the bottom.• Learners could record themselves as they write from left to right and top to bottom on a page and view the video clips for self assessment.			
Core competence: Learning to learn, digital literacy, communication			
Link to PCI: Citizenship: Social Integration	Link to values:		
Life skills: Effective Communication	Unity, responsibility.		
Link to other activity areas:	Suggested community service learning activities		
Environmental and Social Activities	Teacher should organise for learners to show case their pre writing		
	skills to their parents during the school open day.		
Suggested non formal activity to support learning:	Suggested assessment:		
Arrange for learners to practise pre-writing activities at the langu	age Oral questions, observation, portfolio		
corner in the class using a variety of materials.			
Teaching/Learning Resources: Books, writing tools, songs, poems, video clips, ICT tools			

Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
Consistently turns pages from right to left, writes from left to right across the line and effectively sustains eye hand coordination.	Turns pages from right to left, and writes from left to right across the line with sustained eye hand coordination most of the time.	Turns pages from right to left, writes from left to right across the line and coordinates the eye to the hand sometimes.	With guidance, turns pages from left to right but does not demonstrate eye hand coordination.

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggeste	d Learning Experiences	Key Questions
4.0 WRITING	4.3 Writing Posture (1HR)	 By the end the sub strand, learners should be able to: a) Sit appropriately when scribbling, drawing or writing in class. b) Enjoy participating in activities for writing posture in and out of class. 	 demo In pa postu Learn writin Learn the co In pa appro could pract Learn draw 	hers could recite rhymes on the appropriate ng posture as they write. hers could view a video clip demonstrating porrect writing posture and practice it. irs and groups learners could practise the opriate writing posture. One of the learners I recite a writing posture rhyme as others	 How do we sit when writing? How do we position a book when writing? Where do we place our left hand when writing? How do we position the right hand while writing? Where do you place your feet while writing?
		and collaboration, Learning			
	izenship: Social In			Link to Values: Responsibility	
	tion: Self-awarenes	ss, Self esteem			
Links to other activity areas : Psychomotor and Creative Activities			Suggested community service learning Organise learners to visit a library in the neise identify those sitting in the correct or incorrect the writing posture rhyme or song as they de	ect writing posture. They sing	
Suggested Non-formal activity to support learning through appli			plication	Suggested assessment: Oral questions, obse	
Organise for learners to participate in an inter-class language contest		est that			
incorporates game	es and play relating	to writing posture.			
Teaching/Learni	ng Resources: Boo	oks, video clips, recorded rhyi	nes, poem	S.	

Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
Consistently uses correct	Uses correct reading posture with	Uses correct reading posture with	With guidance, positions right and left
reading posture with right and	right and left hands well set, legs	right and left hands well set, legs	hands well and legs firmly grounded
left hands well set, legs firmly	firmly grounded and book	firmly grounded and book	but does not sustain appropriate
grounded and book correctly	correctly positioned most of the	correctly positioned sometimes	writing posture.
positioned.	time.		

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Questions
		Outcomes		
4.0 WRITING	4.4 Eye-hand coordination skills (2HRS)	 By the end of the substrand, the learner should be able to: a) Demonstrate eye-hand coordination when writing. b) Take pleasure in participating in eye-hand coordination activities in class. 	 The learners could observe the teacher demonstrate folding and tearing or cutting paper along a marked line and practise folding and tearing along a line. Learners could thread beads and lace through holes on a card. Learners could practise shading within borders or within shapes. Learners could prick the edges of shape outlines and cut out the shapes, sort beads, small stones in a tray and practise picking beads from one tray to another. Learners could be involved in drag and drop activities using digital devices. Learners could be involved in pegging puzzles and fitting templates. Learners could be engaged in typing freely on a computer key board. Learners could practise through free modeling using clay, dough or 	 What are the necessary skills for preparing a learner to write? What activities will promote eye hand co-ordination?

Core Competence developed: Communication and collaboration, E Link to PCI: Citizenship: Social integration Life skills Education: Self esteem	 plasticine. Learners could play digital games that enhance eye-hand coordination. Learners could be involved in painting and printing activities, joining dots, and tracing. Learners sing a song while passing small beads or small stones from one person to the other in a left to right direction. Digital literacy, Learning to learn Link to Values: Unity
Links to other Activity Areas: Psychomotor and Creative Activities	Suggested community service learning Organise for learners to visit a children's home in the neighbourhood and engage children in eye-hand coordination activities such as modeling, shading, and other singing games that enhance eye-hand coordination.
Suggested Non-formal activity to support learning through application Organise for an inter-class language contest that incorporates eye- hand coordination activities including singing games	Suggested assessment: Oral questions, observation, portfolio
Teaching/ Learning Resources:B books, beads, flashcards, shape cu games, ICT devices	ut-outs, stones, stone trays, clay/dough/plasticine, eye hand cording digital

Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
Consistently coordinates eye to	Coordinates eye to hand most of	Coordinates eye to hand sometimes.	Coordinates eye to hand with
hand	the time.		guidance but does not sustain
			coordination.

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences Key Questions			
4.0WRITING	4.5 Pattern Writing (2HRS)	 By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) Write simple line patterns in class. b) Use ICT devices to make simple line patterns in class. c) Hold writing tools appropriately when writing patterns. d) Enjoy participating in pattern writing activities in class. 	 Learners could observe the teacher demonstrate writing line patterns in the air and imitate. Learners could be engaged in tracing simple line patterns. Learners could be guided to record themselves as they copy patterns and view the clips as they receive positive feedback. In pairs or small groups, learners could make print patterns using different objects Learners could make line patterns using ICT devices such as using the writing wizard and ZEBRA applications. Learners could copy line patterns on sand trays or slate boards as the teacher demonstrates. 			
		arning to learn, Creativity and im				
Link to PCI: C Life Skills: Ci	Citizenship: Social reative thinking	Integration	Links to Values: Unity, Responsibility			
Links to other activity areas: Psychomotor and Creative Activities			Suggested community service learning The teacher could organize for learners to make line patterns for display during the school's open day.			
application Organize an inte activities	er-class contest the	at incorporates pattern writing	Suggested assessment: Oral questions, observation, portfolio			
reaching/ Lear	Teaching/ Learning Resources: Tracing paper, tracing outline, computers, and objects for printing, ICT devices, flash cards, charts.					

Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
Consistently arranges objects in a	Arranges objects in a line, forms	Arranges objects in line, forms	With guidance, holds writing tools
line, forms a variety of print and	print and line patterns accurately	print and simple line patterns	appropriately but does not arrange
simple line patterns accurately	and holds writing tool	accurately and holds writing tool	objects in a line and has difficulty
and holds writing tool	appropriately most of the time.	appropriately sometimes.	making print and simple line
appropriately.			patterns.
			-

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Questions
Strand WRITING	Sub-Strand 4.6 Letter formation (3HRS)	 Specific Learning Outcomes By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) Demonstrate ability to form letters correctly in and out of class. b) Experience pleasure participating in letter formation activities in and out of class. 	 Learners could sing rhymes related to letter formation. Learners could observe the teacher demonstrate letter formation in the air, on sand trays, slate boards and imitate. Learners should sing rhymes related to letter formation as they form letters in the air, on the sand and slate boards. Learners could be guided to model, colour and paint letters of the alphabet while singing related rhymes. In pairs or small groups, learners could trace, shade letter outlines or join dots to form letters. Learners could use ICT devices 	 Key Questions 1. How do you shape letters of the alphabet? 2. What activities are required to develop letter formation skills?
			 play letter formation games. Learners could be guided to record themselves as they practise how to 	
			hold the pen and form letters and view the clips as they receive positive feedback.	
Core Compe	tence: Learning to le	arn, Communication and collabor	ration, creativity and imagination	

Link to PCI: Citizenship: Social integration	Link to Value: Unity.
Life Skills Education: Self-esteem, Creative thinking	
Links to other Activity Areas:	Suggested community service learning
Psychomotor and Creative Activities	Involve the parents to help their children in collecting materials for
	making print patterns and letter formation activities.
Suggested Non-formal activity to support learning through	Suggested assessment: Oral questions, observation, portfolio, written
application	assignment
Organise for an outdoor activity session where learners take part in letter	
formation activities such as arranging flash cards, arranging themselves	
to form letter outlines or shapes.	
Teaching/Learning Resources: Realia, slates, boards, plasticine /clay, co	lours, paints, colouring books, ICT devices, letter cut outs, tracing
paper.	

Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation	
Consistently sustains proper	Has mastered proper writing tool	Has developed proper writing -tool	With guidance, holds writing	
writing-tool grip and forms all	grip and forms most letters of the	grip and forms some letters of the	tool with proper grip but forms	
letters legibly	alphabet legibly.	alphabet correctly.	letters of the alphabet with	
			difficulty.	

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Questions
4.0 WRITING PRACTICE (2 HRS)	4.7 Writing Practice (2 HRS)	 By the end of the sub- strand, the learner should be able to: a) Write letters of the alphabet correctly in class. b) Take pleasure in using basic tools for writing in class. c) Enjoy participating in writing practice activities in class. 	 Learners could be encouraged to join dots to make letters of the alphabet Learners could be encouraged to trace and copy letters of the alphabet. Learners could practise writing letters of the alphabet using ICT letter writing games Learners could be guided to write letters of the alphabet in sand trays, slate boards and writing books. Learners could be involved in making patterns using letters of the alphabet. In pairs and in small groups, learners could make patterns using letters of the alphabet. 	 What activities are required for writing practice? What resources would you use for writing practice?
Core Competences Learning to 	: learn, Digital literacy.			
Link to PCI: Citize Life-skills: Creative	nship: Social integration thinking		Link to Values: Unity, respect.	
Links to other Acti	Links to other Activity Areas: Psychomotor and Creative Activities		Suggested community service learning Organise for learners to write letters of the alphabet on w display for parents to view and appreciate during the sch	
Suggested Non-formal activity to support learning through application Invite an ICT person to guide learners on letter writing practise using ICT devices.		Suggested assessment: oral questions, observation, port	· ·	
Teaching/ Learning pencils, crayons, bo		s, pattern outlines, radio p	rogrammes, digital letter writing games, slate boards, wo	rksheets,

Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
Consistently writes letter	Writes letter patterns and most letters	Writes letter patterns and some	With guidance writes letter
patterns and letters of the	of the alphabet of correctly.	letters of the .alphabet correctly.	patterns but writes few letters
alphabet correctly.			correctly.

MATHEMATICS CURRICULUM DESIGN

CURRICULUM DESIGN FOR MATHEMATICAL ACTIVITIES

Essence Statement

Mathematical activities at the pre-primary level empower children to engage in basic analysis of problems and to develop appropriate solutions in day to day life. These activities help to develop mental processes that enhance logical and critical thinking, accuracy and problem solving; all of which are important building blocks for primary school readiness. They also enhance the learner's development and acquisition of basic classification, number and measurement skills during early years.

General Learning Outcomes

By the end of the pre-primary education, the learner should be able to:

- a) use acquired classroom skills to solve problems in daily life
- b) demonstrate basic number concepts as a basis for future learning
- c) demonstrate interest in measurement and dispositions in physical and social world.

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Questions
		Outcomes		
1.0 CLASSIFICATION	1.1 Sorting & grouping 8 lessons 8 lessons 8	 By the end of the substrand, the learner should be able to: a) identify similarities among objects in the environment for distinguishing one object from the other b) identify differences among objects in the environment to appreciate their similarities and differences c) enjoy sorting and grouping objects in the environment d) group objects according to a specific attribute to create sets of similar objects e) appreciate the materials in the environment for their uniqueness and diversity. 	 Learners look at and talk about objects with different colours, sizes and shapes. Teacher demonstrates sorting and grouping objects by one attribute up to two groups (colour, size and shape). Two learners demonstrate sorting, grouping and comparing objects by one attribute (colour, size and shape). Learners in groups, pairs or individually, sort and group objects according to one attribute. Learners relate specific attributes to other objects in the environment. Learners to sing songs related to sorting and grouping objects. Learners to sort and group objects according to one attribute in their respective corners. Learners to sort and group objects according to one attribute in their respective corners. 	 Which objects look alike? Which objects have same colour, shape or size? Which two objects are different? Why have you grouped these objects together? Why store materials after use?
	ě –	Solving, Communication and C	Collaboration.	
Link to Pertinent and cont	1 v	b). ation during the collection and	luse of materials	
-		entification and grouping of ot		
 <i>Life skuls</i>: problem <i>Values</i>: Sharing an 	0	initiation and grouping of ot	ງເວເລ.	
Link to other activity area	Ŭ			
Language, Environmental, P		tive activities.		

Suggested community service learning – non-formal activity to support learning through application: Go round the school compound picking the useful objects that can be recycled for sorting and grouping.

Suggested learning resources:

Locally available materials of different colours, shapes and sizes such as flowers pebbles, shells, paper cut outs, bottle tops, seeds, feathers, fruits ,beads, shapes, pictures, DVDs, Computers.

Achievement			
Above expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Can identify similar and different	Can identify similar and different	Can identify similar and	Unable to identify objects
objects using at least three attributes	objects based on two attributes -	different objects based on one	based on a given attribute either
-colour, size, and shapes.	size, colour and shape.	attribute either colour, shape or	colour, shape or size.
		size.	
Can sort and group objects in the	Can sort and group objects using	Can sort and group objects using	Can sort and group objects
environment using more than three	three attributes – colour, shape and	two attributes – colour and	up to using only one
attributes – colour, shape size,	size.	shape.	attribute.
texture.			
Group objects according to more	Group objects according to three	Group objects according to two	Can sort and group objects
than one attribute, colour shape, size	attributes, colour shape, size.	attributes colour and shape.	according to at least one
and texture.			attribute, colour, shape,
			Size and texture.
Collects materials of different	Collects materials of three different	Collects materials of two	Unable to collects materials
attributes. Group objects according	attributes and store them in	different attributes and store	according to given instructions
to more than one attribute; colour,	different learning corners.	them in different learning	on different attributes and store
shape, size and texture and store		corners.	them.
them in different learning corners.			

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Questions
1.0 CLASSIFICATION	1.2 Matching and Pairing 8 lessons	 By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify similarities among objects in the environment b) identify differences among objects in the environment c) match similar objects in the environment d) pair objects according to specific criteria e) appreciate the use of different objects in the environment 	 Learners collect and talk about similar different objects from the environment Teacher demonstrates matching and pairing objects according to one attribute (sameness, likeness or use) Few learners demonstrate matching and pairing according to one attribute (sameness, likeness or use) In groups or in pairs, individual learners match and pair objects according to likeness, sameness or use Learners relate objects to their use in the environment. Learners to match and pair objects from the environment. Learners to match and pair objects according to one attribute using ICT devices. 	 Which objects look alike? What makes them look alike? How do we use these objects? How can we care for these objects?
Core competency: Corr	Imunication and col	laboration (as they work in groups);	critical thinking and problem solving (v	when matching and pairing)
Link to other activity a				
Link to PCIs Citizenship: con Life skills: critic 	nmunication and co cal thinking and pro	llaboration as they collect materials blem solving as they match and pair ing matching and pairing activities.	similar objects	
	service learning: -	non-formal activity to support least	rning through application: Learners to	o collect and recycle waste

Suggested Learning Resources: Locally available materials (pens, books, sticks, shapes, cut-outs, blocks, clothing, utensils, pebbles, balls)

Achievement				
Above expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation	
Identifies 1 to 5 similar objects and	Identifies 1to 5 similar objects	Identifies up-to 2 similar	Identifies only 1 similar	
mentions other s which are out of sight	and not able to mention others	objects	objects	
	out of sight.			
Match objects up-to 5 pairs according	Match objects up to 5 pairs	Match objects up to 3 pairs	Able to identify one	
to sameness, likeness and use and talk	according to two attributes.	according to one attribute.	attribute but cannot	
about more similar objects that match			match	
Pair objects according to either	Pair objects according to either	Pair objects according to	Can only pair one or two	
sameness, likeness or use and talk	sameness, likeness or use	only one attribute ;	objects correctly	
about more items found in pairs		sameness or likeness	according to sameness or	
			likeness	

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Questions
1.0 CLASSIFICATION	1.3 Ordering 8 lessons	 By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) collect and identify different objects in their environment for exploration and enjoyment b) differentiate objects of different sizes in the environment c) use appropriate vocabulary related to ordering for effective communication d) arrange objects according to size in ascending order up to 3 objects for making comparison of objects of different sizes e) arrange objects according to size in descending order up to 3 objects for making comparison of size in descending order up to 3 objects for making comparison 	 Learners talk about different objects in the environment. Learners to demonstrate ordering objects according to size or height up to 3 objects. A few learners demonstrate ordering objects according to size or height. Learners in small groups/pairs, individually arrange objects according to size or height up to 3. In groups learners compare objects of different sizes up to three. Learners to draw big and small objects using ICT devices. 	 Which objects are (shorter, taller, smaller, bigger)? Which among these two objects is longer? Which among these two objects is shorter?

	of objects of different sizesf) organize different objects in the environmentg) appreciate different objects or	• Learners to arrange objects in ascending and descending order using ICT devices.			
	materials in the environment.				
Core competence: Critical thinking and	problem solving (shown when orderin	g different objects)			
Communication and collaboration (when	ordering in groups and talking)				
Link to PCIs:					
• <i>Citizenship:</i> collaboration and communication during ordering of objects,					
• Life skills: problem solving and critical thinking during the ordering of objects					
• Values: sharing and turn taking	during ordering of objects.	-			
Link to other activity areas: Psychomo	tor and Creative Activities.				
Suggested Community service: - non-formal activity to support learning through application: Recycling of waste materials from					
community to be used for learning and Cleaning the environment after use of materials.					
Suggested Learning Resources: Sticks,	blocks, bottles,				

Achievement			
Above expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Can identify and collect up to 9	Can identify and collect up	Can identify and collect up to 3	Unable to identify and collect up to 3
different objects in the	to 5 different objects in the	different objects in the	different objects in the environment but
environment and talk about them	environment and talk about	environment and talk about them	may not be able to talk about them.
	them		
Can order objects according to	Can order objects according	Can only order two objects	Unable to order objects.
size up to more than 3	to size (up to 3 objects).		
Can tell differences in objects in	Can tell differences in	Can tell differences in objects in	Can tell differences in objects in the
the environment based on several	objects in the environment	the environment based on 2	environment based on only one attribute.
attributes	based on 3 attributes	attributes	
Can demonstrate the use of more	Can demonstrate the use of	Can demonstrate the use of 2	Unable to demonstrate the use of one
than 3 objects and care for them	more than 3 objects	objects	specific object.

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Questions
1.0 CLASSIFICATION	1.4 Patterns 8 lessons	 By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) observe objects in the environment and identify existing patterns b) identify similarities in patterns in the environment c) identify different patterns in the environment d) identify the repeated shapes which form a pattern e) arrange similar objects to make a pattern f) arrange 2 different objects in an alternating manner to make patterns g) appreciate the different types of objects in the environment h) enjoy making different patterns with objects found in the environment. 	 Learners collect and talk about different shapes in the environment. Learners to demonstrate arranging objects to make a pattern. A few learners demonstrate arranging objects to make a pattern In small groups/pairs, individually, learners arrange objects to make a pattern Learners arrange objects in an alternating manner to make a pattern Learners fill in the missing objects in a series to make a pattern Learners talk about patterns and shapes on their clothes, foot prints, buildings, flower gardens etc Learners discuss patterns made of same shape with two different colours In small groups or pairs make patterns with objects of same type with two different colours. Learners to make patterns using ICT devices to make patterns using ICT devices. 	 Which of these objects look alike? Which objects comes next in the series? How can you arrange these objects to form a pattern? How else can you make a pattern? Which part of the pattern repeats itself?
		mmunication (through group work and a make patterns using ICT.	discussions); Critical thinking and problem	solving as they make

• *Citizenship:* collaboration as they collect and use materials

- *Life skills:* critical thinking and problem solving as they pattern
- *Values:* sharing and turn taking.

Link to other activity areas: Psychomotor and Creative activities during construction.

Suggested community service learning: – non-formal activity to support learning through application: Learners to plant flowers in the school following different patterns.

Suggested Learning Resources: Flash cards, blocks, bottle tops, bottles, sticks, beads,

Achievement			
Above expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below Expectation
Identify similarities and differences between various objects and talk about them	Identify objects of the same shape and talk about them	Identify patterns made of objects of the same shape	Identify patterns made of objects of the same shape with teacher's guidance
Make patterns with objects of the same type with more than two different colours	Make patterns with objects of the same type with two different colours	Make patterns with objects of the same type with two different colours with assistance	Can attempt to make a pattern of same objects
Arrange objects in an alternating manner to make patterns with more than 5 objects	Arrange objects in an alternating manner to make patterns with five objects	Arrange objects in an alternating manner to make patterns with teacher's guidance	Can attempt to arrange objects with teacher's guidance

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning	Key Inquiry Questions
2.0 NUMBERS	2.1 Rote counting 8 lessons	 By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) rote count numbers 1-10 for developing numeracy skills b) rote count numbers 1-10 using actions for development of numeracy skills c) enjoy rote counting in daily life 	 Experiences Guide learners to rote count numbers 1-10 Listen to and recite different numbers Learners sing songs as they rote count In groups or pairs Learners perform singing games or rhymes related to rote counting. Learners to listen to radio and television educational programmes on rote counting. Learners to watch video clips on rote counting with actions - walk, clap, nod, tap, hop or stamp. 	 How can you count as you jump, walk, clap, nod, tap, hop or stamp?
 Communicati Learning to le Digital literace Links to PCIs: citizenship: c life skills: critication 	earn as they identify num by as they identify number ommunication and colla tical thinking as they rec	hey work in pairs or groups bers on objects found in the environers ers using ICT. boration as they use the materials to ognize numbers		
	sharing and turn taking. y areas: Psychomotor ar	nd creative activities as they sing		

Achievement			
Above expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Can count objects up to 10 and	Can count up to 10	Can count up to 6	Can count up to 4
beyond			
Articulate numbers up to 10	Can articulate numbers as they	Can articulate numbers as they	Can articulate numbers
and beyond	count up to 10	count up to 6	as they count up to 4
Can identify numbers 1-10 and	Can identify numbers 1-10 and	Can identify numbers up to 6	Can identify numbers up to 4
beyond	beyond		
Can sing one complete number	Can sing one complete number	Can sing a number song half way	Can try to sing a number song
song with ease and many others	song		

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Questions
2.0 NUMBERS	2.2 Number recognition 10 lessons	 By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify numerals 1-9 for development of numeracy skills and symbolic representation of number b) appreciate use of numbers in day to day life experiences 	 Learners to talk about numbers on number flash cards or number charts Guide learners to identify and talk about numbers found on objects in their environment A few learners to identify numbers on flash cards or charts Learners sing songs related to numbers 1-9 Learners model numbers 1-9 In pairs or small groups learners to play number recognition games (fishing game) Learners to form numbers, 	 Which number is shown on the flashcard? Which number have you modelled? Who can show me two numbers on the number chart that look alike?

			type number symbols, identify number numerals using ICT devices	
Core com	petence:			
• Se	elf efficacy as they sing and c	lance number songs,		
• Co	ommunication and collaborat	tion as they work in pair/small groups,		
• Le	earning to learn as they ident	ify numbers on objects found in their environ	ment,	
• Di	igital literacy as they identify	numbers using ICT.		
Link to P	CIs:			
• Ci	itizenship: communication co	ollaboration as they use materials together.		
• Li	<i>fe skills:</i> critical thinking as	they recognize numbers.		
• Va	alues: Love, sharing and turr	n taking.		
Link to ot	ther activity areas:			
• Ps	sychomotor and creative as the	ney sing and dance songs on numbers,		
• La	anguage as they talk about nu	umber on flash cards/charts.		
Suggested	l community service: – non	-formal activity to support learning throug	gh application:	
• Le	earners to Collect materials fi	rom the community to use them in making nu	umber flash cards hence making the	eir environment clean.
• Le	earners to visit local football	netball, volleyball, rugby clubs and talk about	t the numbers of players as written	on their T-shirts.

Suggested Learning Resources: Number flash cards, charts, calendar, clay, plasticine.

Achievement							
Above expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation				
Recognizing number numerals	Recognizing number numerals 1-9	Recognizing number numerals 1-	Recognizing number numerals				
1-9 and beyond		6	below 6				
Tell differences between number numerals 1-9 and beyond	Tell differences between number numerals 1-9	Tell differences between number numerals 1-6	Tell differences between number numerals 1-5				
Able to appreciate numbers 1-9 and beyond	Able to appreciate numbers 1-9	Able to appreciate numbers 1-6	Able to appreciate numbers below 5				

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Questions
		Outcomes		
2.0 NUMBERS	2.3 Counting concrete objects 10 lessons	 By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) count concrete objects 1-9 for development of numeracy skills and associating a group of objects with a number symbol b) demonstrate one to one correspondence while counting concrete objects c) enjoy counting concrete objects within their environment d) appreciate the use of one to one correspondence in real life situations. 	 Learners demonstrate counting objects 1-9 Learners count objects for numbers 1-9 (body parts, colours of the national flag, different types of food, objects in the class) Learners play counting games involving counting objects 1-9 Learners match numerals with concrete objects for numbers 1-9 In groups or pairs, individually, learners count people or objects in their class up to 9. Learners to count concrete objects from 1-20 using ICT devices. Learners to play video games on counting. 	 How many objects are these? How many learners are in your group? How many boys or girls are in your group?
Core competenc		g as they count specific number of	of objects	
	and collaboration as they co	č	51 00 j00 45	

Link to PCIs

- *Citizenship:* collaboration as they collect materials for use.
- Life skills :
 - Critical thinking as they count objects.
 - Self awareness as they count using body parts.
- Values: Love, sharing, turn taking and respect for others.

Link to other activity areas:

Creative and psychomotor as they sing number songs.

Suggested community service: - non-formal activity to support learning through application:

Learners to count objects and animals at school or at home and take good care of them.

Suggested Learning Resources:

Number flash cards/charts/calendar, clay, plasticine.

Achievement						
Above expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation			
Count concrete objects 1-9 and beyond.	Count concrete objects 1-9	Count concrete objects 1-6	Count concrete objects below 6			
Demonstrate one to one correspondence while counting concrete objects 1-9 and beyond.	Demonstrate one to one correspondence while counting concrete objects 1-9.	Demonstrate one to one correspondence while counting concrete objects 1-6.	Demonstrate one to one correspondence while counting concrete objects below 6.			
Match numerals with concrete objects for number symbols 1-9 and beyond.	Match numerals with concrete objects for number symbols 1-9.	Match numerals with concrete objects for number symbols 1-6.	Match numerals with concrete objects for number symbols below 6.			
Enjoy counting objects within the environment even during other activities.	Enjoy counting objects within the environment in the classroom only.	Enjoy counting objects within the environment while guided by the teacher.	Enjoy counting objects within the environment up to 5			

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Questions
2.0 NUMBERS	3.4 Number sequencing10 lessons	 By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify number symbols 1-9 as indicated on number cards or charts for development of numeracy skills and for ordering numbers b) arrange number cards in sequence 1-9 c) arrange number cards in sequence for completing 	 Learners randomly pick number cut outs/number cards from a pile and identify the number Learners demonstrate arranging numbers in sequence 1-9 A few learners demonstrate arranging numbers 1-9 in sequence In pairs or groups, individually, learners complete missing numbers in sequence by placing the appropriate number cards or cut 	 Which number can you see on this card I am holding? Which number comes before this number? Which number comes after this number?

	sequence puzzles d) enjoy arranging numbers in sequence in their day to day life.	 outs Learners sing songs on number sequence comprising numbers 1-9. Learners to complete number puzzles using ICT devices Learners to arrange numbers in sequence from 1-9 using ICT devices Learners to find the missing number in given sets of numbers using ICT devices. 				
Core competencies:						
• Critical thinking and problem	solving when identifying number and	d filling missing number in a sequence				
	ion when working in pairs or groups	8				
Link to PCIs:						
• <i>Citizenship:</i> communication and collaboration as they work in groups.						
• <i>Life skills:</i> critical thinking and problem solving.						
• Values: Love, sharing and turn	taking.					

Link to other activity areas: Environmental

Suggested community services: – **non-formal activity to support learning through application:** Learners to collect and re-use materials such as old cartons, empty plastic water bottles from the environment.

Achievement						
Above expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation			
Identify number symbols 1-9 and	Identify number symbols 1-9 as	Identify number symbols 1-6 as	Identify number symbols below			
beyond as indicated on number cards	indicated on number cards	indicated on number cards	6 as indicated on number cards			
Arrange number cards for numbers	Arrange number cards for	Arrange number cards for numbers	Arrange number cards for			
1-9 and beyond in a sequence	numbers 1-9 in a sequence	1-6 in a sequence	numbers below 6 in a sequence			
Complete missing numbers 1-9 and	Complete missing numbers 1-9	Complete missing numbers 1-6 in	Complete missing numbers			
beyond in sequence	in sequence	sequence	below 6 in sequence			
Enjoy arranging numbers in	Enjoy arranging numbers in	Enjoy arranging numbers in	Enjoy arranging			
sequence 1-9 and beyond	sequence 1-9	sequence 1-6	numbers in sequence			
			below 6			

Strand	Sub-	Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes		ggested Learning periences	Key Inquiry Questions
2.0 NUMBERS	1.5	Symbolic representation of number (number writing) 10 lessons	 By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify number symbols 1- 9 for development of numeracy skills b) join dots to form number symbols 1-9 on a surface c) trace number symbol cutouts 1-9 on a surface d) model number symbols 1-9 using materials in their environment e) write number symbols 1-9 on a surface f) enjoy forming number symbols 1-9 using ICT g) appreciate the use of numbers within their environment in the day to 	•	Teacher demonstrates number formation from number cut outs Learners observe number cut-outs and talk about number formation In groups or pairs, individually, learners trace number cut-outs up to 9 Learners Join dots to form number symbols up to 9 In groups or pairs, individually, learners model number symbols to at least 9 Learners write number symbols 1-9 on a surface Learners use number	 Which number symbol is this? How do we write this number symbol (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9) How can we trace this number? How do we model this number? Which numbers can we form when joining these dots? Which numbers can you see in this calendar?

	day life experiences.	 symbols in the materials in their environment (calendar, clock) Learners use ICT to form number symbols 1-9. Learners to type number symbols from 1-9 using ICT devices
Core competence: Imagination and creativity		

Link to PCIs:

- *Citizenship:* communication as they conduct symbolic representation
- *Life skills:* critical thinking and problem solving as they identify number symbols.
- *Values:* Love, sharing and turn taking.

Link to other activity areas: Psychomotor and creative activity

Suggested community service: – **non-formal activity to support learning through application:** Learners to assist in labelling chairs and tables using number symbols and those in pastoralist communities can assist in tagging of animals using number symbols.

Suggested learning resources: Calendar, plasticine, pebbles, clock face, number charts, number flashcards, dice

Achievement						
Above expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation			
Identify more than 5 number symbols on number cut outs and talk about them	Identify number symbols 1-5 on number cut outs and talk about them	Identify number symbols 1-5 on number cut outs and talk about them with teacher's guidance	Not able to identify number symbols.			
Trace or model more than 5 numbers	Trace or model number symbols 1-5.	Trace or model number symbols 1-3 with teacher's guidance	Can trace or model at least one number symbol.			
Write number symbols beyond number 5	Write number symbols 1-5	Write number symbols 1-3	Not able to Write number symbols.			
Use ICT to write numbers 1-5 and beyond	Use ICT to write numbers	Use ICT to write numbers with teacher's guidance	Not able to use ICT to write numbers			

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Questions
2.0 NUMBERS	1.6 Number puzzle 10 lessons	 By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify different parts of numerals 1-9 for development of number concept b) join different parts of numbers to form complete number symbols 1-9 c) relate number symbols 1-9 with the objects in the environment d) enjoy completing number puzzles and relate number symbols with the objects in the environment e) use ICT to complete number puzzles 1-9 	 Learners look at and talk about different parts of number symbols. Demonstrate how to join different parts of numerals to form a complete numeral. In pairs or groups learners join different parts of number symbols to form a complete numeral Learner listen to and sing songs on number symbols as they complete the number numeral Learners relate number symbols with the objects in the environment Learners complete number puzzles using ICT 	 Which number can be formed using these pieces? How many pieces are these? What number can they form?

Critical thinking and problem solving as learners join parts to form a whole
Digital literacy as they complete number puzzles using ICT

Link to PCIs:

- **Citizenship:** communication as they identify parts
- *Life skills:* critical thinking and problem solving as they complete missing parts of the puzzle.
- *Values:* sharing and turn taking.

Link to other activity areas:

- Environ mental activities
- Psychomotor and creative activities

Suggested learning resources: Number cut outs, number charts, puzzle pieces.

Achievement				
Above expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation	
Identifies and recognize number parts	Identifies and recognize number	Identifies and recognize number	Identifies and recognize	
for numerals 1-9 and beyond	parts for numerals 1-9	parts for numerals 1-5	number parts for a single	
			numeral.	
Join different parts of number to form	Join different parts of number to	Join different parts of number to	Join different parts of number	
complete number symbols and explain	form complete number symbols 1-	form complete number symbols	to form complete number	
how it is done.	9.	1-6.	symbols 1-3.	
Use ICT to complete number puzzles	Use ICT to complete number	Use ICT to complete number	Cannot complete number	
efficiently and show enthusiasm.	puzzles efficiently.	puzzles with difficult.	puzzles using ICT.	

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Questions
3.0 MEASUREMENT	3.1 Sides of objects 10 lessons	 By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify different sides of objects in the environment b) differentiate sides of objects c) play with objects with different sides d) enjoy measuring sides of objects using arbitrary units such as hand, feet etc. 	 Guide learners to talk about different sides of objects in the environment Guide learners to compare objects with different sides Few learners demonstrate comparison of objects with different sides In groups or pairs, individually, learners measure sides of objects using arbitrary units (hand, foot, sticks). Learners watch a video clip on measuring sides of objects using arbitrary units 	 Which of these sides is longer/shorter? What is the difference between this side and this one? Why is this side different? How will you tell which side is longer or shorter? What can you say about this side?

• Learning to learn when measuring sides of objects

• Communication and collaboration.

Link to PCIs:

- *Citizenship:* collaboration as they collect and identify sides
- Life skills: critical thinking as they differentiate sides of objects
- *Values:* sharing and turn taking.

Link to other activity areas:

• Language as they learn vocabularies such as long and short

Suggested learning resources: Sticks, strings, body parts, objects in the class

Achievement				
Above expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation	
Able to identify 4 different sides of	Able to identify 3 different sides of	Able to identify 2 different sides	Not able to identify sides of	
objects and talk about them	objects and talk about them	of objects	objects	
Measure objects of different sizes	Measure objects of different sizes	Measure objects of different	Not able to measure objects of	
using arbitrary units both in class	using arbitrary units.	sizes using arbitrary units with	different sizes using arbitrary	
and outside		teacher's guidance	units	
Compare different objects with	Compare different objects with	Compare different objects with	Not able to compare different	
different sides in the classroom and	different sides in the classroom	different sides in the classroom	objects with different sides in	
outside		with teacher's guidance	the classroom	

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Questions
3.0 MEASUREMENT	3.2 Mass (heavy and light) 10 Lessons	 By the end of the substrand, the learner should be able to: a) lift different objects in their environment. b) compare heavy and light objects in the environment. c) appreciate objects of 	 Demonstrate lifting objects of different mass. Few learners demonstrate lifting objects of different mass. In groups or pairs, individually, learners compare mass of different objects in their environment. In groups or pairs, learners play games involving comparison of 	 What can you say about this object? Which object is heavier or lighter? How can you tell the object is heavier?

their environment back lifting). • Learners to watch a video on measuring heavy and light objects					
measuring heavy and light objects					
pre competence:					
• Communication and collaboration when working in pairs/groups					
Communication and collaboration when working in pairs/groups					
Learning to learn when comparing mass of different objects					
Digital literacy when playing games involving mass using ICT					
nk to PCIs:					
• <i>Citizenship:</i> communication and collaboration as they collect objects					
• <i>Life skills:</i> Observation of safety as they lift objects.					
• Values: sharing, turn taking.					
Link to other activity areas:					
• Psychomotor and creative as they play games and lift different objects					
• Language as they talk about heaviness and lightness of objects					
Suggested community service:- non-formal activity to support learning through application: Learners to Collect garbage in paper bags of					
different sizes and dispose in the compost pit					
Suggested learning resources:					
Sand, water, stones, blocks, leaves, chairs, tables					

Achievement			
Above expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Lifting and comparing different	Lift and compare different objects in	Lift different objects in the	Lift different objects in the
objects in the environment	the environment as the teacher	environment but has difficulty in	environment but cannot
	instructs	comparing	compare

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Questions
3.0 MEASUREMENT	3.3 Capacity (how much a container can hold) 10 lessons	 By the end of the substrand, the learner should be able to: a) fill and empty different containers with water, seeds or sand b) compare sizes of containers using water, sand or seeds 	 Learners to demonstrate filling and emptying small and large containers using sand, water or seeds Learners to demonstrate comparing big and small containers by telling how many small ones fill the big ones and vice versa Few learners demonstrates comparing big and small containers by telling how many small ones can fill a big one and vice versa In groups or pairs, individually, learners tell how much a container can hold compared to another one of a different size. Learners to watch a video on filling and emptying containers. Learners to watch a video on comparing containers of different sizes. 	 How many of the small containers can fill the big container? From the big container, how many small ones can be filled? Which container holds more or less?
Communicati Learning to le Link to PCIs: <i>Citizenship:</i> of	on and collaboration as t earn. communication and colla	as they compare how much a hey work in groups. boration as they collect mater or solving as they fill and em	container can hold. ials.	

• *Values:* sharing, turn taking.

Link to other activity areas:

- Environmental activities as they play filling and emptying.
- Psychomotor and creative as they balance pouring content from one container to the other.

Suggested community services: - non-formal activity to support learning through application:

• Learners to collect containers from the environment for use when comparing sizes

Suggested learning resources: Containers of various sizes, water sand, seeds

Achievement					
Above expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation		
Fill and empty small and large containers with water, sand or seeds and count how many small containers fill the big one	Fill and empty small and large containers with water/sand/seeds	Fill and empty small and large containers with water, sand or seeds without counting	Fill and empty small containers with water, sand or seeds		
Compare big and small containers by telling how many small ones can fill a big one and vise versa	Compare big and small containers by telling how many small ones can fill a big one but cannot do vise versa	Compare big and small containers by telling how many small ones can fill a big one	Cannot compare big and small containers		

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Questions
3.0 MEASUREMENT	3.4 Time (Daily routines) 10 lessons	 By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify at least 3 daily routine activities they do before going to school b) identify vocabulary related to time (today, yesterday, tomorrow) c) demonstrate ability to manage their time well when doing activities d) appreciate what every person does on a daily basis 	 Guide learners to Identify and talk about morning routine activities in appropriate order Guide learners to talk about activities related to time (today, tomorrow, yesterday) A few learners identify and talk about morning routine activities in an appropriate order In groups or pairs, learners arrange pictures with various daily routine activities in a logical order. Learners sing songs on daily routines. Learners to watch a video on activities of the daily routine. 	 What do you do when you wake up in the morning before you come to school? How the things you do are different from what your mother or father does in the morning? What do you do when you arrive in school?
Core competence:				

- Citizenship-Learners will develop into responsible, ethical and socially connected individuals when they work in groups
- Self efficacy- learner develop self esteem, self confidence and will be capable performing tasks as expected

Link to PCIs:

- *Citizenship:* as they manage time.
- *Life skills:* critical thinking as they talk about daily routine.
- *Values:* sharing and turn taking.

Link to other activity areas: Language, environmental activities.

Suggested community service: – **non-formal activity to support learning through application:** learners assist parents with the daily household chores such as cleaning utensils, setting dining table to help speed up preparation for school/work

Suggested learning resources: Clock face, pictures and picture cut outs.

Achievement			
Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation	Above expectation
Can identify and talk about	Can identify and talk about morning	Can identify and talk about	Can mention only one morning
morning activities in an	activities in an appropriate order	morning routines without any	routine activity
appropriate order.		order	
Can arrange pictures with	Can arrange pictures with various daily	Can arrange pictures with	Cannot arrange pictures with
various daily routine activities	routine activities in logical order	various daily routine activities	various daily routines
in logical order		in logical order with assistance	
Talk about what different	Talk about what different people do on	Can talk about daily activities	Cannot talk about daily routine
people do on a daily basis and	a daily basis (father mother, brother,	done by other people with	activities
identify other routines	sister)	assistance	
Use vocabulary related to time	Use vocabulary related to time (today,	Use vocabulary related to time	Use vocabulary related to time
and talk about various	yesterday, tomorrow)	today and yesterday)	(today)
activities (today, yesterday,			
tomorrow)			

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry
				Questions
3.0 MEASUREMENT	3.5 Money	By the end of the sub-strand, the	• Guide learners to look at and talk	1. Which among these
	(Kenyan	learner should be able to:	about different sample currencies	is a coin or note?
	currency)	a) identify Kenyan currency	and identify Kenyan coins/notes	2. What can you see on

Coins and notes 10 lessons	 coins and notes b) buy items using Kenyan coins c) save money (coins and notes) d) make a simple budget basing on (coins and notes) e) appreciate the use of Kenyan currency (coins and notes) in their daily life 	 A few learners identifies Kenyan coins and notes Learners trace Kenyan coins In groups or pairs, learners role play buying and selling from a shop corner. Learners to match and pair Kenyan currency – coins and notes using ICT devices Learners to watch a video on role playing buying and selling. 	the coin?3. What can you see on the note?4. What do we use money for?5. What can we do with extra money (balance)?		
Core competencies: citizenship, communi	cation and collaboration.				
 Link to PCIs: <i>Citizenship:</i> as they use the Kenyan currency. <i>Life skill:</i> critical thinking as they use and draw simple budgets. <i>Values:</i> honesty as they use the currency. 					
Link to other activity areas: Psychomotor, language.					
Suggested community service: – non-formal activity to support learning through application: Children are send to buy items from the shop or market by the community members they become exposed to Kenya currency					
Suggested learning resources: Coins and r	notes, tins, boxes, papers pencils, shop	corner			

Achievement					
Above expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation		
Able to identify and talk about	Able to identify and talk about coins	Can identify coins cannot talk about	Can identify Kenyan coins		
different coins and notes	only	them			
Can trace Kenyan coins freely and	Can trace Kenyan coins but unable	Can trace Kenyan coins with	Cannot trace Kenyan coin.		
talk about them	to talk about them	assistance			
Can play the role of a shop keeper	Can play role of a buyer and express	Can play role of a buyer but not	Unable to role play a buyer.		
and a buyer and express self	self freely	express himself			
freely					
Can allocate money for buying	Can allocate money for buying	Can only buy one type of item and	Unable to buy an item unless		
different items and saving the	different items but not able to save	save balance	with assistance		
balance					

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry
				Questions
3.0 MEASUREMENT	3.6 Area (surface of objects) 10 lessons	 By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) observe different surfaces of different objects in the environment b) identify surfaces of different objects in the environment c) cover the area of different surfaces of objects using smaller objects d) appreciate different surfaces in the environment 	 Learners are guided to observe and identify different surfaces of objects in the environment Few learners identify different surfaces of objects in the environment In small groups or pairs, learners compare different surfaces of objects Demonstrate covering surfaces using small objects from the environment. Learners cover surfaces using small objects in the environment. Learners to shade or colour surfaces of different objects using ICT devices. 	 How many small pieces can cover this surface? Which surface is smaller or bigger? What else can we use to cover these surfaces?
Core competencies:				
 Communicati 	on and collaboration	as they work in groups		
Critical think	ing and problem solv	ing as they cover and find out pie	eces that can cover a surface	
Link to PCIs:				

- *Citizenship:* communication and collaboration as they collect materials.
- *Life skill:* critical thinking and problem solving as they cover surfaces.
- *Values:* love as they share and take turns.

Link to other activity areas:

- Psychomotor and creative activities
- Language activities
- Environmental activities

Suggested community service: – non-formal activity to support learning through application:

• Learners to participate in cleaning their neighbourhood

Suggested learning resources: Tables, plates, books, pieces of paper, bottle tops, hands, feet, blocks.

Achievement			
Above expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Identifying surfaces of 4 objects in	Identifying surfaces of 3 objects in	Identifying surfaces of 2 objects in	Identifying surfaces
the environment	the environment	the environment	of 1 objects in the
			environment
Group 4 different surfaces	Group 3 different surfaces	Group 2 different surfaces	Group 1 different
according to size	according to size	according to size	surfaces according
-			to size
Be able to use over 4 small objects	Be able to use 3 small objects to	Be able to use 2 small objects to	Be able to use 1
to cover a surface	cover a surface	cover a surface	small object to cover
			a surface

PSYCHOMOTOR AND CREATIVE ACTIVITIES

PSYCHOMOTOR AND CREATIVE ACTIVITIES

Essence Statement

Enable learners to develop both fine and gross motor skills which are necessary for the control and co-ordination of the different parts of the body. These activities enhance exploration and development of personal talents as well as appreciation of cultural heritage.

General Outcomes

By the end of the Pre-Primary the learner should be able to;

- 1. Coordinate various body parts for movement, creativity and relaxation
- 2. Engage in creative, music and psychomotor activities independently and in groups for holistic development.
- 3. Share art, music and play materials and equipment for harmonious co-existence.
- 4. Improvise costumes, and play materials using locally available and recycled materials for creativity and self-reliance.
- 5. Appreciate own and other peoples' cultures for preservation and transmission of our rich cultural heritage
- 6. Use ICT in play, music and creative activities for learning and enjoyment.
- 7. Observe safety and hygiene in play and learning environment for the learners' wellbeing

Strand	Sub-strands	Specific learning outcom	es Suggested learning experience Key ind	quiry questions
1.0 PICTURE MAKING TECHNIQUES	1.1 Drawing 1.1.1 Scribbling and doodling 4 Lessons	 By the end of the sub-strar the learner should be able to a) develop simple picture using scribbling techniques for fine mu development, b) develop simple picture using doodling technic for eye hand co- ordination, c) appreciate own and oth drawn work. 	to:drawing materialsto dsGuide learners on how to hold drawing tools2. Wh thescleGuide learners to develop simple pictures using scribbling technique3. Wh you drawingsGuide learners to develop simple pictures using doodling technique4.	hat would you like hraw? hat do you see in environment? hat material do h use for wing?
Education For Susta	nd collaboration d Contemporary Issues inable Development: Disaste inable Development: Health		 Link to Core Values Co-operation Turn taking Community service learning 	
MathematicsEnvironmental		• Mentorship		
 Non-formal activity to support learning through application Have painting activities 			Assessment: observation, question and answer,	,
	from local environment e.g. c		on	

Exceeding Above Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
 Able to handle drawing tool correctly Able to scribble with drawing tools Able to doodle with tools Able to comment on own and others work 	 Able to handle drawing tool correctly Able to scribble with drawing tools Able to doodle with tools Not able to comment on work 	 attempts to handle drawing tool correctly attempts to scribble with drawing tools Attempts to doodle with tools Not able to comment on work 	 does not handle drawing tool correctly Does not scribble nor doodle Not able to comment on work

Strand	Sub-Strands	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experience	Key Inquiry Questions
1.0 PICTURE MAKING TECHNIQUES	1.1Drawing 1.1.2 Dot joining 3 Lessons	 By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) develop simple pictures by dot joining techniques for enjoyment, b) draw simple pictures using drawing materials for creativity , c) appreciate own and others drawn work . 	 Provide learner with dotted online images Guide learners on how hold drawing tools Guide to earners to develop simple pictures by joining dots Display their work and discuss own and others work 	environment?3. How do they look like?4. What do you like about your drawn work?
 Core Competences Creativity and imagin Self-efficacy Communication and 				
Link to Pertinent and C	Contemporary Issues	ster Risk Reduction; Safety	Link to Core • Co-opera	

 Education For Sustainable Development: Health Education Links to other learning areas Mathematics Environmental 	 Turn taking Community service learning Mentorship
Non-formal activity to support learning through application	Assessment: observation, question and answer,
Have drawing activities	
Resources: materials from local environment e.g. charcoal, papers, pencil, crayon	
N/B Learners can experiment with different colours and shapes	

Exceeding Above Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
 Able to handle drawing tool correctly Able to complete joining up dots to make a picture Able to comment on own and others work 	 Able to handle drawing tool correctly Able to complete joining up dots to make a picture Not able to comment on work 	 Attempts to handle drawing tool correctly Attempts to join some dots correctly Not able to comment on work 	 Does not handle drawing tool correctly Not able to join dot Not able to comment on work

Strand	Sub-Strands	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experience	Key Inquiry Questions
1.0 PICTURE MAKING TECHNIQUES	1.2 Coloring 3 Lessons	 By the end of the sub-strand the leaner should be able to: a) identify common colours in the environment for colouring pictures b) learners apply colour on drawn plant pictures for aesthetic value c) appreciate own an others coloured work. 	 Guide learners to identify colors in the environment Guide learners to collect materials of different colour from the environment Assist group leaders to distribute papers to learners in groups Guide learners to color 	 Which colour do you like most? What colour are found in the environment?

	drawn items	
	• Guide to display and	
	discuss their colored	
Core competence		
Creativity and imagination		
Critical thinking		
Communication		
• Self efficacy		
Link to Pertinent and Contemporary Issues	Link to Values	
Education For Sustainable Development: Disaster Risk Reduction; Safety	• Sharing	
	Responsibility	
Links to other learning areas	Community service learning	
 Environmental Activities Language Activities 	• Plant flowers	
Non-formal activity to support learning through application	Assessment: observation, question and answer	
Nature walk		
Resources: materials from local environment e.g. Leaves, flowers, soil, charcoal, pape	rs, pencil, crayon	
N/B Learners can experiment with different colours and shapes		

Exceeding Above Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
 Can successfully: recognize common colours	 Recognize common colours	 Recognize some common colours Colour drawn item with assistance Has difficulty describing his/her coloured work 	 Has difficulty in recognizing
from the environment colour drawn items describe his or her coloured	from the environment Colour drawn items Somehow describes his/her		common colours Attempts to colour drawn item has difficulty describing his or her
work	coloured work		coloured work

Strand	Sub-Strands	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experience	Key Inquiry Questions
1.0 PICTURE MAKING TECHNIQUES	1.3 Coloring 3 Lessons	 By the end of the sub-strand the leaner should be able to: a) learners apply colour on drawn animal pictures for aesthetic value b) appreciate own an others coloured work 	 Guide learners to identify colors in the environment Guide learners to collect materials of different colour from the environment Assist group leaders to distribute papers to learners in groups Guide learners to color drawn items Guide to display and discuss their colored 	3. Which colour do you like most?4. What colour are found in the environment?
Core competence Creativity and ima Critical thinking Communication Self efficacy	agination			
	d Contemporary Issues	5	Link to Values	
		isaster Risk Reduction;	SharingResponsibility	
 Links to other learni Environmental Ac Language Activiti 	ctivities		Community service learningPlant flowers	
	to support learning thr	ough application	Assessment: observation, question and	answer
Resources : materials	from local environment eriment with different co	e.g. Leaves, flowers, soil, charco plours and shapes	bal, papers, pencil, crayon	

Exceeding Above Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
 Can successfully: recognize common colours from the environment colour drawn items describe his or her coloured work 	 Recognize common colours from the environment Colour drawn items Somehow describes his/her coloured work 	 Recognize some common colours Colour drawn item with assistance Has difficulty describing his/her coloured work 	 Has difficulty in recognizing common colours Attempts to colour drawn item has difficulty describing his or her coloured work

Strand	Sub-Strands	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experience	Key Inquiry Questions
1.0 PICTURE MAKING TECHNIQUES	2.2.1Painting 2 Lessons	 By the end of the sub- strand the leaner should be able to: a) create images using finger painting techniques for enjoyment b) perform free choice painting on paper for enjoyment c) appreciate own and others painted work 	 Guide learners to select painting materials Guide learners to use one colour Guide learners to create images using fingers Guide learners to paint according to their own interest Display own painted work Guide learner to share comments 	 What do you use for painting? What do you do after painting?
Core CompetenceCreativity and ISelf-efficacyCommunication		Dn		
Link to Pertinent	and Contempora	ry Issues	Link to Core Values	

Education For Sustainable Development: Disaster Risk	Co-operation			
Reduction; Safety	Turn taking			
Health Education				
Link to other learning areas: Environmental and Language Activities	Suggested Community service learning			
	• Mentorship			
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:	Suggested Assessment: Assessment: observation, question and			
Have painting activities	answer			
Resources: materials from local environment e.g. Leaves, flowers, soil, charcoal, papers, pencil, crayon				
N/B Learners can experiment with different colours and shapes				

Exceeding Above Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
 Able to: identify different painting tools appreciate the use of painting tools create images using finger technique perform free choice successfully 	 Able to: identify some painting tools create some patterns using finger painting technique fairly perform free choice successfully 	 attempt identifying painting tools fairly creates some patterns using finger painting technique fairly perform free choice successfully 	 does not paint no appreciation no attempt of appreciation of work done

Strand	Sub-Strands	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experience	Key Inquiry Questions
1.0 PICTURE MAKING TECHNIQUES	1.3.1 Painting 3 Lessons	 By the end of the sub-strand the leaner should be able to: a) apply paint on shapes for enjoyment b) perform free choice painting on paper for enjoyment c) appreciate own and others painted work 	 Guide learners to select painting materials Guide learners to use one colour Guide learners to draw shape Guide learners to apply paint on shapes using brushes Display own painted work Guide learner to share comments 	3. What do you use for painting?4. What do you do after painting?
Core Competenc Creativity and Self-efficacy Communication				
	t and Contemporary Issue	es I	Link to Core Values	
	or Sustainable Developmen afety		• Co-operation	
Link to other learning areas:Environmental and Language Activities			Suggested Community service learning Mentorship	
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:Have painting activities		hrough application:	Suggested Assessment: Assessment: observatio	n, question and answer

Exceeding Above Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
 Able to: identify different painting tools appreciate the use of painting tools apply colour on shape using brush perform free choice successfully 	 Able to: identify some painting tools apply colour on shape using brush fairly perform free choice successfully love 	 attempt identifying painting tools attempts to apply colour on shape using brush fairly perform free choice successfully 	 does not paint no attempt of appreciation of work done

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learni	ng Experience	Key Inquiry Questions
2.0 PICTURE MAKING TECHNIQUES	2.1Printing Pattern making 4 lessons	By the end of the sub-strand the leaner should be able to: a) make patterns using objects for creativity b) appreciate own and others painted work	 materials Guide learners Guide learners objects using b Learners create different objec Display own p 		 Which colour do you like for making patterns Which materials do you use for making patterns? Which printing do you like?
 Core Competence Creativity and Self-efficacy Communication 					
	and Contemporary	Issues opment: Disaster Risk Reduction	a. Safatu	Link to Core Values	
 Health Educat 		opinent: Disaster Kisk Keutcuoi	I, Salety	Co-operationTurn taking	
Link to other lease Environmental and	y service learning				
• Have painting	activities	ing through application:		Observation	t; Question and answer,
		nment e.g. Leaves, flowers, soil, t rent colours and shapes	orush, sponge, papers	s, pencil, crayon	

Exceeding Above Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
 Able to; identify different printing tools appreciate the use of printing tools create patterns using finger and others objects technique perform free choice successfully 	 Able to; identify some printing tools create some patterns using finger printing technique fairly perform free choice successfully 	 attempts identifying printing tools fairly creates some patterns using finger and other objects printing technique fairly performs free choice successfully 	 does not printing no attempt of appreciation of work done

Strand	Sub- Strands	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experience	Key Inquiry Questions
3.0 PICTURE MAKING TECHNIQUES	3.1 Mosaic 4 Lessons	 By the end of the sub-strand the leaner should be able to: a) identify locally available materials for making mosaic pictorials for fun. b) create a simple pictorial using paper cuts for enjoyment. c) appreciate the sue of locally available materials in creating pictorials 	 Guide learners to collect materials for making mosaic items Guide group leaders to distribute materials to Learners to create simple mosaic items Observe safety when using materials Guided in appreciating own and others work as learners express their emotions. 	 What should we use to make mosaic items? Which material do you like most?
Core Competence				

Core Competence

• Creativity and Imagination

• Self-efficacy

• Critical thinking and problem solving

 Link to Pertinent and Contemporary Issues Education For Sustainable Development: Disaster Risk Reduction; Safety Financial literacy Health Education; hygiene 	Link to Core ValuesResponsibility		
Link to other learning areas:Language, Environment, Mathematics	 Suggested Community service learning Visit neighborhood and collect materials 		
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application: Suggested Assessment • Fun day • Observation , self assessment, question and answers Resources: materials from local environment e.g. , soil, brush, sponge, papers, pencil, glue N/B Learners can experiment with different colours and shapes			

Exceeding Above Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
 Can do all the following activities successfully: identify locally materials for making mosaic create simple picture using mosaic technique observe safety when using material give meaning to his/her mosaic work 	 Can perform any of the three activities successfully: identify local materials for making mosaic create simple picture using mosaic technique observe safety when using material give meaning to his/her work 	 Can perform two activities independently and be assisted to perform others: identify local material for making mosaic give meaning to his/her work create simple mosaic item 	 Can't perform a simple activity independently: Identify material for making mosaic Create simple mosaic items Observe safety

Strand	Sub-Strands	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experience Key Inquiry Questions
3.0 PICTURE MAKING TECHNIQUES	3.2 Collage 5 Lessons	 By the end of the sub-strand the leaner should be able to: a) Identify materials used in creating collage pictures for fun b) Create a simple collage picture using a variety locally materials for enjoyment c) Appreciate their own and others work 	 Guide learners to collect materials from their immediate environment Guide learners into groups for material sharing Guide learners to stick different materials on the paper using glue, wheat flour or sap Insure learners observe safety when using collage materials Guide learners to appreciate their own and others work learners store finished items in the cupboard learners clean up the working area
Core CompetenceCommunication anSelf-efficacy	d collaboration		
Link to Pertinent and	stainable Develops with emotion g areas:	nent: Disaster Risk Reduction;	 Link to Core Values Sharing Co-operation Suggested Community service learning Visit neighborhood and collect materials
 Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application: Group craft activities Resources: materials from local environment e.g., soil, brush, sponge, pape 		g through application:	Suggested Assessment • Observation • Question and answer • Self assessment
N/B Learners can expe			s, pencil, glue, sand, egg shells, seeds

Exceeding Above Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
 Can perform all the following activities successfully Identify materials used in making collage Select and stick different materials to make simple collage items Express feelings as his/her work and gallery walk 	 Can perform most the following; Can collect materials from the immediate environment Can perform any of the activities successfully Create simple collage items using collage technique Observe safety when using materials Give meaning to his/her collage work 	 Can perform three activities independently assisted to perform others Identify local materials for making mosaic Give meaning to his/her work Create simple mosaic items 	 Cannot perform a single activity independently Identify materials for making collage Create simple collage Observe safety

Strand	Sub-Strands	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experience	Key Inquiry Questions
4.0 MODELLING	 4.1 Modeling using ball technique 2 Lessons 	 By the end of the sub-strand the leaner should be able to: a) Identify materials for modeling objects for familiarization b) Model simple objects using ball technique for fine motor development c) Model freely for fun d) Display finished objects for appreciating own and others work 	 Guide learners identify materials for modeling Guide learners into working groups Guide learners to use clay, plasticine, dough, paper matchie, for modeling Learners display, appreciate own and others work 	 What materials do you use for modeling? What do you like modeling?

- Creativity and imagination
- Communication and collaboration
- Self-efficacy

 Link to Pertinent and Contemporary Issues Education For Sustainable Development; Safety Health Education: Hygiene 	 Link to Core Values Sharing Co-operation
Link to other learning areas: • Language • Environmental • Mathematics • CRE, IRE, HRE	 Responsibility Suggested Community service learning Improve school ground
 Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application: Have modeling activities 	Suggested Assessment Observation Question and answer Self assessment
Resources: materials from local environment e.g clay, Plastacine ,sponge, page	per machier, pencii, giue,

Exceeding Above Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
 Can successfully identify two modeling techniques Model successfully using slab and ball Model successfully at least a complete object 	 Can successfully identify one modeling technique Can successfully model any one of the following modeling methods stab or ball Can successfully model an average object 	 Fairly identify one modeling technique Fair Model using one of the following slab or ball Model unfinished object 	 Can't identify any modeling technique without assistance Model any form of item which cannot be identified by the two methods Model unfinished object

Strand	Sub-Strands	Specific Learning Outcomes Cen	sure	Suggested Learning Experience	Key Inquiry Questions
4.0 Modelling	4.2 Modeling using slab technique 3 Lessons	 By the end of the sub-strand the le should be able to: a) Model simple objects using slattechnique for fine motor development b) Model freely for fun c) Display finished objects for appreciation of own and other work 	ab	 Guide learners identify materials for modeling Guide learners into working groups Guide learners to use clay, plasticine/ paper machier, for modeling Learners display, appreciate own and others work 	 What materials do you use for modeling What shape do you like modeling How do you model?
	nd imagination tion and collaboration				
Link to Pertine	nt and Contemporary	Issues	Lin	k to Core Values	
	For Sustainable Develo	pment: Safety	•	Sharing	
• Health Educ	ation: Hygiene			Co-operation	
				Respect	
Link to other le	earning areas:			gested Community service learning	
LanguageEnvironment	to1		•	Improve school ground	
 Environment Mathematics 					
 CRE, IRE, H 					
	ctivity to support learn	ing through application:	Obs	gested Assessment ervation stion and answer	
			-	assessment	
Resources: mate	erials from local environ	ment e.g clay, Plastasine ,sponge, pa	aper n	achier,glue	

Exceeding Above Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
 Can successfully identify two modeling techniques Model successfully using slab and ball Able to appreciate own and others work 	 Can successfully identify one modeling technique Can successfully model an average object Cannot comment on the work 	 Fairly identify one modeling technique Fair Model using one of the following slab Model incomplete object 	 Can't identify any modeling technique without assistance Model incomplete object

Strand	Sub-Strands	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experience	Key Inquiry Questions
5.0 PAPER CRAFT	5.1 Weaving 6 lessons	 By the end of the sub-strand the leaner should be able to: a) Identify materials for weaving for familiarization b) Weave using papers for fun. c) Appreciate own and others work 	 Guide learners to learners identify weaving materials. Guidegroup leaders to distribute cut paper to learners Guide learners on interlacing of paper strips Learners work in pairs, small groups as they practice weaving. Learners observe safety as they work in groups. Learners display their work and gallery walk. 	 Which item do you enjoy weaving Which materials do you use for weaving? What do you use the woven materials for?
CommunicatiSelf-efficacyCritical think	ce d imagination ion and collaboration ing and problem solving t and Contemporary I		to Core Values	

Life skills; effective communication	 Responsibility Cooperation Sharing
Link to other learning areas:	Suggested Community service learning
Language, Environmental, Mathematics	Collecting litters
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:	Suggested Assessment
Group craft activities	Observation, question and answer, self assessment
Resources: Paper strips of different colours	

Exceeding Above Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
Can successfully;	• Identify materials for weaving	• Attempts to Identify materials for	• Has difficulty in
• Identify materials for weaving	Weave correctly	weaving	identify materials for
• Use paper strips to weave	• Attempts to appreciate own and	• Attempts to weave	weaving
correctly	others finished work	Enjoys own work	 assisted to weave
Appreciate own and others			
finished work			

Strand	Sub-Strands	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experience	Key Inquiry Questions
5.0 PAPER CRAFT	5.2 Paper folding 3 Lessons	 By the end of the sub-strand the leaner should be able to: a) Identify materials for paper folding b) Make items using folding techniques for enjoyment c) Appreciate paper folding for fun 	 Guide learners Identify materials for paper folding Guide learners on different ways of folding papers Guide learners practice making items using paper folding technique in pairs and small groups Express their emotions as they display their work 	 What items do you enjoy making? Which ways do you fold the paper? Which items do you make using paper folding?
Core Competence	· · · · · · · ·			

• Creativity and imagination

Communication and collaboration	
• Self-efficacy	
Critical thinking and problem solving	
Link to Pertinent and Contemporary Issues	Link to Core Values
Life skills; effective communication	Responsibility
	Co-operation
	• Sharing
Link to other learning areas:	Suggested Community service learning
• Language	• Collecting litters
• Environmental	
Mathematics	
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:	Suggested Assessment
Group craft activities	Observation
	Question and answer
	Self-assessment
Resources: Papers of different colours	

Exceeding Above Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
 Able to Identify materials for paper craft Make items using paper Able to appreciate own and others work 	 Able to Identify materials for paper craft Able to make items using paper with little assistance Able to appreciate own and others work 	 Can fairly identify materials for paper craft With assistance can make items using paper Attempts to appreciate own and others work 	 Cannot identify techniques of folding papers No attempt to make items using paper Has difficulty in appreciating own and others work

Strand	Sub-Strands	Specific Learning Outcome	s Suggested Experienc		Key Inquiry Questions
6.0 CREATING SHAPES AND FORMS USING ICT	6.1 Creating shapes and forms 5 lessons	 By the end of the sub-strand leaner should be able to: a) Interact with the gadgets for familiarization b) Display the ability to ope the gadgets for creating s c) Create shapes using elect gadgets for creativity d) Appreciate own created s for fun 	freely freely rate hapes ronic hapes hapes electro Guide relevar applica shapes applica bapes electro relevar shapes hapes on the	ation(Program) learners to create using ICT ation ers to observe safety use of ICT devices ers to store ICT	 What electronic gadget did you use to create forms and shapes? What shape can you create? How did you operate electronic gadgets to create shapes and forms?
	blem solving Contemporary Issues	s It: Disaster Risk Reduction;	Link to Core Valu Responsibility 		
Safety Link to other learning areas: • Mathematics, Language		 Suggested Community service learning Interact with parents and other siblings 		8	
 Non-Formal Activity to Visit a supermarket Resources: ICT Devices 			Suggested Assess Observation, own	ment assessment, question a	and answer
		* *			

Exceeding Above Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
 Can name electronic gadgets Can open relevant ICT programm Uses the gadgets confidently 	 Can name electronic gadgets Can open relevant ICT programm Attempts to use the gadgets 	 Attempts to name some electronic gadgets uses the gadgets with assistance 	 cannot name electronic gadgets cannot sue the gadgets

Strand	Sub-Strands	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experience	Key Inquiry Questions
7.0 CONSTRUCTION	7.1 3D forms 4 Lessons	 By the end of the substrand the leaner should be able to: a) Identify materials for construction b) Construct simple 3D objects for creativity c) Handling materials for interaction d) Display for appreciation 	 a) Learners collect materials from the environment. b) Learners interact with materials as they make objects c) Learners construct 3D Objects and simple playing materials. d) Learners display work and talk about own and others e) Learners to be guided on safety precautions when collecting and -working with materials f) Express their emotions as they display work. g) Store and care for materials. 	 How do you make 3d forms? What should you consider when collecting materials?

• Creativity and imagination

Communication and collaboration	
Critical thinking	
Self-efficacy	
Link to Pertinent and Contemporary Issues	Link to Core Values
Education For Sustainable Development: Disaster Risk	• Coping with emotions, co-operation, responsibility, sharing
Reduction; Safety	
Health Education: Hygiene	
Financial Literacy	
Link to other learning areas:	Suggested Community service learning
Mathematics, Language, Environmental	Observation, Question and answer
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:	Suggested Assessment
Cooking (kalongo)	Observation, question and answer
Resources: soft wire, carton boxes, banana stock	

Exceeding Above Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
 Can identify materials for construction Can collect materials from the environment for creativity Able to construct simple 3D's objects for creativity 	 Can identify materials for construction Can collect materials from the environment in a relaxed way Able to construct simple 3D's objects for enjoyment 	 Can identify some materials for construction Collect materials with assistance Can construct simple 3D's objects but with assistance 	 Needs assistance to identify materials for construction Needs assistance to collect materials from the environment for familiarization Needs assistance to construct simple 3D's objects

Strand	Sub-strands	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experience Key inquiry questions
8.0 ORNAMENTS	8.1 Beading 4 Lessons	 By the end of the sub-strand leaner should be able to: a) Identify materials use beading b) Make beads using loc available materials for aesthetics c) Appreciate own and of finished beading work 	 collect locally available materials Learners to sort the materials to use Guide learners to string beads. Learners to work in pairs and small groups to make beads.
Core Competence Creativity and imaginat Critical thinking Communication and col Self-efficacy	llaboration		
 Link to Pertinent and Education For Sus Reduction; Safety Financial Literacy Health Education: Health Education: Health Education: Health Education 	tainable Developme		Link to Core ValuesSharingResponsibility
Link to other learning areas: Mathematics Environmental Language 			 Suggested Community service learning Collecting material at home and within the environment
 Non-Formal Activity t Group craft activitie Resources: Beads ,raw 	es es	through application:	Suggested Assessment Observation, self assessment, question and answer

Exceeding Above Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
 Able to Identify materials for beading from the environment Can make beads freely Appreciate the finished work 	 Can identify materials for beading from the environment Make beads freely Appreciates the finished work 	 Can identify materials for beading with assistance Make beads with assistance Attempts to appreciate the finished work 	 Needs assistance to be able to identify materials for beading Cannot make beads Cannot appreciate the finished work

Strand	Sub-Strands	Specific	Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experience	Key Inquiry Questions
8.0 ORNAMENTS	8.2 Bracelet making 4 Lessons	leaner sh a) ident for m enjoy b) make local for cr c) appr	ad of the sub-strand the ould be able to: ify different materials naking bracelets for yment e simple bracelets using ly available materials reativity eciate own and others ned work.	 Guide learners to; identify materials from the environment sort materials for bracelets making Make bracelets of their choice in pairs or small groups. Observe safety during materials collection and in making bracelets. display the made bracelets, appreciate own and others work 	 What materials did you collect from the environment? How did you make your bracelet?
	ication and collabora	ation		·	•
Self-efficCritical the	eacy hinking and problem	solving			
	t and Contemporal		Link to Core Values		
• Education F Environment	or Sustainable Deve al awareness	elopment:	• Unity, love		

ink to Pertinent and Contemporary Issues	Link to Core Values
Education For Sustainable Development:	• Unity, love
Environmental awareness	

Link to other learning areas:	Suggested Community service learning	
MathematicsEnvironmentalLanguage	Nature walk to collect materials	
Non-Formal Activity to support learning	Suggested Assessment	
through application:	Observation of children's activities,	
• Role play	Question and answer,	
Resources: Soft wires, beads, thread, soft raw seeds		

Exceeding Above Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
 Can identify materials for making bracelets creatively Can make simple bracelets from locally available materials The learner has the ability to explain his/her finished work 	 Can identify materials for making bracelets creatively Can make simple bracelets from locally available materials The learner attempts to explain finished work 	 Can identify some materials for making bracelets for enjoyment Can make simple bracelets with assistance Can attempt to explain finished work with assistance 	 Attempts to identify materials with assistance May not make simple bracelets Cannot comment on finished work

Music Activity 2

Strand	Sub-strands	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experience	Key inquiry questions
9.0 PERFORMANCE	9.1 musical Rhymes 5 Lessons	 By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to; a) recite simple rhymes for enjoyment b) demonstrate the ability to recit simple rhymes for fun c) Appreciate different rhymes 	 Guide learners in groups to listen to recorded rhymes Guide learners to listen specialists demonstrate rhyming Guide learners to rhyme in pairs or small groups Guide learners to present own composed rhymes 	 Which rhyme do you recite? Whose rhyme do you like most?
-	ing to recorded rhyme	es		
Link to Pertinent and C			Links to Core Value:	
Mentorship and peer	education		 Collaboration 	
Link to other learning aEnvironmental, lange			Community service learning Invite a specialist to demonstrate diffe	rent rhymes
 Non-formal activity to support learning Invite peers from other classes levels to demonstrate rhyming during fun days 		Suggested Assessment • Observation, checklist, question an Suggested resources: Audio recording persons	nd answer	

Exceeding Above Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
• Able to perform simple rhythms	• Can perform simple rhythms with assistance	• Has difficulty in performing rhythms	• Needs assistance as he or she can't attempt to recite or
• Able to recite simple thymes at ease	• Recite simple rhythms with assistance	Difficulty in reciting rhythmsNo interest in reciting rhythms	perform simple rhythms
 Show interest in performing simple rhythms 	• Shows less interest when reciting rhythms		

Strand	Sub-Strands	Specific Learning Outcome	s Suggested Learning Experience Key Inquiry Questions
9.0 PERFORMANCE	 9 .2 Singing games 5 Lessons 	 By the end of the sub-strand the leaner should be able to; a) Identify simple singing g for enjoyment b) Perform simple singing games for fun c) Perform simple singing games using props d) Appreciate their culture a they perform 	 singing games freely. Guide learners to identify props to accompany singing games. Guide learners to perform singing games from different cultures in groups and in pairs. Guide learners to watch a video on singing games from different cultures. Guide learners to perform singing games from different cultures. Guide learners to perform singing games from different cultures.
 Self-efficacy – as lear 			ups
• Digital literacy – sue	•••		
Citizenship – perform			
Links to Pertinent and		ues	Links to Core Values
Collaboration and un	2		Citizenship and diversity
Links to other learning Language Mathematics Environmental Religious activiti 			Suggested Community Service Invite a resource person to enlighten them about the morals and values in the singing game
Non-formal activity to s			Suggested Assessment
Music festivals and fun d			• Observation, observation checklist, walk and watch Suggested learning resources: videos, recorded music festival items, resource persons

	ceeding Above	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
Ex	pectation			
•	Identify by naming simple singing games in their environment Perform simple singing games from different culture with props Enjoy other culture as they perform different games	 Identify by naming some of the singing game in their country Attempt performing simple singing games from different culture with props Enjoy other culture as they perform different songs 	 Attempt singing songs in their language Attempt simple singing games from different culture with props Enjoy others culture as they sing and perform different games 	 Does not identify singing game No performance of singing game No enjoyment of singing games No attempt to sue props

Strand	Sub-Strands	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experience	Key Inquiry Questions
9.0 PERFORMANCE	9.3 Play simple musical Instrument5 Lessons	 By the end of the sub-strand the leaner should be able to: a) identify various ICT devices that produce music for fun b) listen and perform music for enjoyment c) appreciate self and other's performed music. 	 Learners to be guided to name various electronic gadgets Operate ICT devices to listen and respond to music Perform simple music from various ICT devices Coordinate parts of the body as they play music from various ICT devices Observe safety as they use, operate and store electronic gadgets 	 Which game do you like playing? Whom do you enjoy playing with?

Core Competence

• Self- efficacy; As they perform simple music

- Critical thinking identify various games
- Communication and collaboration as they work with one another

Link to PCI	Link to Core Values
Education For Sustainable Development; Safety	• Unity
Link to other activity areas	Suggested Community Service Learning

Mathematics, Language, Religious activities and Environmental	Invite a resource person to teach games	
Non-formal activity to support learning	Suggested Assessment	
Drama festival	• Observation, question and answer, observation checklist, walk as you observe	
	Suggested resources: Audio recorders, radios, televisions, mobile	
	phones and resource persons.	

Exceeding Above Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
Able to:	Able to:	Able to:	
 Identify at least four ICT devices that produce music Operate ICT devices that produce music Listen to and perform music from an electronic media Co-ordinate parts of the body as they respond to music 	 Identify at least three ICT devices that produce music Operate ICT devices that produce music fairly well Listen to and perform music from an electronic medias Attempt to co-ordinate parts of the body as they respond to music 	 Identify at least two ICT devices that produce music Listen and perform music from an electronic media Attempt operating an electronic media Fairly attempt to respond by coordinating the body 	 Does not identify at least one ICT device that produces music Does not respond to music from an ICT device No attempt to respond to music by the use of body

Strand	Sub-Strands	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experience	Key Inquiry Questions
10.0 LISTENING AND RESPONDING	10.1Musical Sounds 5 Lessons	 By the end of the sub-strand the leaner should be able to: a) Identify various sound made by various animals from the environment for familiarization b) Sing songs related to musical sounds made by animals in the environment for enjoyment. 	 Guide learners for nature walk to listen to various sounds made by animals in their environment. Learners identify various sounds from the environment. Organize learners tossing various songs related to sound in the environment. Learners to imitate various sounds from the environment. 	 Which sounds did you listen to? Which animal sound did you like most?

	c) Appreciate various musical sound made animals	by	• Learners to observe safety as they nature walk.	
Core Competence			· · · · · ·	
Learning to learn critical thinking				
Link to Pertinent and Contemporary Issues		Link to Core Values		
• Self esteem, efficacy		• Unity		
• Education For Sustainable Development: Disaster Risk Reduction; Safety				
Link to other learning Activity areas:		Suggested Community service learning		
• Environmental, CRE, IRE, HRE		• Take care of animals in their environment		
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:		Suggested Assessment		
Music artifacts		Observation, question and answer		
		Obser	vation checklist	

Exceeding Above	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
Expectation			
 Enjoys listening to sounds in the environment Identifies most of the sound from the environment Produce musical sounds from sounds of animals in the environment in a creative way Identifies directions from which the sound come 	 Enjoys listening to sounds in the environment Identifies most of the sounds from the environment Produce musical sounds from sounds of animals in the environment in a creative way Identifies directions from which the sounds come 	 Enjoys listening to sounds from the environment Identifies some of the sounds from the environment Produces music from sounds of animals in the environment with assistance Identifies some directions from which the sounds come 	 Enjoys listening to sounds from the environment with encouragement Identifies a few sounds from the environment with assistance Cannot produce music from sounds in the environment Does not identify direction from which the sounds come

Strand	Sub-strands	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experience Key inquiry questions	
10.0 LISTENING AND RESPONDING	10.2 Imitatingsounds5 lessons	 By the end of the sub-strand leaner should be able to: a) Identify sources of sound the environment for familiarization b) Imitate sounds made in the environment for enjoyment for enjoyment c) Appreciate sounds produced in the environment 	 listen to different sounds in the environment to identify the sources of sound in the environment. to imitate sounds produced in the from? 	
Core Competence Communication and col	laboration			
Self-efficacy				
Link to Pertinent and	Contemporary Issue	es	Link to Core Values	
	-	nt: Animal awareness	• Humility	
Environmental awa				
Link to other learning areas:			Suggested Community service learning	
			Nature walk in the neighbourhood – caring for animals	
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:		hrough application:	Suggested Assessment	
Music festival			• Observation of children's individual activity, question and answer through discussion	

Exceeding Above Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
Can successfully;	• Listen to sound	Listen fairly well	• Cannot listen sounds without
• Listen to sounds	• Identify sources of sounds	• Fairly identify sources of	assistance
• Identify sources of sound	Imitate sounds	sound	• Attempts to identify
• Imitate sounds correctly	• Express his feelings towards	• Tries to imitate sounds	• Attempts to imitate sounds
• Make sound they have listened	sound produced	 Enjoy sounds produced 	• Fair enjoyment of the sounds
Appreciate sound produced			produced

Strand	Sub-Strands	Specific Learning Outcom	es Suggested Learning Experience	Key Inquiry Questions	
11.0 MUSICAL RHYTHM	11.1 Creating and composing rhythmic patterns 5 5	 By the end of the sub-strand leaner should be able to: a) Produce rhythmic patter using body for strength body coordination b) Creating various rhythmic patterns for talent development c) Play simple percussion instruments for fun 	 create free rhythmic pattern. Could watch films on different rhythmic patterns from videos and films. Identify percussion instruments Practice playing simple 	 What percussion instruments do we use to create rhythmic patterns? Which percussion instruments did you use? How do you play different percussion instruments? 	
 Critical thinking and Imagination and cree Communication and 	eativity l collaboration	videos Disaster Risk Reduction; Sa	fety		
Link to Pertinent and			Link to Core Values		
Patriotism	- -		Appreciation		
Link to other learning areas:Environmental and Language		 Suggested Community service learning Playing percussion with their siblings 			
 Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application: Music Festival 		Suggested Assessment Questions and answer Observation			

Exceeding Above Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
 Can name electronic gadgets Uses the gadgets confidently 	 can name electronic gadgets can freely use the gadgets	 may not name some electronic gadgets uses the gadgets with assistance 	 cannot name electronic gadgets cannot sue the gadgets

Out Door Activity-3

Strand	Sub-Strands	Specific Learning Outcom	ies	Suggested Learning Experience	Key Inquiry Questions
12.0 BASIC MOTOR SKILLS	12.1 Locomotive 30 Lessons	 By the end of the sub-strand leaner should be able to: a) Acquire the skills of craand swinging for feasible and strength b) Demonstrate the ability crawl and swing for enjoyment c) Have fun as they crawl swing in turns 	awling ility to	 Guide the learners to crawl and swing Learners have opportunity for free performance. Guide them to observe safety as they perform activities. Guide them on how to deal with emotions. Learners would perform the activities in groups and in pairs. 	 Which activity do you enjoy most? Which activity would like to perform? When do you like playing with?
Core Competence Critical thinking and pro Learn to learn as they m	6	arners perform the activities			
Link to Pertinent and Life skills – coping Education For Sustain	Contemporary Issue with emotions			to Core Values	
 Link to other learning areas: Language Environmental Religious Activities 		 Suggested Community service learning Visit community recreation places and enjoy swinging 		enjoy swinging	
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:Fun day		• 0	sted Assessment oservation, question and answer, obser sted resources: balls, bean bags	rvation schedule	

Exceeding Above	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
Expectation			
• Able to demonstrate crawling and swinging skills	• Can successfully identify any of the two skills of crawling and swinging	• Can successfully identify any of the two skills of crawling and swinging	• Can't identify any of the two skills of crawling and swinging
 Can swing perfectly and crawl independently Shares play equipment's in groups 	 Can swing averagely and crawl with assistance Can successfully play in groups of two pairs 	 Can successfully swing with assistance and crawl with assistance Can successfully play alone 	Can't swing and crawl without assistanceCan't play with others

Strand	Sub-strands	Specific learning outcome	es Suggested learning experience	Key inquiry questions	
12.0 BASIC MOTOR SKILLS	12.2 Non- locomotive 30 Lessons	 By the end of the sub-stran the leaner should be able to a) acquire stretching and bending skills for musc development. b) bending and stretching body co-ordination c) have fun as they stretch and bend 	 b: freely Learners guided to perform stretching and bending activities g for Organize learners to observe safety precautions as they 	 Which activity did you perform? Which activity did you enjoy? How did you feel as your partner performed the activities? 	
Core CompetenceCommunication as	nd collaboration – wher	n working in groups			
• Self-efficacy – as the	hey express their emotior	ns during performance			
Link to Pertinent and	Contemporary Issues nable Development – Sa		Link to Core Values		
 Life Skills – asserti 	-	•	Responsibility		
Link to other learning areas:		S	Suggested Community service learning		
• Language		•	• Learn from their siblings at school and at home		
• Environmental					
Religious Activities	8				

Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:	Suggested Assessment	
Gymnastics/fun games	• Observation, observation checklist, question and answers, peer	
	assessment	

Exceeding Above Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
 Can stretch and bend accurately Can show the effective development of fine and gross motor skills Can follow the styles/steps of doing activities well Has ability to change from one activity to the other i.e. bending, stretching and squatting 	 Can fairly stretch and bend Fairly display effectively development of fine and gross motor skills in activities Can follow direction of doing activities fairly well i.e. bend, stretch etc. 	 The motor skills fairly developed but cannot do activities accurately Follow directions for some activities Gets fatigued very past 	 Has very little muscle control Gets fatigued fast Cannot follow the directions of doing activities well

Strand	Sub-Strands	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experience	Key Inquiry Questions
12.0 BASIC MOTOR SKILLS	12.3 Manipulative Skills30 Lessons	 By the end of the sub-strand the leaner should be able to: a) Acquire a range of manipulative for talent development b) Perform various manipulative activities for enjoyment c) Have fun as they practice various manipulative skills d) Develop awareness of different strength required for kicking different objects 	 collect items/materials from the immediate environment that they can use for manipulation. Learners practice throwing and catching objects freely. guide learner on the safety precautions to be followed during throwing and catching. 	 What did you enjoy doing? Which materials did you use?

Core Competence Communication and collaboration – when collecting materials, when playing in groups in pairs and taking turns Critical thinking and problem solving – when throwing and catching and kicking different Self-efficacy – as they take turns and appreciate own and others			
Link to Pertinent and Contemporary Issues Link to Core Values • Financial literacy • Responsibility and Sharing Education For Sustainable Development; observation safety • Responsibility and Sharing			
Link to other activity areas: Suggested Community service learning • Religious Activities, Language and Environmental • Art display			
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:Observation	Suggested Assessment Observation		

Exceeding Above Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
 Perform various manipulative activities correctly Practice various manipulative skills confidently 	 Performs various manipulative activities correctly Practice various manipulative skills confidently 	 Attempts manipulative skills Attempt performing various manipulative activities With assistance practice various manipulative activities 	 Can't attempt manipulative activities Has difficulty in manipulative activities Does not practice various manipulative activities

Strand	Sub-Strands	Specific Learning Outcom	es	Suggested Learning Experience	Key Inquiry Questions
13.0 FUN GAMES	13.1 Traditionalgames30 Lessons	 By the end of the sub-strand leaner should be able to: a) identify various tradition and modern games for performance b) perform different traditing games for enjoyment c) perform various game for 	nal onal	 Guide learners to; collect materials from home and neighborhood. learners identify various traditional and modern games played in the environment. perform traditional and modern games in pairs, small groups and whole class. -observe safety when playing various traditional and modern games. Practice proper storage of playing materials. 	 Where do we get the materials for traditional and modern games? What types of games do you played? How did you play the games? Which games do you enjoy playing?
Core Competence Communication and co Imagination and creativ Self-efficacy					
 Link to Pertinent and Contemporary Issues Financial literacy – proper storage of materials Link to other learning areas: Environmental and Language 		• Re Sugge	o Core Values espect sted Community service learning vite a resource person to teach moder	rn and traditional games	
Non-Formal Activity 1Visit old people	to support learning th	nrough application:		sted Assessment ons and answer, Observation	

Exceeding Above Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
 Can successfully identify games within the environment Can perform the games successfully Can perform games with props correctly 	 Be able to identify games within the environment Can perform the games successfully Can perform games with props well 	 Can identify game within the environment with assistance May perform the games with assistance Can attempt to perform games with props well 	 Cannot identify games within the environment Needs assistance to perform some games Cannot perform games with props well

Strand	Sub-Strands	Specific Learning Outcom	es Suggested Learning Experience	Key Inquiry Questions
14.0 SWIMMING	14.1Pool safety hygiene 15 lessons	 By the end of the sub-strand leaner should be able to: a) identify basic water safer rules in the pool for mass b) apply basic water safety in the pool for personal c) have fun as they role pla basic water safety rules pool d) display ability to use safer materials in water for semiconder the straight in the safer semiconder the straight in the safer semiconder the straight in the s	 water safety rules to observe in the pool. Learner could watch a film on swimming safety gears. Guide learners to use improvised pools as they observe safety rules. Take turns as they practicing safety rules in the pool. 	 Which safety rules should you observe in the pool? What should you do before getting into a swimming pool? Which materials do you use in the pool for safety?
Core Competence Self-efficacy Communication and co	llaboration			•
Link to Pertinent and Contemporary Issues Education For Sustainable Development: Disaster Risk Reduction; Safety		Link to Core ValuesResponsibility		
Link to other learning	gareas:		Suggested Community service learning	

• Environmental	Share with peers basic safety rules	
Language Activities		
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:	Suggested Assessment	
Swimming competition	Observation, question and answer, observation checklist	

Exceeding Above Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
 Successfully identifies basic water safety rules Apply basic water safety rules Display ability to use safety materials confidently Enjoy using basic water rules and safety materials 	 Identify basic water safety rules Apply basic water safety rules Display ability to use safety materials confidently Enjoy using basic water rules and safety materials 	 With assistance can identify basic water safety Attempts to apply basic water safety rules Use safety materials Enjoys basic water rules with assistance 	 Has difficulty identifying rules No application of basic rules May display ability to use safety rules Fairly enjoys basic safety rules and materials

Strand	Sub-Strands	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experience	Key Inquiry Questions
14.0 SWIMMING	14.2Water orientation 15 lessons	 By the end of the sub-strand the leaner should be able to: a) Demonstrate ability to take care of themselves when playing with water for personal safety b) Demonstrate basic swimming skills for talent development c) Have fun when playing with in in water 	 Guide learners interact with water freely. Guide them to practice basic safety precautions when playing with water. Guide them to adjusting in water in the pool. Sing routine songs as they enter and exit water. Walking in a baby pool Guide learners to demonstrate basic swimming styles in turns 	 What are some of the improvised pools you used? How do you feel while in water? What do you do before entering the pool?
Core Competence • Critical thinking	g and problem solvin	g		

Link to Pertinent and Contemporary Issues	Link to Core Values
Education For Sustainable Development – Safety	Responsibility
• Life skills – making choices	
• LSP – Sports and Games	
Health Education – personal hygiene	
Link to other learning areas:	Suggested Community service learning
• Environmental, Language	• A nature walk to a river/poor
Non-Formal Activity to support learning through application:	Suggested Assessment
Picnics	Question and answer, observation, checklist

Exceeding Above Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectation
 Follows the rules for safety Take care of him/herself when playing with water Swim for talent development 	 Can take care of him/herself when playing with water Swim without being guided for fun Can follow some rules for safety 	 May not be able to take care of himself/herself when playing with water Swim with assistance May be able to follow some rules 	 Take care of him/herself when playing with water with assistance Cannot swim Cannot follow the rules correctly

ENVIRONMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Essence statement

Environmental activity area in pre-primary entails the study of the relationship between man and his environment. It comprises; the local natural environment and its care, social relationships, health practices and safety. This provides opportunities for the learner to explore, experiment and interact with the immediate environment. This enables the learner to acquire skills to; enjoy learning, promote good health, safety, environmental conservation and appreciate rich cultural diversity.

General learning outcomes

By the end of pre-primary education the learner should be able to;

- a) observe proper hygiene, sanitation, and nutrition to promote health,
- b) explore the immediate environment for learning, conservation and enjoyment,
- c) apply technological skills for learning and enjoyment within their local environment,
- d) demonstrate acquisition of social skills for interpersonal relationship,
- e) appreciate the rich and diverse cultural heritage in the local environment,
- f) make appropriate choices for safe interaction with the immediate environment.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning	Suggested Learning	Key Inquiry Question(s)
		Outcomes	Experiences	
1.0 SOCIAL ENVIRONMENT	1.1 Myself (5 Lessons)	By the end of the sub- strand the learner should be able to; a) tell their names for identity b) identify their sex for self-awareness c) identify body parts (head, hands and legs) d) appreciate oneself for self-esteem	 Learners are guided to tell their names Learners sing songs about their names and sex Learners are guided to group themselves according to sex Learners are guided on picture reading categorizing boys and girls Learners are guided to identify body parts (head hands and legs) Learners are guided on picture reading on body parts from charts Learners sing songs on body parts In groups learners sing songs about themselves. 	 What is your name? Are you a boy or a girl? Which are your body parts?
Core Competencies to b	be developed:	·	·	
• Learning to learn – k	-	and sex		
 Self- efficacy-identif 	•			
		h picture reading and group w	ork	
Link to Pertinent and c		<u> </u>	Link to values:	
	x v	ESD): Gender issues in	Respect	
education, gender awareness- learners identify their sex for self-		• Love		
awareness		Responsibility		
		n: knowing and loving		
myself, personal ider	ntity as learners tell th	neir names		
Links to other learning			Suggested community service le	arning activities:
• Language activities			• Parental engagement: in providing safety to children and helping	
Psychomotor and cre	ative activities		children to accept and underst	and themselves and appreciating

Mathematical activities	their children	
Suggested non-formal activity to support learning:	Suggested assessment:	
• Role play	Oral questions	
	Observation	
	Portfolios	
Suggested Resources:		
• Charts, picture books, plasticine/clay		

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
Able to tell their names for identity, identify their sex for self- awareness, identifying body parts, appreciate oneself for self-esteem besides identifying classmate for interpersonal relationship.	Able to tell their names for identity, identify their sex for self- awareness, identifying body parts, appreciate oneself for self-esteem.	Able to tell their names, identify their sex for self-awareness, identifying body parts.	Unable to tell their names for identity, identify their sex for self- awareness.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
1.0 SOCIAL ENVIRONMENT	1.2 : OUR SCHOOL 10 (Lessons)	 By the end of the sub strand the learner should be able to; a) Talk about people working in the school for identification, b) Appreciate the work done by people in school, c) Identify structures found in the school for familiarization d) Identify the flag and the 	 Learners are guided to talk about work done by people in the school Learners are guided to walk round the school to identify structures In groups learners identify different structures on the chart Learners sing songs about structures and people in school Learners recite poems about our school 	 Who are the people in school? What work is done by different people in school? What structures are found in the school? What are the colours of the flag?

flag post for patriotism.	 Learners are guided to colour the flag Learners could watch pictures or videos depicting structure and people in the school. 	
Core competences to be developed:		
Communication and collaboration-talk about work done		
• Learning to learn-learning about work done by people in school		
Citizenship, patriotism		
Link to Pertinent and contemporary Issues(PCI's):	Link to values:	
Citizenship: national hood nationalism	Patriotism as they colour national flag	
• Life skill: Knowing our school as they walk around	• Respect people and work done by them	
Links to other learning activities:	Suggested community service learning activities:	
Language activities	• Parental engagement; in participating in school meetings and	
Psychomotor and creative activities	provision of required resources	
Suggested non formal activity to support learning:	Suggested assessment:	
Role play	Oral questions, Observation	

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
Able to talk about people working in the school for identification, appreciate the work done by people in the school, identify structures found in the school for familiarization, identify the flag and the flag post for patriotism, besides assisting others to follow the school rules and regulations.	Able to talk about people working in the school for identification, appreciate the work done by people in school, identify structures found in the school for familiarization, identify the flag and flag post for patriotism.	Sometimes talk about people working in the school for identification, appreciate the work done by people in school, identify structures found in the school for familiarization	Talks about people working in the school for identification and the work done.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)	
		Outcomes			
1.0 SOCIAL ENVIRONMENT	1.3 Home (10 Lessons)	 By the end of sub strand the learner should be able to; a) name people found at home, b) tell the relationship between people found at home, c) talk about work done by people found at home for appreciation, d) appreciate the people at home for harmonious living. 	 Learners be guided in naming people found at home Learners are guided to talk about relationship of people found at home eg sister, brother, mother etc. Learners watch videos of people found at home Learners draw pictures of people at home Learners model people at home Learners sing songs and recite poems about people found at home. Learners could news tell about family members 	 Who are the people are found at home? What work is done by people at home? What is the relationship of people found at home? 	
Core competences to l	be developed:	I			
• Learning to learn-le	earning about work done l	by people at home			
Self-efficacy- nami	ng people found at home				
Communication an	d collaboration-discussing	g and role playing			
Link to Pertinent and			Link to values:		
	g relationship of people at		• Patriotism - by relating well with people found at home.		
• Life skills – self-aw	vareness and relating with	others at home	Respect – people and work done by peopLove	ble	
Links to other learnin	g areas:		Suggested community service learning activities:		
Language Activities			• Visiting an elderly person to learn about		
Psychomotor and c	reative Activities		_		
Suggested non formal	activity to support learn	ning:	Suggested assessment:		
• Role play			• Oral questions		
Clubs			Observation		

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
Able to talk about people found at home for self-awareness, appreciate the people at home for harmonious living besides assisting others to talk about work doing by different members of the family.	Able to talk about people found at home for self-awareness, appreciate the people at home and their work for harmonious living.	Able to talk about people found at home for self-awareness but cannot appreciate the people at home and their work.	Able to talk about people found at home for self-awareness.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
1.0 SOCIAL ENVIRONMENT	1.4 Interpersonal Relationship (5 Lessons)	 By the end of the sub strand the learner should be able to; a) talk about courteous words used in different situations b) use courteous words appropriately during interactions c) show etiquette in their interactions for personal relationships 	 Learners are guided on situations where they can use courteous words Learners are guided to talk about courteous words. Learners are guided on situations where they can use courteous words Learners are guided to use courteous words in incidental learning to reinforce etiquette In groups learners practice use of courteous words 	 What do you tell someone who has done something good to you? What do you tell someone who has done something bad to you? What words would you use to show appreciation? How do you greet different people? When do you use the courteous words?

- Core-Competences to be developed:

 Communication and collaboration-sharing materials
 - Critical thinking and problem solving-listening to a story and answering questions

Self-efficacy-use of courteous words	
Link to Pertinent and contemporary Issues and Values:	Links to Values:
Life skills-learning to share	• Respect
• Citizenship-social cohesion, integrity	Responsibility
	• Love
 Links to other learning Activities: Language Activities Religious education Psychomotor and Creative Activities 	 Suggested Community Service Learning: Visit an elderly person to learn about etiquette in the community
Suggested non formal activity to support learning:	Suggested Assessment: • Observation
• Role play	• Oral question
Dramatization	
Suggested Resources; charts, pictures, videos	

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
Able to talk about courteous words for different situations, use courteous words appropriately during interactions, show etiquette in their interactions for personal relationship besides assisting others to use courteous words in day to day life.	Able to talk about courteous words for different situations, use courteous words appropriately during interactions, show etiquette in their interactions for personal relationships.	Able to talk about courteous words for different situations use courteous words appropriately during interactions.	Able to talk about courteous words.

	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
1.0 SOCIAL ENVIRONMENT	1.5 Dressing (10 Lessons)	 By the end of the sub strand the learners should be able to; a) identify clothes worn at different occasions, b) talk about clothes for different occasions. c) talk about the importance of dressing d) appreciate clothes worn at different occasions for 	 Learners are guided to identify clothes worn at different occasions Learners are guided in talking about clothes worn during different occasions. Learners could view videos and photographs of clothe worn in different occasions. appreciate clothes worn at different occasions 	 What clothes do people wear at home? What clothes do you wear at school? What clothes do you wear at different occasions?
Communication	n-learning about cloth	es worn on different occasions cussing clothes worn at different occa	Isions	
	preciating clothes worn		RespectResponsibilityCooperation	
Links to other lear	ning areas:		Suggested community service	learning activities:
Language ActivReligious Educa	ities			tivities like singing, dancing,
 Suggested non formal activity to support learning: Music and drama festivals Sports and games Educational trips 		 Suggested assessment: Oral questions, Observation 		

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
Able to talk about clothes worn at different occasions for responding to different situations, talk about the importance of dressing, appreciate clothes worn at different occasions for responding to different situations besides assisting others to identify different clothes worn by other people.	Able to talk about clothes worn at different occasions for responding to different situations, talk about the importance of dressing, appreciate clothes worn at different occasions for responding to different situations.	Able to talk about clothes worn at different occasions for responding to different situations, talk about the importance of dressing.	Able to talk about clothes worn at different occasions for responding to different situations.

Strand	Sub-strand/ (Suggested time)	Specific Learning Outcomes)	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
2.0 HEALTH PRACTICES	2.1 Hand washing (5 lessons)	 By the end of the sub strand the learner should be able to; a) wash hands appropriately for personal hygiene, b) demonstrate hand washing behaviour at critical times, c) appreciate the need to wash hands for personal hygiene, d) tell the importance of washing hands. 	 Learners observe the demonstration of washing hands Learners are guided to wash hands appropriately. In groups learners practice washing hands Learners sing songs and recite poems related to hand washing as they wash hands Learners watch videos on hand washing demonstrations 	 Why do we wash hands? How do we wash hands? When do we wash our hands?
Core-Competer	nce to be developed :			

Core-Competence to be developed ;

• Communication and collaboration-through working in groups

• Self- efficacy-Washing hands appropriately

• Learning to learn-demonstrate hand washing behaviour at critical tin	nes
Link to Pertinent and contemporary Issues:	Link to values:
• Loving myself (self-esteem as they demonstrate hand washing	• respect
behaviour.	Responsibility
Link to other activity areas:	Suggested Community service learning activities:
• Language activities,	• Parents empowerment and engagement –the parents to provide
Music and Movement Activities	materials for hand washing, act as resource persons
Psychomotor and Creative Activities	
Suggested Non formal activities to support learning:	Suggested assessment:
Hand washing days	Oral questions
Clubs and Societies	Observation
	Portfolios
	• Checklists
Suggested Resources:	
Hand washing facilities, charts of people washing hands, videos, water,	soap

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
Able to tell why we should wash hands appropriately tell critical times to wash their hand,Assist others in hand washing.	Able to tell why we should wash hands, wash hands appropriately and tell critical times to wash their hands	Able to tell why we should wash hands appropriately.	Able to wash hands but cannot tell why we should wash hands

Strand	Sub-strand/ (Suggested time)	Specific Learning Outcomes)	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
2.0 HEALTH PRACTICES	22 Cleaning nose (5 lessons)	 By the end of the sub strand the learner should be able to; a) tell the importance of cleaning their nose b) demonstrate the ability to wipe the nose appropriately c) maintain a clean handkerchief for personal hygiene d) talk about the dangers of putting objects in the nose. 	 Learners be guided to discuss the importance of cleaning the nose using a clean handkerchief Learners observe the teacher while demonstrating nose wiping Learners are guided on how to use a clean handkerchief appropriately and how to take care of it. Learners practice wiping their nose. Learners are guided to talk about dangers of putting objects in the nose. Learners sing songs and recite rhymes and poems about cleaning the nose. Learners watch videos on 	 Why do we clean our nose? When do we clean our nose? What do we use to clean our nose? Why should we use a clean handkerchief? What are the dangers of putting objects in the nose?
Learning to	cy-wiping nose appropriat	se	cleaning the nose.	
	ation and collaboration-di		ntr to voluos:	
 Health edu Life skills- instructions 	and contemporary Issue cation- personal hygiene effective communication s in importance of cleanin onal safety as they observe	(responds to verbal	nk to values:ResponsibilityCooperation	

in the nose	
Link to other activity areas:	Suggested Community Service learning activities
Language Activities	• Parental enjoyment- provision of a clean handkerchief,
Music and movement Activities	Resource person
Psychomotor and creative activities	
Suggested Non formal Activity to support learning	Suggested assessment;
• Parental engagement-provision of clean handkerchief, teaching	Oral questions
how to wipe the nose	Observations
• guest person from health facilities (resource person)	
Suggested Resources:	
• Handkerchiefs, water, soap, containers, charts, pictures, videos	

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
Able to tell the importance of cleaning their nose, ability to clean the nose using a clean handkerchief appropriately, maintain a clean handkerchief besides cautioning others to avoid putting objects in the nose.	Able to tell the importance of cleaning their nose, ability to clean the nose using a clean handkerchief appropriately, maintain a clean handkerchief, able to avoid putting objects in the nose	Able to tell the importance of cleaning their nose, ability to clean the nose using a clean handkerchief.	Able to tell a clean and dirty nose but cannot clean the nose using a handkerchief appropriately.

	b-strand/	Specific Learning Outcomes)	Suggested Learning	Key Inquiry Question(s)
(Sug	uggested time)		Experiences	
	Care for the teeth (5 lessons)	 By the end of the sub strand the learner should be able to; a) name items used to clean their teeth, b) talk about items used to clean their teeth c) clean teeth appropriately for 	 Learners are guided to name items used to clean their teeth Learners listen to a resource person talk about items that are used to clean their teeth 	 What items are used to clean the teeth? What should we do in order to keep our teeth healthy? Why do we clean our teeth? When do we clean our

d) tell app	hygiene• Learners imitate cleaning teethteeth?opriate times for the teeth• Learners be guided to talk about appropriate times for cleaning their teeth• Learners watch videos on cleaning of teeth• Learners sing songs related to care for the teeth• Learners for the teeth
 Core-Competence to be developed: Learning to learn-sorting things that are used to clean our Communication and collaboration-discussion 	
 Link to Pertinent and Contemporary Issues(PCI's): Learner Support Programme (LSP)- guidance: grooming, a etiquette Health Education -Hygiene Life skills- making good choices 	d Responsibility • Respect
 Links to other subjects: Language, Psychomotor and creative activities music and movement 	Suggested community Service learning activities: • Health clubs
 Suggested Non formal Activity to support learning: Parental engagement- parents should be sensitized to give appropriate items to clean their teeth. 	arners Suggested assessment: Oral questions Observation
 Suggested Resources, Tooth brushing materials, water, videos, charts, salt Resources 	e persons e.g. a dentist

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
Able to tell the importance of cleaning their teeth, ability to clean the teeth using appropriate items, maintain a hygiene in storing items.	Able to tell the importance of cleaning their teeth, ability to clean the teeth using appropriate items.	Able to tell the importance of cleaning their teeth, ability to clean the teeth using appropriate materials.	Unable to clean their teeth.

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
2.0 HEALTH PRACTICES	2.4 Sanitation/ Toileting (10 Lesson)	 By the end of the sub strand the learner should be able to: a) identify toilet facilities in the school, b) talk about the importance of toilet facilities for personal hygiene, c) express the urge for toileting, d) use toilet facilities properly for personal hygiene, e) appreciate the need to use clean toilet for personal hygiene. 	 Learners are guided to talk about the importance of sanitary facilities in the school Learners are guided to identify the toilets facilities in the school compound Learners are guided in talking about how to express the urge for toileting Learners practice seeking permission to go to toilets Learners observe a role play on the use of sanitary facilities Learners use games to practice the use of toileting facilities Learners are guided to talk about the need to use clean toilet/ latrine for personal hygiene Learners could observe a video on appropriate use of toilet facilities 	 Why should we use toilets facilities? Which are the toilets facilities in school? What do you do when you need to go to the toilet? How do you use toilet facilities? Why do you keep the toilet clean?

- Learning to learn-identifying urge and seeking permission
 Communication and collaboration- discussion
- Self-efficacy-using toilet appropriately

Citizenship-proper use of toilets	
Link to Pertinent Contemporary Issues(PCI's):	Link to values:
• health education-personal hygiene as they use toilets	Responsibility
• life skills- Self Esteem in effective communication as they seek	• Respect
permission to go to the toilets	• Love
Link to other activity areas:	Suggested Community Service Learning Activities:
Language Activities	• parental engagement – provide toilet facilities, teach proper use
Psychomotor and Creative activities	of toilets while at home
Suggested Non formal activity to support learning:	Suggested assessment:
• Participate in cleaning the toileting facilities like bring ash, water,	Oral questions
brooms etc.	Observations
Suggested Resources; Real objects, pictures, toileting facilities/ materials,	water, Videos

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
Able to tell the importance of toilet facilities, identify toilet facilities in the school, express the urge for toileting and use the toilet well besides assisting others.	Able to tell the importance of toilet facilities, identify toilet facilities in the school, express the urge for toileting and use the toilet well	Able to tell the importance of toilet facilities, identify toilet facilities in the school, express the urge for toileting but cannot use the toilet well.	Able to identify toilet facilities, cannot express the urge for toileting and cannot use the toilet well.

Strand	Sub- Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
2.0 HEALTH PRACTICES	2.5 Foods/Feeding (10 Lessons)	 By the end of the sub strand the learner should be able to: a) talk about different food eaten at home b) talk about the importance of eating clean food c) tell the importance of eating 	 Learners to be guided in naming foods eaten at home Learners to be guided in telling of cleaning foods before eating Organise learners in groups to talk about foods they eat at home and school 	 How do we eat? Why do we eat clean food? Why do we eat food? How should we behave when eating? Why should we use clean feeding items when feeding

ore-Competences to be developed: food d) talk about the dangers of sharing food from someone else's mouth e) feed self-using clean hands or feeding items appropriately f) observe proper feeding habits g) maintaining a clean feeding area h) appreciate different foods eaten at home	 Learners are guided to read pictures of foods found in the local environment Learners are guided to colour drawings of foods Learners sing songs and recite poems on importance of eating food Be guided to discuss the dangers of eating food from someone's mouth Individually learners practice feeding self Learners practice cleaning the feeding area Learners tell stories, sing songs and recite poems on foods eaten at home and school Learners practice the appropriate cultural feeding habits using clean feeding items watch videos on different feeding habits, cleaning foods (fruits and vegetables,)
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- Self-efficacy-feeding self Communication and collaboration –guided discussion Learning to learn-learning proper feeding habits ٠
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Link to Pertinent and Contemporary Issues(PCI's):	Link to values:
• Health education-personal hygiene, not eating from other peoples mouth, eating clean foods	RespectResponsibility
• Citizenship: guide learners about hygiene to clean the feeding areas	
Link to other activity areas:	Suggested community service learning activities:
Psychomotor and Creative Activities	Parental engagement- reinforce feeding habits and cleaning foods
Music and Movement Activities	before eating
Language Activities	
Suggested non formal activity to support learning:	Suggested assessments:
• Feeding programme	Oral questions
	Observations
	Checklists
	Portfolios

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
Able to talk about foods eaten at home, tell importance of eating clean food, talk about dangers of sharing from someone else mouth, feed self-using clean hands, observe proper feeding habits, maintain clean feeding	Able to talk about foods eaten at home, tell importance of eating clean food, talk about dangers of sharing food from someone's else mouth, feed self-using clean hands, observe proper feeding habits, maintain a clean feeding	Able to talk about foods eaten at home, tell importance of eating clean food, talk about dangers of sharing from someone else mouth, observe proper feeding habits but cannot keep the feeding area and items clean	Able to talk about foods, cannot tell the importance of eating clean food and cannot observe proper eating habits or hold the feeding items well while feeding self.
area besides assisting others to hold the feeding items well.	area.		

3.0 NATURAL ENVIRONMENT 3.1 Plants By the end of sub strand the learner should be able to; • Learners are guided to take a walk in the school compound to name plants within their school environment a) Which plants are school environment a) identify the types of plants found in the home and school • Learners are guided to name plants found in the home environment • Learners are guided to mite home and school a) Which plants are found at home and school b) talk about safe and harmful plants found in the kome • Learners are guided to identify the safe plants in the home and school • Which plants are school environment c) talk about safe and harmful plants found in the school environment, • Learners are guided to identify the safe plants in the home and school • Mati si the importance of plants found in the home and school c) talk about safe and harmful plants found in the school environment, • Learners are guided to identify harmful plants in the home and school • Mati si the importance plants found in the home and school environment (1) appreciate the importance plants found in the home and school environment • Learners sing song so n plants found at home and school environment (2) talk about safe and harmful plants found in the home and school environment • Learners sing song so n plants found at home and school environment	Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
Core-Competences to be developed:	ENVIRONMENT	10 Lessons	 strand the learner should be able to; a) identify the types of plants found in the home and school environment b) talk about safe and harmful plants found in the home environment. c) talk about safe and harmful plants found in the school environment, d) appreciate the importance plants found in the home and school 	 walk in the school compound to name plants within their school environment Learners are guided to name plants found in the home environment Learners are guided to identify the safe plants in the home and school environment Learners are guided to identify harmful plants in the home and school environment In groups learners group pictures of safe and harmful plants Learners paste picture cut outs of plants found at home and school environment Learners sing songs on plants found at home and school environment Learners recite poems, and rhymes about plants found at 	 found at home and school environment? b) Which plants are safe? c) Which plants are harmful? d) What is the importance of plants found in the home and

Core-Competences to be developed:
Critical thinking and problem solving-coming up with what to do when in contact with dangerous plants

• Learning to learn-when identifying the plants	
Communication and collaboration-in discussion	
• Imagination and creativity-discussion in groups	
• Self- efficacy	
Link to Pertinent and Contemporary Issues(PCI's):	Link to values:
• Education for Sustainable Development (ESD): environmental	Cooperation
education, environmental awareness- as they take a walk in the	• Responsibility
school	• Citizenship
• Disaster Risk Reduction: personal safety- learners observe safety as	
they identify safe and harmful plants	
• Life skills: effective communication- learners to respond to	
instructions as they match pictures of safe and harmful plant	
Link to other activity areas:	Suggested community service learning activities:
• Creative activities	• Parental engagement- helping the learners to identify safe and
Mathematical Activities	harmful plants at home
Music And Movement	• Taking care of plants at home and school
Language Activities	
Suggested non formal activity:	Suggested assessments:
Group activities- grouping safe and harmful plants	Observation
Joining Environmental clubs	Oral questions
Suggested Resources: plants, charts	

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
Able to identify the types of plants found at	Able to identify the plants	Able to identify the	Able to identify one or two plants
home and school environment, talk about	found at home and school	plants found at home and	found at home and school environment
safe and harmful plants in home and school	environment, talk about safe	school environment, talk	and cannot talk about the harmful and
environment, appreciate the importance of	and harmful plants in home	about safe and harmful	safe plants.
plants besides identifying other uses of the	and school environment,	plants in home but cannot	
plants	appreciate the importance of	appreciate the importance	
	plants.	of plants.	
	-	_	

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
3.0 NATURAL ENVIRONMENT	3.2 Animals 10 Lessons	 By the end of the sub strand the learner should be able to; a) identify animals found school environment, b) identify animals found at home environment, c) talk about animals found at home and school environment d) identify safe and dangerous animals found at home and school environment, e) appreciate the animals found at 	 Learners are guided to walk around and name the animals found within school compound. Learners are guided to identify animals found at home and school environment by taking a school tour. Learners colour pictures animals from a picture book. Learners are guided to identify the dangerous animals found at home and school environment. In groups, learners discuss the dangerous animals found at home and school. Learners could sort and group pictures of dangerous animals from a picture book. Learners sing songs and recite poems 	 Which animals are found at home and school? Which animals are dangerous to you? Which animals are safe to handle at home and school?

	home and school environment.	•	about animals found at home and school environment Learners could watch videos of animals and identify those found at home and school.	
Core-Competence to be developed:				
Communication and Collaboration-discu	ssing in pairs;			
• Self-efficacy- while taking a walk;				
• Digital literacy- watching videos;				
• Critical thinking and problem solving- w	hen confronting dangerous	animals		
Link to Pertinent and Contemporary Issues(P	CI's):	Link to	values:	
• Education for Sustainable development:	Animal welfare:	•	Cooperation	
Introduction- to animal welfare education	n- as they identify animals	• Respect		
found at home and school		•	Care	
• Disaster Risk Reduction: personal safety				
dangerous animals they observe their saf	•			
• Life skills: making good choices: not to	disturb and play with			
dangerous animals				
Link to other activity areas:		00	ed community service learning activit	
Mathematical activities			Parental engagement in teaching childre	
 Psychomotor and Creative activities 			animals and how to behave toward anim	als
 Music and Movement 				
Language Activities				
Suggested non formal activity to support learn	ning:		ed assessments:	
• Nature walk		•	Observation	
		•	Oral questions	
Suggested Resources:				

• Realia, Picture cut outs; flash cards; - Picture books; crayons, paper; videos

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
Able to talk about animals found at home and school environment, Identify animals found at home and school environment, identify safe and dangerous animals at school and home environment besides taking care of the animals	Able to talk about animals found at home and school environment, Identify animals found at home and school environment, identify safe and dangerous animals at school and home environment	Able to talk about animals found at home and school environment, Identify animals found at home and school environment but cannot identify safe and dangerous animals or take care of the animals found at home and school.	May not be able to identify, talk about or take care of animals found at home and at school environment.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
3.0 NATURAL ENVIRONMENT	3.3 Weather (10 Lessons)	 By the end of the sub strand the learner should be able to; a) observe weather conditions in the immediate environment b) identify different weather conditions in the immediate environment c) respond to weather conditions appropriately in the immediate environment d) appreciate different weather conditions in the immediate environment 	 Learners are guided to observe the weather conditions of the day Learners are guided to talk about weather conditions they have observed Learners are guided to talk about different weather conditions by observing pictures, charts and watching videos Learners sing songs and recite poems about different weather conditions for enjoyment Learners could be guided to respond to different activities as per weather conditions of the day eg playing with kites, propellers 	 What is the weather condition of the day? How do you respond to different weather conditions?

	during windy times and dressing
 Core-Competences to be developed: Learning to learn-playing with kites, balloons and propellers, dressing Creativity and imagination- construction of propellers and kites Critical thinking –dressing according to weather conditions Self- efficacy- expressing whether feeling hot or cold 	according to the weather
 Link to Pertinent and contemporary Issues: Education for Sustainable Development (ESD): environmental education- environmental awareness as the learners observe the weather condition of the day Life skills: effective communication- communicate verbally as they talk about weather conditions they observed 	Link to values: • Responsibility • Cooperation
Links to other subjects: language activities music and movement activities creative and psychomotor activities 	 Suggested community service learning activities: Tree planting in the community by learners Parental engagement in developing materials e.g. kites Guided tours
 Suggested non formal activity to support learning: Health clubs Environmental clubs Educational tours Establishing Weather station in the school 	Suggested assessments:ObservationOral questions

• Balloons, kites, propellers, flutes (hollow objects), realia (trees)

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
Able to observe weather conditions in the immediate environment, identify different weather conditions in the immediate environment, respond to weather conditions appropriately besides helping others respond to and appreciating different weather conditions.	Able to observe weather conditions in the immediate environment, identify different weather conditions in the immediate environment, respond to weather conditions appropriately	Able to observe weather conditions in the immediate environment and identify different weather conditions in the immediate environment	Able to observe weather conditions in the immediate environment but cannot identify different weather conditions.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning	Suggested Learning	Key Inquiry Question(s)
		Outcomes	Experiences	
3.0 NATURAL ENVIRONMENT	3.4 Water (10 Lessons)	 By the end of the sub strand the learners should be able to; a) identify sources of water at home and school b) talk about uses of water in their home and school c) conserve water at home and school d) appreciate water conservation at home and school 	 Learners are guided to take a walk to identify sources of water within the school environment Learners are guided to talk about sources of water at home and school Learners are guided to observe sources of water from a picture book, watch videos and charts Learners are guided to talk about uses of water Learners are guided to talk about uses of water Learners are guided to draw items used to conserve water at home and at school Learners to be guided to Learners are guided to close taps after use 	 Where do we get water in the school and at home? What are the uses of water? How do we conserve water at home and at school? Why is it important to conserve water?

	 Learners are guided on how to use and re-use water properly Learners are guided to engage in sinking,floating,filling and emptying Learners are guided to sing songs, recite poems, and rhymes related to water 	
Core-Competences to be developed:		
• Self-efficacy- using water sparingly		
Learning to learn-opening and closing taps		
 Critical thinking and creativity- conserving water Communication and collaboration-discuss sources of water 		
	a disital devices	
• Digital literacy- play games on uses and conservation of water usin Link to Pertinent and Contemporary Issues(PCI's):	Link to values:	
Education for Sustainable Development(ESD): Environmental	Responsibility	
education for Sustainable Development(ESD). Environmental education, animal welfare, financial literacy		
education, annual wenare, mancial meracy	Cooperation	
Links to other activity areas:	Suggested community service learning activities:	
Language activities	• Parental empowerment – Empower the learners to use	
Psychomotor and creative Activities	and re-use water properly	
Music and movement Activities	• Parental involvement – to teach learners on how to	
	conserve water	
Suggested non formal activity learning:	Suggested assessment:	
• Participate in a fun day for creativity	Observation	
• Re- circling water in the community	Oral questions	
Suggested Resources:		

• Water, buckets, picture books, videos, play containers, charts

Able to identify sources of water at home and school, talk about uses of water at their home and school, conserve water at home and school , appreciate water conservation at home and school besides assisting others toAble to identify sources of water at home and school, talk about uses of water at their home and school, conserve water at home and school appreciate water conservation at home and schoolAble to identify sources of water at home and school, talk about uses of water at their home and school, conserve water at home and school appreciate waterAble to identify sources of water at home and school, conserve water at home and school appreciate waterAble to identify sources of water at home and school, conserve water at home and school appreciate waterAble to identify sources of water at home and school, conserve water at home and school appreciate waterAble to identify sources of water at home and school, conserve water at home and school appreciate waterAble to identify sources of water at home and school, conserve water at home school but cannot conserve water.Able to identify sources of water at home and school, school.besides assisting others toAble to identify sources of water at home and school.Able to identify sources of water at home and school, school but cannot conserve water.Able to identify sources of water at home and school.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
3.0 NATURAL ENVIRONMENT	3.5 Soil (5 Lessons)	 By the end of the sub strand the learner should be able to; a) talk about the safety measures when playing with soil, b) take safety measures when playing with soil, c) play with soil for enjoyment, d) appreciate playing with soil for enjoyment . 	 Learners be guided to talk about safety measures while playing with soil Learners take safety measures while playing with soil learners tell safety measures when handling soil learners are guided to play with soil learners sing songs, recite poems on safety when handling soil 	 What safety measures do you observe when playing with soil? What do you need to do when playing with soil?
 Self -efficac Learning to Link to Pertinent a 	tion and collaboration- y-confidence in handli	ing soil asures to take when playing ues:	Link to values: • Responsibility	

Life skills- effective communication	• Unity		
Link to other activity areas:	Suggested community service learning activities:		
Language Activities	• Parental engagement (parents to guide children on safety		
Music and Movement activities	measures while playing with soil		
Suggested non formal activity to support learning:	Suggested assessment:		
Clubs and societies	Observation and oral questions		
• Field trips and nature walk			
Suggested Resources:			
• Sandpits, containers, charts, picture books, soils containers and videos on soil			

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
Able to talk about the safety measures when playing with soil, take safety measures when playing with soil, play with soil for enjoyment besides assisting others to explore the different soil textures.	Able to talk about safety measures when playing with soil, take safety measures when playing with soil for safety, play with soil for enjoyment.	Able to talk about safety measures when playing with soil, take safety measures when playing with soil for safety.	Able to play with soil.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
3.0 NATURAL ENVIRONMENT	3.6 Sound (5 Lessons)	 By the end of the sub strand the learner should be able to; a) identify different sounds within their immediate environment, b) talk about different sounds in their immediate environment, 	 learners are guided to take a walk to listen to different sounds within their environments In groups learners discuss different sounds in their immediate environment Learners imitate different 	 What sounds do you hear? What are the different sources of sounds?

	 c) imitate sounds in their immediate environment, d) appreciate the different sounds in the environment. 	 sounds within their immediate environment Learners produce sounds by playing with different objects or items in their immediate environment Learners sing songs related to sounds in the environment Learners are guided to role play while producing different sounds in the environment
 Core-Competences to be developed: Communication and collaboration- telling source Critical thinking and problem solving-producin Learning to learn- knowing different sources of Citizenship in working in groups and appreciation 	g different sounds Sounds and their meanings	nds
 Links to Pertinent and contemporary Issues(PCI) Education for Sustainable Development: environential awareness Life skills: creative thinking Link to other activity areas: Language activities Psychomotor and creative activities 	onmental education-	hk to values: Cooperation Responsibility Respect ggested community service learning activities: Parental engagement- guiding the learners to appreciate the meaning different sounds from their immediate environment
Suggested non formal activity to support learnin • Clubs and societies • Field trips • Morning assembly Suggested Resources: • Musical instruments, realia (birds and animals in the support learning)	•	ggested assessment: Oral questions Observation

Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
Able to identify different sounds,	Able to identify different sounds	Able to identify different sounds,
within their immediate	within their immediate	within their immediate environment
*		but cannot talk about different sounds
		in their environment.
sounds in their environment.		
	Able to identify different sounds, within their immediate environment, talk about different sounds in their environment, imitate sounds in their immediate environment, appreciate different	Able to identify different sounds, within their immediate environment, talk about different sounds in their environment, imitate sounds in their immediate environment, appreciate differentAble to identify different sounds within their immediate environment, talk about different sounds in their environment, imitate sounds in their immediate environment, appreciate different

3.0 NATURAL 3.			Experiences	
ENVIRONMENT	(5 Lessons)	 By the end of the sub strand the learner should be able to; a) identify the sources of smell in the immediate environment b) differentiate between good and bad smell in the immediate environment c) talk about good and bad smell in their immediate environment d) appreciate good smell in the immediate environment 	 Learners are guided to identify different sources of smell in the environment. In groups learners sort and group substances that smell good and badly Learners sing songs, recite poems on good scent Learners to take a guided tour of the school compound and identify different smells and the ir sources. 	 Which part of the body is used for smelling? Which are some of the sources of smell? Which substances smell good? Which substances smell bad?

Self- efficacy- confidence in identifying different smells				
Learning to learn-identifying good and bad smell				
Communication and collaboration-telling sources of smell				
Critical thinking and problem solving-smelling substances while blind folded				
Link to Pertinent and contemporary issues: Link to values:				
• Education for Sustainable Development: environmental education,	Cooperation			
environmental awareness	• Respect			
• Life skill: effective communication				
Link to other activity area:	Suggested community service learning activities:			
Psychomotor and creative activities Parental involvement				
Language activities Reporting to authorities when they come across b				
	in their immediate environment.			
Suggested non formal activity to support learning:	Suggested assessment:			
• Nature walk	Oral questions			
Field trips Observations				
• Clubs and societies(home science and agricultural club).				
Suggested Resources:				
• Food substances, plants, substances that smell good and bad				

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
Able to identify the sources of smell in the immediate environment, differentiate between good and bad smell in the immediate environment, appreciate good smell in the immediate environment besides assisting others to respond	Able to identify the sources of smell in the immediate environment, differentiate between good and bad smell in the immediate environment, appreciate good scent in the immediate environment.	Able to identify the sources of smell in the immediate environment, differentiate between good and bad smell in the immediate environment.	Able to identify the sources of smell in the immediate environment but cannot differentiate between good and bad smell in the immediate environment.
assisting others to respond appropriately to good and bad smell.			

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences (Key Inquiry Question(s)
3.0 NATURAL ENVIRONMENT	3.8 Light (5 Lessons)	 By the end of the sub strand the learner should be able to; a) talk about the sources of light in the immediate environment b) talk about uses of light in the environment c) differentiate day and night d) appreciate the importance of light in their daily activities 	 Learners are guided to talk about sources of light in their environment Learners talk about objects that produce light Learners are guided to talk about uses of light in their environment learners are guided to play with shadows learners perform simple experiments using sources of light like putting lights off and on and emphasize conservation of energy learners are guided to appreciate light as cause of day and night Learners sing songs and recite poems related to light 	 What are the sources of light? How can you differentiate day and night? What produces light in the day and night? What are the uses of light? How do we conserve light energy
Communication	and collaboration	-discussion on sources of light		
5	·	ing- conservation of light		
• Learning to learn Link to Pertinent and c		ents like playing with shadows	Link to values:	
		bropriate use of light	Respect	
 Energy conserva 	U 11	soprate use of inght	Cooperation	
Link to other activity areas:			Suggested community service learning activities:	
Music and Movement Activities		Parental engagement in emphasizing conservation of light		
 Language Activi 	ties			-
Psychomotor and	Psychomotor and Creative Activities			
Suggested non formal a	v 11	t learning:	Suggested assessment:	
Clubs and societ	ies		Oral questions	
• Nature walk			Observations	

Suggested Resources:

• Sources of light (sun, torch, lamps, lanterns etc.)

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
Able to talk about the sources of light in the immediate environment, talk about uses of light in the environment, differentiate day and night, appreciate the importance of light in their daily activities besides assisting others to perform simple experiments using different sources of light	Able to talk about the sources of light in the immediate environment, talk about uses of light in the environment, differentiate day and night, appreciate the importance of light in their daily activities.	Able to talk about the sources of light in the immediate environment, talk about uses of light in the environment, differentiate day and night.	Able to talk about the sources of light in the immediate environment, can differentiate day and night but cannot talk about uses of light in the environment.

	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
CARE AND SAFETY	4.1Care (10 Lessons)	 By the end of the sub strand the learner should be able to; a) talk about materials and items used in cleaning their classroom and immediate environment, b) talk about materials and items used in cleaning their home and the immediate environment, clean their classroom c) clean their home compound, d) appreciate the need to maintain a clean 	 Learners are guided to talk about materials and items used in keeping their classroom and home clean. learners could watch videos and photographs on materials used in cleaning their classroom Learners to be guided in cleaning their classroom and immediate environment Learners to be guided in talking about how to take care of different items and materials used in cleaning their home and classroom 	 Which items and materials are used in cleaning the home and the classroom environment? How do we clean our home and classroom? When do we clean our classroom and home?

environment.	 Learners sing songs and recite poems related to care for school and home environment Learners could watch videos of children cleaning their home and classroom environments The learners could be used to improvise cleaning materials using locally improvised materials 	
Core-Competence to be developed:		
Citizenship-caring for our environment		
Communication and collaboration- while cleaning the classroom		
• Critical thinking and problem solving-improvising cleaning items.		
• Learning to learn- improvising cleaning materials.		
Link to Pertinent and contemporary issues(PCI's):	Link to values:	
• Health education-living in a clean environment	Cooperation	
• ESD-environmental education, environmental awareness,	Responsibility	
financial literacy	• Unity	
• Service learning and parental engagement-cleaning compound at		
home		
Life skills: making good choices		
Link to other activity areas:	Suggested community service learning activities:	
Psychomotor and creative activities	• Parental involvement; parents to assist the learners with	
Language activities	cleaning materialsParticipate in cleaning communal facilities	
	 Community visits 	
	Cleaning for the aged	
Suggested non formal activity to support learning:	Suggested assessments:	
•••••	Observation	
Suggested Resources:		
 Participate in the clean-up activity in the school and at home Suggested Resources: Brushes brooms wiping cloths litterbins improvised cleaning mate 	Oral questions	

• Brushes, brooms, wiping cloths, litterbins, improvised cleaning materials, videos and , photographs

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
Able to talk about cleaning of classroom and home environment, talk about different items and materials used in cleaning the classroom and home environment, appreciate the need to maintain a clean environment besides assisting others to identify cleaning materials and in cleaning.	Able to talk about care of classroom and home environment, talk about care of different items and materials used in the classroom and home environment, appreciate the need to maintain a clean environment.	Able to talk about cleaning of classroom and home environment, talk about different items and materials used in cleaning the classroom and home environment.	Able to talk about cleaning of classroom and home environment

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
4.0 ENVIRONMENTA L CARE AND SAFETY	4.2 Safety (15 Lessons)	OutcomesBy the end of sub strand the learner should be able to;a) identify safe places, objects and activities in the immediate environmentb) identify dangerous places, objects and activities in the immediate environmentc) Able to identify strangers and tell what to do when dealing with strangersd) handle different materials in the immediate environment	 learners are guided to identify safe places, objects, activities and games in their environment learners are guided to identify dangerous places, objects, activities and games in their environment Learners are guided in talking about strangers and what to do when they meet strangers learners are guided on how to handle different materials for safety learners are guided to clean working areas after an activity learners are guided to watch videos showing dangerous people, places, objects, activities 	 What are the dangerous places, objects, activities and games? How can you identify suspicious and unfriendly people? How do you observe safety How do you use materials safely?

 f) Core-Competences to be developed: Communication and collaboration through Critical thinking and problem solving- ider Learning to learn-how to handle unsafe ob 	ntifying strangers respondir		of safety.
Link to Pertinent and contemporary issues:		Link to values:	
• ESD: disaster and risk reduction- personal	•	• Responsibility	
Citizenship- child care and protection avoi	d dangerous places	• Unity	
Life skills- effective communication		• Respect	
Links to other learning areas:		Suggested community service learni	ing activities:
Language activities		 Parental engagement: Taking care of their children 	
Music and movement activities			
Psychomotor and creative Activities			
Suggested non formal activity to support learning:		Suggested assessment:	
Disaster Risk Reduction club		Oral questions	
		Observation	
Suggested resources:			
Realia, videos, Photographs and pictures			

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
Able to identify safe and dangerous places, objects and activities in the immediate environment, handle different materials in the immediate environment appropriately, use different materials and facilities appropriately in the immediate	Able to identify strangers safe and dangerous places, objects and activities in the immediate environment, handle different materials in the immediate environment appropriately, use different materials and facilities	Sometimes able to identify strangers, safe and dangerous places, objects and activities in the immediate environment, handle different materials in the immediate environment appropriately.	Sometimes identifies strangers, safe and dangerous places, objects and activities in the immediate environment.

environment, appreciate the need for	appropriately in the immediate	
safety in the immediate environment	environment, appreciate the need	
besides guiding other learners to	for safety in the immediate	
recognize strangers, safe and	environment.	
dangerous places, objects and		
activities.		

Suggested Learning Resources

- Local Environment
- Reali a Real Objects
- Videos and Audio-visual Digital Material
- Print materials textbooks, workbooks, posters
- Weather instruments
- ICT devices
- Pictures, photographs and drawings
- Environmental natural and man-made structures
- Newspapers, magazines and newsprints
- Charts, flash cards
- Domestic utensils and equipment
- Cloth materials
- Teachers guides and handbooks
- Containers
- Toilet facilities
- Hygiene materials handwashing and teeth brushing materials
- Improvised materials and equipment
- Resource persons
- Water
- Light sources
- Sound materials drums, sticks, metals
- Curriculum designs

CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

RELIGIOUS EDUCATION: CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

ESSENCE STATEMENT

Christian Religious Education (CRE) activities at the pre-primary level focus on the holistic development of the learner through use of life approach. The activity help the learner to differentiate between good and evil, learn about God, His beautiful creation (living and non-living things) and prayer. These activities are geared towards the continuous moral and spiritual development of the learner. Teachers should help the learner to appreciate people of different religious backgrounds, through emphasis on love and respect for one another.

The aim of Christian Religious Education activities at the pre-school level, is to develop awareness and appreciation of the generosity, love and care of God. This will enable the learner to acquire the qualities of sharing, respect, kindness, getting along with others and the ability to differentiate good from evil.

Christian Religious Education is a unique subject in the curriculum because it touches on core aspects of the society. Christian Religious Education is concerned with both the academic and moral development of the individual learner. The teaching of CRE therefore, cannot be separated from the daily life situations which affect the physical, moral, emotional and spiritual growth of the learner. In the present society, the learner is faced with various challenges in life. The CRE Curriculum aims at equipping the learner with spiritual, intellectual and moral development to be able to deal with these challenges.

General Learning Outcomes

By the end of Early Years Education, the learner should be able to:

- a) demonstrate God's love through all creation in their lives,
- b) demonstrate understanding of the word of God through prayer, saying simple memory verses and singing Christian songs for their spiritual growth,
- c) demonstrate understanding of the person of Jesus Christ and emulate him in their daily lives,
- d) apply Christian values in their interaction with others from diverse cultural background for harmonious co-existence,
- e) appreciate the church as a house of God for their spiritual nourishment.

Theme	Sub-theme	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry questions
1.0 GOD'S CREATION	1.1 Who is God? (7 Lessons)	 By the end of the sub-theme the learner should be able to: a) demonstrate God's love as the Sole Creator in his/her life to promote personal relationship with Him. b) identify God as his/her heavenly Father. c) respect God as the Father of mankind, d) appreciate God as the Sole Creator and Heavenly Father for personal development. 	 Learners are guided to interact with a variety of relevant learning resources for example; pictures, videos, charts and posters to enhance their understanding of God as the sole Creator and Heavenly Father (Genesis1:27,Mathew 6:9) Learners could be guided to recite simple short poems on God as his/her Sole Creator, based on respect for God.(Genesis 1:27) In groups learners to sing songs on God as their Heavenly Father to develop the virtue of love(Matthew 6:9) Organize learners in small groups to sing thanksgiving songs to God as their sole Creator and Heavenly Father.(Genesis 1:27) 	 Who is God? Where does He live? Who is your Heavenly Father? Who created you?
	:- Learners to b Learners will	e guided to understand God as the Sol l appreciate that God is their Heavenly	e Creator of everything through singing. father. and observe pictures in relation to God's crea	ation
Critical thinking an	d creative think	ness, Effective communication, ng, self esteem od as creator of everything around us	Link to Values: Love, and respect for Go integrity, peace and unity	d's creation, responsivity,
Link to other subjects: Language, HRE, IRE and environmental activities.		Suggested Community Service Learning learners to teach other children in their nei creation.		
	a talk from a reli	support learning: Visit a nearby gious leader on God as the Sole	Suggested assessment: Oral questions and	d observation & portfolios

Suggested learning resource Good News Bible, Pictures, Audio visual, Flash cards, Charts, picture books, hand books

Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
 Give the name of God in his/her mother tongue Tell the dwelling place of God Able to sing a song on God's creation Recite a poem on God's Creation Express love for God creation through his/her interactions 	 Give the name of God in his/her mother tongue Tell the dwelling place of God Able to sing a song on God's creation Recite a poem on God's Creation 	 Give the name of God in his/her mother tongue Tell the dwelling place of God Able to sing a song on God's creation 	 Give the name of God in his/her mother tongue Tell the dwelling place of God

Theme	Sub-Theme	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Questions
1.0 GOD'S CREATION	1.2 Myself (6 Lessons)	 a) Mention his /her name for self- awareness b) Sing songs as special creature created in the image and likeness of God. c) Appreciate himself/herself as wonderfully made by God 	 Learners are guided to mention their names Learners are guided in small groups to mention each other's' names. (Isaiah 43:1) Learners are guided to listen to stories on God's creation Learners are guided to sing songs signifying him/herself as a child of God, created in His image and likeness. (Genesis 1:27) 	 What is your name? Who created you? Who created your friend? Do you know any song of God's Creation?

Core Competences to be developed: Communication and Collaboration: Learners will interact with each other in groups to improve on their vocabulary, co-operation and develop values of love, concern, care and sharing. Citizenship- Learners will appreciate their name as given by their parent, hence develop a sense of belonging. Learning to learn: Learners will participate in activities that will help them understand themselves as wonderfully made by God. Link to Values: Love, peace, respect, joy, kindness, unity and Link to PCIs: Life Skills Education; Self-awareness-Myself (Am God's Creation), self integrity to promote proper moral upbringing Esteem (I am a unique and special creature), assertiveness. Suggested Community Service Learning activities: Encourage Link to other subjects: Language and psychomotor activities. learners to appreciate and respect their parents, siblings, neighbours and community members. Learners can visit and play games with other children in a home to appreciate themselves as Gods creation Suggested non formal activity to support learning: Organize for an Suggested assessment: Oral questions, check list and observation outdoor activity for learners to sing songs related to self. Suggested learning resource

Good News Bible, portfolios, Drawn pictures on the charts, picture books, hand books, audio visual, Flash cards

Exceeds expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
 Learner is able to mention his/her name Learner is able to sing songs that praise God as their creator Leaner is able to recite poems that identify him/herself as child of God Learner appreciates him/herself as male or female Learner appreciates him/herself as child of God 	 learners is able to mention his/her name Learner is able to sing songs that praise God as his/her creator Leaner is able to recite poems that identify him/herself as a child of God 	 learners is able to mention his/her names Learner is able to sing songs that praises God as his/her creator 	• learners is able to mention his/her name

Theme	Sub-Theme	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Questions
1.0 GOD'S CREATION	1.3 My family (6 Lessons)	 By the end of the sub-theme the learner should be able to: a) name the family members for example father, mother, brothers and sisters to have a sense of belonging. b) mention that his/her family members are a gift from God. c) appreciate God for creating his/her parents, brothers and sisters. 	 Learners will be guided to name their family members .(Matthew 12:46) Learners will be guided in small groups to colour drawn pictures of family members. (John 2:12) Learners will be guided in groups to sing simple songs thanking God for the gift of family members. Exodus 20:12) Learners will observe drawn pictures of family members displayed on charts, flash cards and watch relevant videos and films.(Luke 8:20). Learners to be encouraged to respond to God's love by obeying their parents. (Ephesians 6:1-4) 	 Who are your family members? How many family members do you have? Who created your family members? What is the name of your guardian? How many sisters do you have? How many brothers do you have
Learning to learn: Digital literacy: as Citizenship: Patriot Link to PCIs: Citizenship: Social Life skills education conflict resolution, e Language and psych Environmental activ	ad collaboration: In Learners will appreci- learners play/watch r ism and unity as the cohesion: living in h n- self-awareness, as empathy, decision ma- ects nomotor activities rities	ate their family members as a gift fro elevant video on creation y recognize sense of belonging in the armony with my family members. sertiveness, coping with stress, king.		, responsibility, patriotism, ing activities: Learners will a nearby home for an aged
		mbers of their family rt learning: Learners to be taken	Suggested assessment: Observation ,p check lists	ortifolios and oral questions,

Suggested learning resource Good News Bible, charts, pictures, charts, Audio visual, picture books, talking walls, flash cards, hand books

Exceeds expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
 Learner will be able to name his/her family members Learner will be able to colour pictures of family members. Learner will be able to sing simple songs in praise of God for the gift of family members. Learner will be able observe drawn pictures of family members displayed on charts, flash cards and watch relevant videos and films. Learner will respond to God's love by obeying his/her parents. (Ephesians 6:1-4) 	 Learner will be able to name his/her family members Learner will be able to colour pictures of family members. Learner will be able to sing simple songs in praise of God for the gift of family members. Learner will be able observe drawn pictures of family members displayed on charts, flash cards, cutouts and watch relevant videos and films. 	 Learner will be able to name his/her family members Learner will be to colour pictures of family members. Learner will be able to sing simple songs in praise of God for the gift of family members. 	 Learner will be able to name his/her family members Learner will be to colour pictures of family

Theme	Sub-Theme	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Questions
1.0 GOD'S CREATION	1.4 Communicating to God through prayer. (7 lessons)	 By the end of the sub-theme the learner should be able to: a) name different times of prayer for his/her spiritual nourishment. b) demonstrate postures for prayer as way of communicating with God c) recite simple prayers for 	 Learners will be guided to name different times of prayer (Acts 3:1) Learners will be guided to demonstrate postures for prayer Learners are guided to recite simple prayers (Mathew6:9-13) Learners are guided to say simple prayers for different times (Mark 11:24) 	 How do you communicate to God? How do you pray? What times do you pray Who answers your prayers?

	his/her spiritual growtd) desire to thank and prGod through prayers.	raise prayers from any audio visual thank God?		
Core competences to be developed:				
Communication and collaboration: Learner				
Learning to learn: Learners will understand		various reasons at home and in the church		
Self-efficacy: Learners will confidently pray	to their creator	1		
Link to PCIs:		Link to Values: Love, obedience, peace, integrity and respect		
Life Skills education: Effective communicat	-	Honesty to God in prayer		
with God and others. Self-esteem, assertiveness, decision making as		Responsibility in praying for self and others		
they pray				
Link to other subjects:		Suggested Community Service learning activities:		
Language and psychomotor activities		Learners in small groups will practice saying simple prayers with their		
Environmental activities		teacher for their families and their leaders		
		Learners to visit a sick child in their community and pray for them		
Suggested non-formal activity to support learning:		Suggested assessment: Observations, oral questions, check lists and		
Learners will a visit to a nearby church to observe and join people		portfolios.		
praying.				
Suggested learning resource:				
8	Simple prayer books, Audio	o visual, Flash cards, hand books and picture books		

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
 Learner will be able to name different times of prayer Learner will be able to demonstrate postures for prayer Learner will be able recite simple prayers Learner will be able to say simple prayers for different times 	 Learner will be able to name different times of prayer Learner will be able to demonstrate postures for prayer Learner will be able recite simple prayers 	 Learner will be able to name different times of prayer Learner will be able to demonstrate postures for prayer Learner will be able recite simple prayers Learner will be able to say 	 Learner will be able to name different times of prayer Learner will be able to demonstrate

•	Learner will be able to listen to simple prayers from any audio visual devices Learner will be guided to role play simple	•	Learner will be able to say simple prayers for different times	simple prayers for different times	postures for prayer
•	short prayers Leaner desires to thank and praise God	•	Learner will be able to listen to simple prayers from any audio visual devices		

Theme	Sub-Theme	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Questions
2.0 HOLY BIBLE	2.1 The Bible (7 Lessons)	 By the end of the sub-theme the learner should be able to: a) name the Bible as a Holy book used by Christians for spiritual growth, b) sing simple songs on the Bible as a Holy book of God to be respected, c) respect the Bible as a Holy book for their spiritual growth. d) appreciate the Bible as a Holy Book in his/her daily life for spiritual growth. 	 Learners are guided to identify the Bible in realia and in pictures form Learners are guided to recognize the Bible as a Holy book (Matthew 24:35) Learners sing songs on the Bible as a Holy book for example, the song, "read your Bible, pray every day" Learners are guided to observe and colour drawn pictures of the Bible In small groups, learners are guided to demonstrate how to handle the bible with care and respect Learners are shown pictures of children reading the bible (2Timothy 3:16) 	 What is a Bible? At what time do you read the Bible? Why is the Bible called a Holy book? How should we handle the Bible?

Communication and Collaboration - Learners will participate in different groups communicating, singing songs and colouring the Bible to enhance their understanding of the Bible as a Holy book.

Learning to learn-By observing the Bible, Bible pictures, watch audio visual pictures and colouring drawn pictures, the learners will develop the skill of inquiry.

Link to PCIs:	Link to Values: Love, Responsibility, integrity and respect
Life skills Education: Critical thinking, Effective, self-esteem,	
decision making, communication and Assertiveness.	
Citizenship: Bible is read by all Christians to promote unity	

Link to other learning subjects: Language and psychomotor activities.	Suggested Community Service Learning activities: Pay a visit to a nearby church and have the priest/pastor tell them more about the Bible				
Suggested non formal activity to support learning : Learners to be guided to organize themselves in small groups outside the classroom during assembly or a school function within the school compound to sing songs in praise of the Bible as a Holy book.	Suggested assessment: Oral question, portfolio and observation. Check list				
Suggested learning resource: Good News Bible, pictures, digital devices e.g Audio visual, flash cards, charts, picture books, hand books					

Exceeds expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
 Learner is able to identify the bible in realia and in pictures Learner understands the Bible as a Holy book Learner is able to sing songs on the Bible as a Holy book Learner is able observe and colour drawn pictures of the Bible. Learner is able to demonstrate how to handle the bible with care and respect Learner is able to appreciate the Bible as a Holy book 	 Learner is able to identify the bible in realia and in pictures Learner understands the Bible as a Holy book Learner is able to sing songs on the Bible as a Holy book Learner is able observe and colour drawn pictures of the Bible. Learner is able to demonstrate how to handle the bible with care and respect 	 Learner is able to identify the bible in realia and in pictures Learner understands the Bible as a Holy book Learner is able to sing songs on the Bible as a Holy book 	 Learner is able to identify the bible in realia and in pictures Learner understands the Bible as a Holy book

Theme	Sub-Theme	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Questions
3.0 CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS FESTIVALS AND RITUALS	3.1 Birth of Jesus Christ (7 Lessons)	 By the end of the sub-theme the learner should be able to: a) narrate the story on the birth of Jesus our saviour b) name the parents of Jesus Christ c) name the place of Jesus' birth d) role play the birth of Jesus Christ e) demonstrate the visit by the shepherds through role playing to signify God's love. f) colour the drawn pictures of Baby Jesus and His parents at the Manger g) appreciate the birth of Jesus as the saviour of mankind 	 Learners to listen to the story about the birth of Jesus Christ (Luke 2:1-7) (Isaiah 9:6) In groups learners narrate the story on the birth of Jesus Christ. learners to role play the birth of Jesus Learners are led to move around the classroom to observe the displayed pictures of the birth of Jesus Christ, his birth place and parents Learners view video clip on the birth of Jesus Learners colour drawn pictures of baby Jesus, and his parents at the manger. (Luke 2:1-7) 	 When is your birthday How do you celebrate your birthday? Where was Jesus Christ born? Who are the parents of Jesus Which town was Jesus Christ born?
Citizenship: Patriotism, u Learning to learn: Learn Self-Efficacy: Knowing a Digital literacy: Learners Link to PCIs: Life Skills Education: set	llaboration: The learners unity as they identify the ters will demonstrate und and appreciating their birt s view video clip on the b eff- awareness, self- estee	ir birthplace erstanding of the birth of Jesus Chris hday just as Jesus was born irth of Jesus	dancing and telling simple stories on h t. Link to values: Love and concern, H responsibility and respect Suggested Community Learning ac learners will be led to visit a nearby a	umility, Sharing, tivities : In groups
Suggested non formal ac nearest church to learn mo		ng : Learners will pay a visit to a birth of Jesus Christ.	observe and understand how a mange Baby Jesus Christ was laid after birth Suggested assessment: Oral question observations.	•
Suggested learning reso		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

Good News Bible, plasticine/any modeling materials for-example clay, Pictures, Digital devices e.g Audio visual, Flash cards, charts, picture books, hand books, books, Small baskets, Flash cards

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
 Learner is able to tell to the story on the birth of Jesus Christ Learner is able to role play the birth of Jesus Learner is able to observe the displayed pictures of the birth of Jesus Christ, his birth place and parents Learner is able to colour drawn pictures of baby Jesus, and his parents at the manger Appreciate the birth of Jesus as the saviour of mankind 	 Learner is able to tell to the story on the birth of Jesus Christ Learner is able to role play the birth of Jesus Learner is able to observe the displayed pictures of the birth of Jesus Christ, his birth place and parents Learner is able to colour drawn pictures of baby Jesus, and his parents at the manger 	 Learner is able to tell to the story on the birth of Jesus Christ Learner is able to role play the birth of Jesus Learner is able to observe the displayed pictures of the birth of Jesus Christ, his birth place and parents 	• Learner is able to tell to the story on the birth of Jesus Christ

Theme	Sub-Theme	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Questions
3.0 CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS FESTIVALS AND RITUALS	3.2 Christian festivals: Christmas (7 Lessons)	 By the end of the sub-theme the learner should be able to: a) identify Christmas as a Christian festival to celebrate the birth of Jesus Christ b) role play a Christmas event c) sing Christmas carols and Festivals d) appreciate Christmas as celebration of Jesus Christ's birthday. 	 Learners are guided to retell the story of the birth of Jesus Christ(Luke 2:1-7) In small groups learners walk around the classroom and observe the displayed pictures on events that take place during Christmas. (Luke2:8- 20) Learners sing simple Christmas carols. Learners Listen or watch audio visual materials on the events that take place on Christmas Festival. 	 When is your birthday? How do you celebrate your birth day? When was Jesus Christ born? How do we call the day Jesus was born? How do you celebrate on Christmas day?
Learning to learn – Lear	laboration- singing song mers will participate in C	s on the birth of Jesus, Retelling the s hristmas activities leading interaction audio visual materials on the events th	and communication	
Digital Literacy - Learners will Listen and watch audio visual materials on the events that take place on Christmas Festival. Links to PCIs: Link to values: Respect, sharing, love, Honesty a Life skills: Effective Communication, assertiveness, self-esteem and decision making Integrity to promote proper moral upbringing Links to other subjects: Environmental, Languages, Health and Hygiene activities. Suggested Community Service Learning activity Learners will be guided to visit a nearby church to what people do during Christmas What people do during Christmas				pbringing carning activities: carby church to see
church to participate in C Suggested learning reso	hristmas carols urce:	ng: Learners in a group will visit a igital devices e.g Audio visual, Flash	Suggested assessment: Group partiand oral questions, check list.	•

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaching Expectation	Below Expectation
 Learner is able to observe the displayed pictures on events that take place during Christmas Learner is able to listen and watch audio visual materials on the events that take place on Christmas Festival. Learner is able to retell the story of the birth of Jesus Christ. Learner is able to sing simple Christmas carols. Appreciate Christmas as celebration of Jesus Christ birthday. 	 Learner is able to observe the displayed pictures on events that take place during Christmas Learner is able to listen and watch audio visual materials on the events that take place on Christmas Festival. Learner is able to sing simple Christmas carols. Learner is able to retell the story of the birth of Jesus Christ. 	 Learner is able to observe the displayed pictures on events that take place during Christmas Learner is able to listen and watch audio visual materials on the events that take place on Christmas Festival. Learner is able to sing simple Christmas carols. 	 Learner is able to observe the displayed pictures on events that take place during Christmas Learner is able to listen and watch audio visual materials on the events that take place on Christmas Festival.

Theme	Sub-Theme	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Questions
3.0 CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS FESTIVALS AND RITUALS	3.3 Christian rituals (6 lessons)	 By the end of the sub-theme the learner should be able to: a) Name some Christian rituals performed in church to promote his/her spiritual growth b) Role play the giving of offerings as a ritual in church c) Demonstrate Chrstian rituals associated with prayer to improve his/her prayer life d) Appreciate taking part in Christian rituals for example giving offerings and praying 	 Learners are guided to name some simple Christian rituals for example giving offerings and prayers Luke 2: 23-24) Learners role play the Christian ritual of giving offering (Proverbs 3:9-10) In groups learners practice some Christian rituals associated with prayer for example closing of the eyes during prayers Learners observe Audio/ visual aids clips and pictures of 	 What do you do in the church? How should you behave while in church? What do you do when praying? What do you give to God in the church?

	for his/her spiritual	people praying and giving	
	nourishment.	offerings in the church	
Core competencies to be developed:			
Core competencies to be developed:	angh sharing will improve their vegeh	ulary and communication skills	
Communication and collaboration- Learners thro		•	
Learning to learn – Learners will participate in ac			
Digital literacy – viewing or listening to audio vis	ual clips on people praying and giving	g offerings.	
Link to PCIs:		Link to values: Respect, obedience love and integrity to	
Life Skill Education : Effective communication, s	promote proper moral upbringing		
making			
ESD: Financial literacy in giving offerings in the c	hurch		
Links to other subjects:		Suggested Community learning ac	tivities: Learners
Environmental, Language and psychomotor activit	ies.	will pay a visit to the church and participate in prayers	
Mathematical activities: Counting money as one of	f the items we give in the church	and giving offerings as a sign of thanksgiving to God.	
Suggested non formal activity to support learning	ng:	Suggested assessment: Observation	and oral questions,
Learners will visit a nearby church and observe how Christians are participating in		check lists	
prayers and giving of offerings.			
Learners participate in praying/worship activities in	n the school		
Suggested learning resource:			
Good News Bible pictures digital devices e g aud	io visual flash cards charts nicture h	ooks handbooks flash cards Small h	ackets

Good News Bible, pictures, digital devices e.g audio visual, flash cards, charts, picture books, handbooks, flash cards, Small baskets

Exceeds Expectation	Meeting Expectation	Approaching Expectation	Below Expectation
 Learner is able to name some simple Christian rituals for example giving offerings and prayers Learner is able to role play the ritual of giving offering Learner is able to practice some rituals associated with prayer for example closing of the eyes during prayers Learner is able to observe and 	 Learner is able to name some simple Christian rituals for example giving offerings and prayers Learner is able to role play the ritual of giving offering Learner is able to practice some rituals associated with prayer for example closing of the eyes during prayers 	 Learner is able to name some simple Christian rituals for example giving offerings and prayers Learner is able to role play the ritual of giving offering Learner is able to practice some rituals associated with prayer for example closing of the eyes during prayers 	Learner is able to name some simple Christian rituals for example giving offerings and prayers
identify Audio/ visual aids clips and	• Learner is able to observe and		

 pictures of people praying and giving offerings in the church Leaner will desire taking part in Christian rituals for example giving offerings and praying for his/her spiritual nourishment. 	identify Audio/ visual aids clips and pictures of people praying and giving offerings in the church		
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Theme	Sub-Theme	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Questions
4.0 CHRISTIAN VALUES	4.1 Love of God and neighbor (The greatest commandment) (7 Lessons)	 By the end of the sub-theme the learner should be able to: a) identify ways of showing love to God as the first commandment for their spiritual growth, b) sing songs in praise of God and their neighbour, c) recite memory verses about God's love, d) appreciate the importance of showing love for God and his/her neighbor as one of the greatest commandments of God. 	 Learners are guided to identify ways of showing love for God. Learners are guided to tell ways of showing love for their neighbours (John 15: 12 - 13). Learners to sing songs in praise of God's love. Learners to recite memory verses on God's love (John 3:16). Learners to demonstrate ways of showing love to their neighbour . Learners are guided to observe pictures of people demonstrating love for others. 	 Whom do you love at home Why do you love them? Do you love God? In which ways do you show love for God? In which ways do you show love for your neighbour?

Core Competence to be developed:

Communication and collaboration - answering oral questions on love for God and neighbours, singing songs on God's love and neighbour, reciting Bible verses.

Citizenship - identifying ways of showing love for their neighbours as citizens of Kenya

Learning to learning - Service Learning as a way of showing love for God and his people in their community.

Creativity and imagination- as learners explore ways of demonstrating their love for God and others.

Link to PCIs:	Suggested Community learning activities - Visit the			
Life skills - Assertiveness, self-esteem, conflict resolution and friendship formation.	sick and aged in his/her local environment and show			
Citizenship - showing concern for others, being kind and fair to each other as citizens	them Gods love through prayer and assisting/giving gifts			
of Kenya.	to them.			
Suggested non formal activity to support learning - In groups learners will	Links to values - Integrity, respect, peace and			
demonstrate practices that shows love for God and neghbours .	responsibility, social.			
Links to other subjects - Environmental. Language and Psychomotor activities.	Suggested assessments - Oral questions, check lists, portfolio, and observation.			
Suggested learning resource - Good News Bible, Picture books, hand books, pictures, digital devices e.g. Audio visual.				

Exceeds expectation	Meet expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
 Learner is able to identify ways of showing love for God. Learner is able to tell ways of showing love for their neighbours. Learners to sing songs in praise of God's love. Learner is able to recite memory verses on God's love Learner is able to demonstrate showing love to their neighbour . Learner is able to observe pictures of people demonstrating love for others. Leaner will appreciate the importance of showing love for God and his/her neighbour. 	 Learner is able to identify ways of showing love for God. Learner is able to tell ways of showing love for their neighbours. Learner is able to sing songs in praise of God's . Learner is able to recite memory verses on God's love. Learner is able to demonstrate showing love to their neighbour. Learner is able to observe pictures of people demonstrating love for others. 	 Learner is able to identify ways of showing love for God. Learner is able to tell ways of showing love for their neighbours. Learners is able to sing songs in praise of God's love. Learner is able to recite memory verses on God's love. 	 Learner is able to identify ways of showing love for God. Learner is able to tell ways of showing love for their neighbours.

Theme	Sub-Theme	Specific Learning Outcon	es Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Questions
5.0 PLACES OF WORSHIP	5.1 Church as a place of worship(6 Lessons)	 By the end of the sub-ther learner should be able to: a) differentiate a church friend other buildings b) identify the church as a of worship for Christian c) demonstrate activities t take place in the church example singing, praying giving of offerings as thanksgiving to God. d) appreciate the church a place of worship e) respect other places of worship 	 differentiate the church from other buildings Learners are guided in groups to observe different places of worship as displayed on charts and posters in the classroom.(Isaiah 56:7) Learners are guided to mention different churches 	 Have you ever seen a church? What tells you the building is a church Which churches do you know? How do you behave in the church?
Citizenship: Learners w Learning to learn : Diffe	llaboration : Learners obsorking together and respective rentiate the church from o	cting their places of worship a bother buildings and understati	layed on learning aids, answering oral quest nd other peoples places of worship ng its purpose	ions and singing
Digital literacy: As they watch different places of worshipLink to PCIs:Life skills: self-awareness, self-esteem, assertiveness, critical thinking, decision makingService Learning, parental empowerment and engagement in allowing learners participation in churchesCitizenship: sense of belonging in a church as Gods people			Links to values : Integrity, respect, love, un to promote proper moral upbringing	nity and responsibility

Suggested non formal activity to support learning:	Suggested Community Service Learning activities: Pay a visit			
In groups learners will organize themselves and practice good behaviors that	to a nearby church and observe how people behave in church and			
they should display while in church or during school worship day for example	participate in church worship			
during PPI				
Links to other subjects:	Suggested assessments: Oral questions, check lists, portfolio,			
Language, Islamic Religious Education, Hindu Religious Education, and observation				
Environmental and Psychomotor activities.				
Suggested learning resource:				
Good News Bible, pictures, picture books, hand books, audio visual, flash cards, check lists.				

Exceeds Expectation	Meet Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
 Learner is able to differentiate the church from other buildings Learner is able to observe and identify different places of worship as displayed on charts and posters in the classroom. Learner is able to mention different churches they know. Learner is able to practice acceptable behaviors while inside the church. Learner is able to sing songs about the church as a place of worship. Learner appreciates the church as a place of worship Learner respects other places of worship 	 Learner is able to differentiate the church from other buildings Learner is able to observe and identify different places of worship as displayed on charts and posters in the classroom. Learner is able to mention different churches they know. Learner is able to practice acceptable behaviors while inside the church. Learner is able to sing songs about the church as a place of worship. 	 Learner is able to differentiate the church from other buildings Learner is able to observe and identify different places of worship as displayed on charts and posters in the classroom. Learner is able to mention different churches they know. 	 Learner is able to differentiate the church from other buildings Learner is able to observe and identify different places of worship as displayed on charts and posters in the classroom.

ISLAMIC RELIGIOUS EDUCATION ACTIVITIES

ISLAMIC RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

ESSENCE STATEMENT

Religious activities at the pre-primary level comprise learning about the supernatural being (Allah S.W.T.). The aim of Islamic religious education activities at the pre-primary level is to develop awareness and appreciation of the generosity, love and care of Allah (S.W.T.) to all His creation. This will enable children acquire the values of sharing, care, respect, love, empathy, obedience, kindness, being social, helping those in need and the ability to tell right from wrong. These activities are geared towards the continuous moral and spiritual development of young children. Children need to participate in activities that integrate religion and moral values. Teachers should help them appreciate people of different religious backgrounds and inculcate these values at an early age so that they can grow up as upright members of the society.

GENERAL LEARNING OUTCOMES

By the end of Early Years Education, the learner should be able to:

- a) exhibit basic literacy skills in Arabic alphabet
- b) recite short selected Surah with confidence
- c) demonstrate love, appreciation and awareness of Allah (S.W.T.) and His creation
- d) demonstrate love and appreciation for Prophet Muhammad (S.A.W.) by emulating his actions
- e) practice Islamic etiquettes and values for interpersonal relations
- f) celebrate Islamic festivals to appreciate the Islamic culture.

PRE-PRIMARY ONE

Strand Sub strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)
1.0 QUR'AN 1.1 The Arabic alphabet (Suggested time: 8 lessons) Core Competences Developed:	 By the end of the sub strand the learner should be able to: a) recognise the Alphabet in the Arabic text b) articulate correctly the sounds of the Arabic alphabet c) read the Arabic alphabet from right to left. 	 Learners are introduced to the sounds of the Arabic alphabet through: flash cards cut-outs models stories video clip in a digital device Learners listen and repeat Arabic alphabet as pronounced by the teacher or from a recorded video Learners are guided to use digital educational materials on Arabic alphabet e.g <i>Qaidah Al-Nourania website</i> Learners practice pronouncing the sounds of the Arabic alphabet in pairs or small groups. Learners are guided to identify Arabic alphabet through digital devices and games Arabic alphabet should be displayed for reference and used appropriately. Learners practice the correct orientation of reading and writing the Arabic alphabet (Right to left). Learners are engaged in hands-on and pre-writing activities. 	 Where do we find the Arabic alphabet? How do you identify the Arabic alphabet? How do we relate the alphabet to the environment?

Communication and collaboration, Digital literacy

Link to PCIs: Life skills, Skills of Knowing and living with others, Effective Communication, listening and Responding,	Link to Values: Unity, Love.		
Parental empowerment and engagement: Guidance			
Link to other Activities: Language Activities	Suggested Community Service Learning:		
	Sing songs related to Arabic alphabet to their parents/guardians		
Suggested non-formal activity to support learning:	Suggested Assessment		
The learners participate in exhibition of their creative work on Arabic	Checklist, observation, portfolio,		
alphabet during parents meeting			
Suggested Learning Resources:			
flashcards, cut-outs, charts, models, picture book, Yasarnal Qur'an ,Juz amma, digital educational resources e.g Qaidah Al-Nourania website			

Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Reads correctly the Alphabet in the Arabic text	Recognises the alphabet in the Arabic text	Recognises most of the alphabet in the Arabic text	Recognises a few of the alphabet in the Arabic text
Consistently and correctly articulates the sounds of the Arabic alphabet	Correctly articulates the sounds of the Arabic alphabet	Articulates the sounds of most of the Arabic alphabet	Articulates the sounds of some of the Arabic alphabet
Consistently and correctly reads the Arabic alphabet from right to left	Correctly reads the Arabic alphabet from right to left	Sometimes reads the Arabic alphabet from right to left	Rarely reads the Arabic alphabet from right to left

Strand	Sub strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)
1.0 QUR'AN	1.2 Surah Fatiha (Suggested time: 5 lessons)	 By the end of the sub strand the learner should be able to: a) recite correctly <i>Surah Fatiha</i> for use in <i>Swalah</i> b) handle the Qurán with respect as a Holy Book c) appreciate reciting <i>Surah</i> 	 Learners are engaged in listening to and reciting <i>Surah Fatiha</i> using varied digital educational materials like audio recordings or resource persons. Learners recite <i>Surah Fatiha</i> in pairs and small groups. 	 When do we recite Surah Fatiha? Which Surah do we recite when praying? Who can recite Surah Fatiha How do we take care of the Qur'an?
		Fatiha during Swalah.	• Learners memorize Surah Fatiha	

	 through repetitive recitation Learners are guided on how to handle the Qur'an e.g. not placing other books/items on it.
Core competence to be developed: Learning to learn, Digital literat	2y
Link to PCIs and Values: Life skills: Skills of knowing and living with others, Effective communication: Reciting <i>Surah Fatiha</i> Parental empowerment and engagement: Guidance	Link to Values: Respect ,Love, Unity, Responsibility
Link to other Activity Areas: Language Activities	Suggested Community Service Learning Recite Surah Fatiha to parents/guardians and siblings at home
Suggested non formal activity to Support learning : Participate in <i>Qur'an recitation</i> reading competition	Suggested Assessment Checklist, observation, portfolio

Suggested Learning Resources: flashcards, Juz'uu Amma, Yasarnal Qurán, charts, digital educational resources e.g. Qaidah Al-Nourania website

Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Fluently and confidently recites <i>Surah Fatiha</i>	Recites Surah Fatiha fluently	Recites Surah Fatiha with some difficulty	Attempts to recite Surah Fatiha
Handles the Qur'an respectfully	Respectfully handles the Qur'an	Sometimes handles the Qur'an	Handles the Qur'an with less
and carefully		carefully	care

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(S)
2.0 PILLARS OF IMAN	2.1 Belief in Allah (SWT) Allah's Creation Myself (Suggested time: 4 lessons)	 By the end of the sub strand the learner should be able to: a) identify oneself as a creation of Allah as stated in the Qur'an (<i>Al Khaliq-</i> the Creator) b) appreciate the uniqueness of oneself as Allah's creation 	 Learners are engaged in activities that show their images e.g looking at themselves in the mirror, observing their shadow etc Learners are engaged in mentioning their body parts and relate them to Allah as the creator (<i>Al-Khaliq</i>) Engage learners in group discussion about themselves Sing songs / <i>Anashid /qasida</i> and recite poems related to the strand Learners are engaged in discussion on good and bad touches Learners are introduced to activities such as painting oneself and printing hand and foot 	 Who am I? How am I similar/ different from others? Who created me?
Core competence	ce to be developed: Self	efficacy	1	1
Link to PCIs: Life skills – Skills of knowing and living with oneself, self awareness and self esteem, personal identity Education for Sustainable Development(ESD):Environmental education- caring for environment, Parental empowerment and engagement: Guidance		Link to Values: Love, Respect, Resp	onsibility,	

Link to other Activity Areas: Psychomotor and creative activities	Suggested Community Service Learning Activities Sing simple songs on body parts to parents/guardians at home		
Suggested non-formal Activity to support learning: Develop a picture book with their photos/ prints/ drawing	Suggested Assessment Observation, oral questions		
Suggested Learning Resources: flashcards, charts, digital educational resources, items for reflection(mirror,), paint, crayons, paper, pencils			

Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Expresses self clearly and confidently by identifying oneself as Allah's creation	Confidently identifies oneself as Allah's creation	Sometimes identifies oneself as Allah's creation	Rarely identifies oneself as Allah's creation
Confidently states that they are alike and different in many ways yet special	States that they are alike and different in many ways yet special	States that they are alike and different	Rarely states that they are alike and different

Strand S	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(S)
	2.2 Belief in His prophets Prophet Muhammad (S.A.W.) His name (Suggested time: 2 lessons)	 By the end of the sub strand the learner should be able to: a) mention the prophet's name and accompany it with the phrase (<i>Swalallahu Aleyhi</i> <i>Wassalaam</i> – Peace be upon him) as a sign of love and respect b) narrate confidently simple short stories on prophet Muhammad (S.A.W.) c) demonstrate love for prophet Muhammad (S.A.W.) by emulating his character 	 Learners are introduced to stories on the character of the Prophet Muhammad (S.A.W.) e.g. use of picture book, slides from digital resource material etc Learners are engaged in simple short stories on the character of the prophet Muhammad (S.A.W.) through digital educational materials. Learners sing <i>Anashid/qasida</i> and recite poems on prophet Muhammad (S.A.W.) and his character by listening to audio recording or watching video recordings. Learners are guided to role play on Prophet Muhammad's character (<i>Al Amin</i> – the trustworthy). Learners are engaged in prewriting activities such as colouring e.g. the Kaaba, palm trees etc related to the story of the prophet Muhammad (S.A.W.). 	 Who is our prophet? How was the character of the prophet Muhammad (S.A.W.) How do we praise prophet Muhammad (S.A.W.)
Link to PCIs: Life	-	cal thinking and problem solving ng and living with others,	Link to Values: Love, Integrity, Res	pect

Effective communication, listening and responding,

Parental empowerment and engagement: Guidance	
Link to other activity areas: Psychomotor and creative Activities	Suggested Community Service Learning: could be engaged at home in activities that show honesty, humility and love
Suggested non formal activity to support learning: Learners play games and sing songs on honesty with others	Suggested Assessment Oral questions, observation
Suggested Learning Resources Pictures, digital materials, charts, picture book, resource person	

Exceeds expectation	Exceeds expectation Meets expectation		Below expectation
Mentions the prophet's name and accompanies it with the phrase (S.A.W.) and gives its meaning (Peace Be Upon Him)	Mentions the prophet's name and accompanies it with the phrase S.A.W – (Peace Be Upon Him)	Mention the prophet's name and sometimes accompanies it with the phrase S.A.W – (Peace Be Upon Him)	Mentions the prophet's name but rarely accompanies it with the phrase S.A.W. – Peace Be Upon Him
Narrates confidently and logically simple short story on prophet Muhammad (S.A.W.)	Narrates confidently simple short story on prophet Muhammad (S.A.W.)	Attempts to narrate simple short story on prophet Muhammad (S.A.W.)	Rarely narrates simple short story on prophet Muhammad (S.A.W.)
Always tells the truth confidently in all circumstances	Tells the truth in any circumstance	Hesitant to tell the truth	Rarely tells the truth

Strand	Sub strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggest experie	ted learning ences	Key inquiry questions
3.0 DEVOTIONAL ACTS	3.1 Pillars of Islam Shahadah Al- wahid (Suggested time: 3 lessons)	 By the end of the sub strand the learner should be able to: a) recite correctly the shahada (Testify that Allah is one and Muhammad is His messenger) as a pillar of Islam b) demonstrate love for Allah (S.W.T) by exalting His name with the phrase 'Subhanahu wa taala' when mentioned c) demonstrate love for prophet Muhammad by praising him with Swalallahu Aleyhi Wassalaam when his name is mentioned 	visu shai they dev con • Lea shai • Lea disc grou (<i>Sha</i> • Lea disc grou (<i>Sha</i>	arners listen to audio- ual recordings on hadah and repeat what y have heard using digital rices e.g smart phone, nputer etc. arners recite the hadha. arners sing <i>Anashid</i> . <i>sida</i> and recite poems on hadah/oneness of Allah. arners are engaged in cussion in pairs or small ups on oneness of Allah <i>ahadah</i>). arners are given hands-on tivities to reinforce on the hadate e.g. stencil nting, picture frame, nting.	 Who can recite the shahadah? Who says the shahadah?
Core competence to l	be developed: Communic	cation and Collaboration			
Citizenship, understa	lls – Skills of Knowing a anding integrity, – Relig nt and engagement: Guida		eness,	Link to Values: Love, F	Respect, Integrity
Link to other activities: Language Activities				Service Learning Activities: ed to recite the shahadah at	
recitation competition		rning: Learners participate in sh	ahadah	Suggested Assessment:	Checklist, oral questions
Suggested Learning	Resources: stencil, paint	t, pictures, audio visual materials			

Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Confidently and correctly recites the shahadah with	Recites correctly the	Recites the shahadah	Attempts to recite the
meaning	shahadah with confidence		shahadah
Always says Subhanahu Wa Taala whenever Allah's	Always says Subhanahu Wa	Sometimes says Subhanahu	Rarely says Subhanahu Wa
name is mentioned and reminds others	Taala when Allah's name is	Wa Taala when Allah's	Taala when Allah's name is
	mentioned	name is mentioned	mentioned

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Questions
4.0 MORAL TEACHINGS	4.1 Islamic Etiquette 4.1.1 Greetings (1 lesson)	 By the end of the sub strand the learner should be able to: a) acquire appropriate spoken phrases related to Islamic greeting b) appreciate the importance of using Islamic greeting in daily life c) apply Islamic greeting appropriately while interacting with others 	 Learners are shown pictures/videos on Islamic greeting in different situations e.g when you meet a Muslim or before entering the house and are encouraged to talk about it. Learners practice Islamic greeting e.g skit/role-play. Learners listen to and sing songs related to Islamic greeting. In pairs or small groups learners mention the different situations of using the Islamic greeting 	 When do you greet one another? Whom do you greet? How do we greet?
Core competence to b	e developed: Communic	ation and collaboration		
	ersonal relationship, excha	iving with others: Effective ange greetings, parental	Link to Values: Respect, Love, Peace, Re	esponsibility
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Link to other Activity Areas: Environmental and language activities		Suggested Community Service Learning Activities: Greeting family members	
Suggested non formal activity to support learning: Learners practice Islamic greeting in the morning before entering their class.			Suggested Assessment: Observation, oral	l questions

Suggested Learning Resources: Pictures, digital materials, charts, costumes

Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation	
Confidently and fluently says the	Fluently says the Islamic greeting	Sometimes says the Islamic	Rarely says the Islamic greeting	
complete Islamic greeting		greeting correctly	correctly	
Always uses appropriately the complete Islamic greeting while interacting with other people	Uses the Islamic greeting appropriately while interacting with people	Sometimes uses the Islamic greeting while interacting with others	Rarely uses the Islamic greeting while interacting with others	

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Questions
	4.1.2 Toileting (Suggested time – 2 lessons)	 By the end of the sub strand the learner should be able to: a) exhibit appropriate manners of entering and leaving the toilet b) identify proper way of toileting in their day to day life c) demonstrate proper use of water during toileting 	 Learners are guided on entering and leaving the toilet according to Islamic teachings through use of digital educational materials. Learners are shown charts displaying the proper use of toilet. Learners sing simple songs/ <i>qasida</i>/ <i>Anashid</i> on toilet manners. Learners are guided to demonstrate proper way of toileting and use of water. Learners sequence pictures showing proper use of toilet (four different pictures i.e.entering toilet with left foot, use of toilet while sitting/squatting, leaving toilet with right foot and hand washing). 	 How do we enter and leave the toilet? How do we use the toilet properly? What do we do after leaving the toilet?

Core competence to be developed: Self efficacy				
Link to PCIs: Life skills: Skills of knowing and living with oneself – self awareness and self-esteem, Effective Decision making ,making choices, washing hands Learner support Programme: Guidance, hygiene and etiquette, Parental: empowerment and engagement: Guidance	Link to Values: Responsibility			
Link to other Activity Areas: Environmental Activities	Suggested Community Service Learning Activities: Fill water			
	in portable containers for use in the toilet at home			
Suggested non formal activity to support learning: Practice proper	Suggested Assessment: Observation, oral question, portfolio			
manners of toileting at school.	* *			
Suggested Resources: Pictures, digital materials, charts, water, bottles, toilet papers				

Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Always uses the left foot when entering the toilet and leaves with the right foot and says the dua respectively	Always uses the left foot when entering the toilet and leaves with the right foot	Sometimes uses the correct foot when entering and leaving the toilet	Rarely uses the correct foot when entering and leaving the toilet
Properly uses the toilet independently	Able to use the toilet independently	Able to use the toilet with minimal assistance	Uses the toilet with assistance

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Questions
	 4.1.3 Islamic phrases Bismillah and Alhamdulillah (Suggested time – 1 lesson) 	 By the end of the sub strand the learner should be able to: a) pronounce correctly the Islamic phrases as a form of worship b) use appropriately the given Islamic phrases in their day to day 	 Learners listen to and repeat what has been said in the audio recording. In pairs or small group learners practice the Islamic phrases in their activities: By saying <i>Bismillah</i> before any activity and <i>Alhamdulillah</i> after every activity. 	 When do we use the phrases <i>Bismillah</i> and <i>Alhamdulillah</i>? What do these phrases mean? Why do we say <i>Bismillah</i> and <i>Alhamdulillah</i>?

		activities c) appreciate the importance of Islamic phrases in daily life	• Listen and sing simple songs/ <i>Anashid</i> and recite poems related to the Islamic phrases.	
Core competence to be	developed: Communica	ation and collaboration, Learni	ing to learn	
Link to PCIs: Life skills, Skills of knowing and living with others, Effective communication, listening and responding, Parental empowerment and engagement: Guidance Link to other Activity Areas :Language Activities			Link to values: Love, Respect Suggested Community service learning A their peers and family members to use the p activity	66
Suggested non formal activity to support learning: Practice the Islamic phrases at school		Suggested Assessment: Observation, chec	klist, oral questions	
Suggested Learning R	esources: flash cards, pi	ctures, Audio aids, charts,		

Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Says confidently and fluently the given Islamic phrases	Says correctly the given Islamic phrases	Sometimes uses given Islamic phrases	Attempts to say the given Islamic phrases
Always says <i>Bismillah</i> before any activity and Alhamdulillah after every activity and reminds others	Says <i>Bismillah</i> before any activity and Alhamdulillah after every activity	Sometimes uses the Islamic phrases	Rarely uses the Islamic phrases

Strand	Sub strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry questions
	 4.3 Relationship Respect for places of worship (<i>Masjid</i>) (Suggested time – 2 lessons) 	 By the end of the sub strand the learner should be able to: a) identify the Islamic place of worship in their environment b) appreciate the importance of a <i>Masjid</i> as a place of worship c) use <i>Masjid</i> as a place of worship 	 Learners view pictures of <i>Masjid</i> through digital educational materials like computer, smart phone, smart board etc or other resources like charts, flash cards etc Discuss in pairs or in small groups about a <i>Masjid</i> Learners are engaged in hands-on activities e.g picture puzzles of a <i>Masjid</i> using slices of timber, cartons etc Learners use creative art activities to make a <i>Masjid</i> e.g. modelling using plasticine or clay, constructing a <i>Masjid</i> using boxes or legos etc Sing simple songs /<i>Anashid/qasida</i> and recite poems on a <i>Masjid</i> Learners to complete masjid puzzles Sometimes uses 	 What is a <i>Masjid</i>? Why do we go to the <i>Masjid</i>? What do you find in a <i>Masjid</i>?
Core competence to be	e developed: Creativ	vity and imagination		·
Link to PCIs: Life skil interpersonal relationsh Parental empowerment	iip,	<u> </u>	Link to Values: Respect, Responsib	ility
Link to other Activity Areas: Psychomotor and creative activities			Suggested community service learn Qur'an/ books in the <i>Masjid</i>	
Masjid puzzles		learning: Compete in arranging	Suggested assessment: Oral question	
Suggested Learning R	Resources: flash card	s, pictures, paint, crayons, digital	materials, charts, play dough/clay, boxes,	materials for mosaic,

Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Identifies and names the <i>Masjid</i> in their environment	Identifies the <i>Masjid</i> in their environment	Sometimes identifies the <i>Masjid</i> in their environment	Rarely identifies <i>Masjid</i> in their environment
Clearly and logically expresses their experiences in the <i>Masjid</i>	Clearly expresses their experiences in the <i>Masjid</i>	Expresses their experiences in the <i>Masjid</i>	Attempts to express their experiences in the <i>Masjid</i>
Regularly goes to the <i>Masjid</i> for prayers	Often goes to the <i>Masjid</i> for prayers	Rarely goes to the <i>Masjid</i> for prayers	Hardly goes to the <i>Masjid</i> for prayers

Strand	Sub strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry questions
5.0 ISLAMIC FESTIVALS	5.1 <i>Eid</i> Celebrations (Suggested time – 2 lessons)	 By the end of the sub strand the learner should be able to: a) identify <i>Eid</i> as an Islamic festival b) appreciate the importance of <i>Eid</i> activities by participating in the celebrations c) show happiness and joy during <i>Eid</i> by exchanging gifts 	 Learners sing simple songs/<i>Anashid</i> on <i>Eid</i> sourced from audio recording, resource person, video recording on digital devices i.e. laptop, computer etc Learners watch <i>Eid</i> celebrations on audio-visual aids e.g. smart phone, smart board etc and/or discuss <i>Eid</i> activities in pairs or small groups. Learners colour pictures on <i>Eid</i> greeting cards and exchange different gifts. Learner's news tells on <i>Eid</i> Activities. 	 What is <i>Eid</i>? How do we celebrate <i>Eid</i>? How did you celebrate <i>Eid</i>?

Link to PCIs: Life skills, Skills of knowing and living with others: Effective communication: responding to simple instructions, Citizenship, Understanding integrity, sharing, Parental empowerment and engagement: Guidance	Link to Values; Love, Responsibility, Peace, Unity			
Link to other activity areas: Environmental Activities	Suggested Community Service Learning: sharing gifts during <i>Eid</i> with family members.			
Suggested non-formal activity to support learning: Children to be encouraged to share food and gifts with their friends at school.	Suggested Assessment: Observation, oral questions			
Suggested Learning Resources: Pictures, audio-visual aids, charts, manila papers, crayons, flowers, boxes				

Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Clearly and systematically expresses <i>Eid</i> experiences	Clearly expresses <i>Eid</i> experiences	Expresses Eid experiences	Rarely expresses <i>Eid</i> experiences
Willing and ready to share	Willing to share	Hesitant to share	Not willing to share

HINDU RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

Religious Activity - Hindu Religious Education

Essence Statement

Hindu Religious Education (HRE) offers an opportunity to learn the Hindu religion and its aspects. Hindu Religion is a way of life and its teaching starts in early childhood.

HRE in the schools is a continuation of the knowledge acquired at home in early childhood. HRE is an integration of four faiths: Hinduism, Sikhism, Buddhism and Jainism.

The teaching of HRE in **PP1** level aims at nurturing faith in Paramatma and recognising self-awareness and understanding social obligations and responsibility to the immediate environment. HRE thus, enables learners to enjoy learning and living through play. It provides an opportunity to instil in children good social habits and moral values for effective living as righteous individuals and useful members of the community, Nation and as responsible global citizens. The HRE curriculum, therefore, provides avenues for holistic physical mental, emotional and spiritual growth for learners. It enables them to develop personal beliefs while appreciating the beliefs of others. HRE also covers pertinent and contemporary issues in society such as children's rights, life skills and community service.

The learners acquire requisite competencies such as Communication and Collaboration, Imagination and Creativity, Digital Literacy, Critical Thinking and Problem solving, Learning to Learn and Self-efficacy.

General Learning Outcomes:

By the end of Early Years Education, the learner should be able to:

- a) appreciate and thank Paramatma for His Creation in relation to our existence
- b) develop faith in Paramatma's Love and provision to enhance self-efficacy
- c) demonstrate the Omnipresence of Paramatma through prayer, saying and singing bhajans/stavans/shabad/mantras for their spiritual growth
- d) demonstrate the understanding that all Scriptures are Holy and that one should handle them carefully and with respect
- e) demonstrate their awareness of festivals and participating in them to enhance cohesion and co-existence
- f) perform simple rhythmic Yoga exercises to become healthy Citizens
- g) acquire a sound foundation to develop into an ideal, ethical and moral human being.

Strand	Sub strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)
Link to PCIs: Life Self-awareness, Per Skills of knowi (with parents ar name)	 (4 lessons) the learner should be able to: a) recognize self, parents and siblings by names in order to enhance self-identity b) identify plants and flowers in their immediate Environment as part of Paramatma's creation c) appreciate Paramatma's creation c) appreciate Paramatma's creation c) appreciate Paramatma's creation c) section through watering plants for continuity of life. Core Competences to be developed: Communication and Collaboration, Link to PCIs: Life Skills: - Skills of knowing and living with oneself - Self-awareness, Personal identity Skills of knowing and living with others-Interpersonal relationships (with parents and Creator), Effective Communication (meanings of 		 The learner be given practice to introduce his/her name and Gender. The learner be guided to mention the names of the members of their family. The learner be guided on how to care for their immediate environmentE.g. Plants and Flowers) 	 What is your name? Are you a boy or girl? What are the names of your mother and father? Do you have plants and flowers in your surrounding? How do you take care of your plants?
Awareness-Caring	of plants	nt(ESD)-Environmental		
		nt: Telling stories and singing ng immediate family members as		
Links to other learning activity areas: Environmental Studies – Self-identity and awareness of Plants & flowers Language Activities –Names and other vocabulary		Suggested Community Service Learning activities: Learner be taken to the place of worship and to water the plants in the ground as a part of caring for Paramatma's creation.		
Suggested non-formal activity to support learning: The learner could be encouraged to visit places of worship accompanied by their parents to strengthen the knowledge. They will be encouraged to look after the plants in the school/home garden			Suggested assessment: Oral question	
Suggested Learnin	g Resources Picto	rial books, Audio-visual aids, Resou	rce person, cut out pictures	

Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectations
Confidently states the names of all family members, extended family and is aware of his/her gender.	The learner can correctly state the names of siblings as well as parents and their names.	Occasionally states the correct names of siblings as well as those of the parents	The learner always makes mistakes in stating the correct names of siblings as well as parents.
Identifies and fairly mentions the names of flowers of immediate environment and demonstrates ability to take care of them	Correctly mentions names of few flowers in the immediate environment and waters them regularly.	The learner is aware of the immediate environment can name few of the flowers and waters them sometimes.	Hardly able to name the flowers in the immediate environment and shows no interest to water them.

Strand	Sub strand	Specific learning	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)
		outcomes		
2.0 Worship	2.1 Places of Worship (4 lessons)	 By the end of the Sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) acknowledge the places of worship as sacred. b) demonstrate appropriate behaviour in a place of worship. c) appreciate a place of worship as holy. 	 Learner is guided in groups to observe Mandir, Derasar, Gurudwara and Stupa displayed on charts/pictures/video. The learner be encouraged to visit different places of worship Learner be guided by the teacher to differentiate the places of worship of the four faiths. 	 Where do we go to pray? Who do you go with? What do you see there?
	2.2 Basic postures for worship (3 lessons)	 a) demonstrate basic postures for daily worship b) appreciate the places of worship. 	 The learner be shown the correct way of standing/sitting/joining palms in worship by the teacher The learner be taught about the benefits of correct postures for worship as well as for good health. 	2.What is the appropriate posture for worship in the Temple?

Core Competences to be developed: Communication and Collaboration, Digital literacy, Learning to Learn, Self-Efficacy			
Link to PCIs: Life Skills-1. Skills of knowing and living with oneself -	Link to Values:		
Self-awareness – self-efficacy Self-esteem.	Respect, Love, Responsibility, Unity, Peace.		
Skills of knowing and living with others- Effective Communication-			
Listening attentively			
Parental empowerment and engagement: Guidance.			
Links to other learning activity areas:	Suggested Community Service Learning activities:		
Psychomotor: Poses for worship			
Mathematical Activity: counting number of Jaaps on Mala			
Language activity: Learning new words			
Suggested non-formal activity to support learning: The learner be	Suggested assessment: Oral questions, portfolio, observation		
given opportunity to practice the Jaap and chanting during morning			
prayer session at the school, home and at place of worship.			
Suggested Learning Resources Resource person, Pictorial books, Audio-visual aids,			

Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Consistently and correctly- identifies and performs the correct pose during worship - Demonstrate the appropriate pose at his/her place of worship. Also inspires peers for the correct pose at different places of worship of all faiths.	The learner can correctly identifies the correct pose during worship. - pose appropriately for worship - demonstrate the appropriate pose for their place of worship.	The learner can at times - identifies the correct pose during worship - pose appropriately for worship demonstrate the appropriate pose for their place of worship.	The learner can rarely identify the correct pose during worship - pose appropriately for worship.

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(S)
1.0 Manifestations	3.1 The Enlightened Beings (5 lessons)	 By the end of the Sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) name the Enlightened Beings as per the four faiths b) recognize pictures and images of the Enlightened Beings to associate themselves with the Enlightened Beings as per their faith. c) c. appreciate the Enlightened Beings for divine knowledge. 	 The learner be shown the pictures/images/murtis/animat ed stories, of Shri Ram, Shri Krishna, Guru Nanak Dev Ji, Lord Buddha and Lord Mahavir from all the four faiths. The learner be guided to pick the pictures/images of Enlightened Beings from other pictures as a group activity. The learner be taught songs/stories about Paramatma and the Enlightened Beings The learner be encouraged to tell a short story of the Enlightened Beings listed above. 	 Whom do you see in the picture? Name any two Enlightened Beings.
_	-		ativity and Imagination, Digital Litera	•
	ation, Interpersonal relation	ving and living with others, - ionships-responding to simple	Link to Values: Respect, Love, Un	iity, Peace.
 Links to other learning activity areas:1. Mathematical Activity: counting, sorting and matching 2. Language activity: Picture reading, Story telling 3. Movement and Creative Activities – Picture/image recognition, singing songs. 		Suggested Community Service Le	earning activities:	
Suggested non-form	al activity to support le	a rning: hildren about Paramatma and	Suggested assessment: Oral questi	ons, portfolio, observation

the Enlightened Beings	
Suggested Learning Resources Resource person, Pictures and flash cards, aud	io visual media

Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
The learner confidently recognises and identifies the images of Enlightened Beings of their Hindu faiths.	The learner can identify images of Enlightened Beings with correct names as per different faiths. (Require at least three out of four	The learner is inconsistent in recognizing the images of Enlightened Beings with their respective names. (Between one	The learner is unable to relate the image with correct name of Enlightened Beings to any of the four faiths.
	faiths)	and two faiths)	

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(S)
4.0 Scriptures	4.1 Names of Scriptures (4 lessons)	By the end of the Sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) name scriptures to promote religious identity and unity b) recognise scriptures from the four faiths for awareness of his/her faith c) appreciate the scriptures as sacred.	 Through displayed images learner could be familiarised with Ramayan, Sri Guru Granth Sahib Ji, Kalpasutra and Dhammapada Scriptures. Learner to be engaged in answering questions on the images of the scriptures displayed. The learner be encouraged to participate in colouring activities. 	 Name the Scriptures you have seen at home. Where is the Scripture kept in your house? Who reads this Scripture in your house?
-	skills: 2. Skills of knowing and		Link to Values: Respect, Love, Pe	eace, Unity, Responsibility.
Effective communic				
	Education-Integrity-Social cohe			
	ent and engagement: Guidance ning activity areas:		Suggested Community Service L	

Mathematics by knowing the number of scriptures		
Hygiene in handling the scriptures		
Suggested non-formal activity to support learning: To have a class project	Suggested assessment: Oral questions, portfolio, observation	
that portrays all the scriptures on one display by pasting pictures		
Suggested Learning Resources Resource person, Pictorial books, Flash cards, digital images		

Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Confidently and correctly mention	Confidently and correctly	Correctly mention the names of	Sometimes mention the names of
the names of Scriptures always	mention the names of Scriptures	Scriptures at times	Scriptures correctly

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(S)
1.0 Yoga	5.1 Simple postures (4 lessons)	 By the end of the Sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) name the body parts used for postures in the practice of yoga b) demonstrate simple yoga for physical wellbeing c) c. appreciate the importance of yoga for better health. 	 Learner be shown charts/pictures/flash cards/videos displaying postures emphasising specific parts of body used in performing Rhythmic exercises in Yoga. Learner be guided correctly in the practice of simple postures as a group activity 	 How does yoga help us? What parts of the body are used in the practice of yoga? 3. Why do you like Yoga?
Core Competence	es to be developed: D	igital literacy, Learning to Learn		
Link to PCIs: Life Skills: 1. Skills of knowing and living with oneself - Self-awareness-parts of the body, coping with emotions Skills of knowing and living with others- Effective Communication Parental empowerment and engagement: Guidance and coaching.		Link to Values: Responsibility, Inte	grity, Peace, Unity.	
Links to other learning activity areas: Movement and Psychomotor activities		Suggested Community Service Lea encouraged to participate in the Yog	8	

Language activity: learning new vocabulary in Yoga.		
Suggested non-formal activity to support learning: With parental	Suggested assessment: Oral questions, portfolio, observation	
engagement learner to make a collage, using pictures of simple Yoga		
postures from old magazines.		
Invite a yoga master to demonstrate simple correct yoga postures.		
Suggested Learning Resources Resource person, Pictorial books, Audio visual aids		

Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Consistently and correctly knows the body parts involved in for specific postures. Articulate body parts and demonstrates correctly the postures and practice religiously.	Correctly knows the body parts involved in for specific postures. Articulates and demonstrates correctly the postures.	The learner can at times correctly state the body parts involved in a posture and demonstrates the correct posture.	The learner can rarely recognize the body parts involved in the postures or demonstrates the correct posture.
Correctly and consistently demonstrates simple yoga for physical fitness and spiritual growth. Display confidence in daily actions. Appreciate the importance of the practice of yoga	The learner can correctly and consistently demonstrate simple yoga for physical fitness and spiritual growth. Display confidence in daily actions.	The learner is aware of the correct postures for physical fitness and spiritual growth. At times displays confidence in daily actions.	The learner rarely demonstrates correct Yoga postures for physical fitness and spiritual growth and lacks confidence in daily actions.

Strand	Sub strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)
6.0 Sadachar	6.1 General Etiquette (3 Lessons)	 By the end of the Sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) mention different ways of greetings used at places of worship and for social interaction b) demonstrate appropriate 	• Learner be guided/using digital media/charts/pictures on the different forms of greetings at Places of Worship for different ages.	 How do you greet your parents/guardians/elders/frie nds? How do you greet the priest at the place of worship?

	greetings to show respect for different agesc) appreciate the importance or greetings for love and respect to all.	of pairs or groups.				
Core Competences to be developed: Communication and collaboration, Citizenship, Self-efficacy						
Link to PCIs: Life Skills- Skills of knowing and living with others-		Link to Values: Respect, Love, Responsibility, Peace, Social				
Effective Communication-Listening attentively, Interpersonal relationship,		justice.				
Parental engagement and empowerment: Gu	idance, counselling					
Links to other learning activity areas:		Suggested Community Service Learning activities: Visit to an				
Psychosocial activity: greetings		old age home or children's home to spend time, to entertain and				
Language: greetings		distribute food during festivals and give alms				
Hygiene: No contact through hands or any part of the face by covering the						
mouth with a piece of cloth.						
Suggested non-formal activity to support learning: Teacher could plan a		Suggested assessment: Oral questions, portfolio, observation				
short enactment to depict greetings for differ						
Suggested Learning Resources Resource Person, Audio Visual, Posters						

Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Confidently and consistently practice different forms and ways of greetings used at places of worship, for different ages using appropriate words in addition to his own faith.	Confidently and consistently practice different forms and ways of greetings used at places of worship, for different ages using appropriate words.	At times practice different forms and ways of greetings used at places of worship, for different ages using appropriate words.	Sometimes practices different forms and ways of greetings used at places of worship, for different ages using appropriate words.
Always confident to respond and greet people from different backgrounds with respect to promote social cohesion in the immediate environment.	Correctly responds and greet people from different backgrounds with respect to promote social cohesion.	Fairly responds and greet people from different backgrounds with respect at times to promote social cohesion.	Hardly responds and greet people from different backgrounds with respect.

CURRICULUM DESIGNS

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